Top 50 Highly Cited Papers (defined as top 1% by citations for field and year of publication) ranked by Times Cited for subject of COVID-19 with ARIZONA Author Affiliations

From Clarivate's Web of Science database

Search string used was:

TS=("Wuhan coronavirus" OR "COVID19*" OR "COVID-19*" OR "COVID-2019*" OR "coronavirus disease 2019" OR "SARS-CoV-2" OR "2019-nCoV" OR "2019 novel coronavirus" OR "severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2" OR "2019 novel coronavirus infection" OR "coronavirus disease 2019" OR "coronavirus disease-19" OR "SARS-CoV-2019" OR "SARS-CoV-19")

And publication over last five years.

Record 1 of 50

Title: REGN-COV2, a Neutralizing Antibody Cocktail, in Outpatients with Covid-19

Author(s): Weinreich, DM (Weinreich, D. M.); Sivapalasingam, S (Sivapalasingam, S.); Norton, T (Norton, T.); Ali, S (Ali, S.); Gao, H (Gao, H.); Bhore, R (Bhore, R.); Musser, BJ (Musser, B. J.); Soo, Y (Soo, Y.); Rofail, D (Rofail, D.); Im, J (Im, J.); Perry, C (Perry, C.); Pan, C (Pan, C.); Hosain, R (Hosain, R.); Mahmood, A (Mahmood, A.); Davis, JD (Davis, J. D.); Turner, KC (Turner, K. C.); Hooper, AT (Hooper, A. T.); Hamilton, JD (Hamilton, J. D.); Baum, A (Baum, A.); Kyratsous, CA (Kyratsous, C. A.); Kim, Y (Kim, Y.); Cook, A (Cook, A.); Kampman, W (Kampman, W.); Kohli, A (Kohli, A.); Sachdeva, Y (Sachdeva, Y.); Graber, X (Graber, X.); Kowal, B (Kowal, B.); DiCioccio, T (DiCioccio, T.); Stahl, N (Stahl, N.); Lipsich, L (Lipsich, L.); Braunstein, N (Braunstein, N.); Herman, G (Herman, G.); Yancopoulos, GD (Yancopoulos, G. D.)

Group Author(s): Trial Investigators

Source: NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL OF MEDICINE Volume: 384 Issue: 3 Pages: 238-251 DOI: 10.1056/NEJMoa2035002 Published: JAN 21 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 742

Total Times Cited: 753

Abstract: BACKGROUND

Recent data suggest that complications and death from coronavirus disease 2019 (Covid-19) may be related to high viral loads.

METHODS

In this ongoing, double-blind, phase 1-3 trial involving nonhospitalized patients with Covid-19, we investigated two fully human, neutralizing monoclonal antibodies against severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) spike protein, used in a combined cocktail (REGN-COV2) to reduce the risk of the emergence of treatmentresistant mutant virus. Patients were randomly assigned (1:1:1) to receive placebo, 2.4 g of REGN-COV2, or 8.0 g of REGN-COV2 and were prospectively characterized at baseline for endogenous immune response against SARS-CoV-2 (serum antibody-positive or serum antibody-negative). Key end points included the time-weighted average change in viral load from baseline (day 1) through day 7 and the percentage of patients with at least one Covid-19-related medically attended visit through day 29. Safety was assessed in all patients.

RESULTS

Data from 275 patients are reported. The least-squares mean difference (combined REGN-COV2 dose groups vs. placebo group) in the time-weighted average change in viral load from day 1 through day 7 was -0.56 log(10), copies per milliliter (95% confidence interval (Cl), -1.02 to -0.11) among patients who were serum antibody-negative at baseline and -0.41 log(10), copies per milliliter (95% Cl, -0.71 to -0.10) in the overall trial population. In the overall trial population, 6% of the patients in the placebo group and 3% of the patients in the combined REGN-COV2 dose groups reported at least one medically attended visit; among patients who were serum antibody-negative at baseline, the corresponding percentages were 15% and 6% (difference, -9 percentage points; 95% Cl, -29 to 11). The percentages of patients with hypersensitivity reactions, infusion-related reactions, and other adverse events were similar in the combined REGN-COV2 dose groups and the placebo group.

CONCLUSIONS

In this interim analysis, the REGN-COV2 antibody cocktail reduced viral load, with a greater effect in patients whose immune response had not yet been initiated or who had a high viral load at baseline. Safety outcomes were similar in the combined REGN-COV2 dose groups and the placebo group.

Accession Number: WOS:000613533100009

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Weinreich, D. M.; Sivapalasingam, S.; Norton, T.; Ali, S.; Gao, H.; Bhore, R.; Musser, B. J.; Soo, Y.; Rofail, D.; Im, J.; Perry, C.; Pan, C.; Hosain, R.; Mahmood, A.; Davis, J. D.; Turner, K. C.; Hooper, A. T.; Hamilton, J. D.; Baum, A.; Kyratsous, C. A.; Kim, Y.; Cook, A.; Kampman, W.; Kowal, B.; DiCioccio, T.; Stahl, N.; Lipsich, L.; Braunstein, N.; Herman, G.; Yancopoulos, G. D.] Regeneron Pharmaceut, 777 Old Saw Mill River Rd, Tarrytown, NY 10591 USA.

[Kohli, A.] Arizona Liver Hlth, Tucson, AZ USA. [Sachdeva, Y.] Arizona Liver Hlth, Chandler, AZ USA. [Graber, X.] AGA Clin Trials, Hialeah, FL USA.

Corresponding Address: Weinreich, DM (corresponding author), Regeneron Pharmaceut, 777 Old Saw Mill River Rd, Tarrytown, NY 10591 USA.

E-mail Addresses: david.weinreich@regeneron.com

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: Y

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 2 of 50

Title: Stress and parenting during the global COVID-19 pandemic

Author(s): Brown, SM (Brown, Samantha M.); Doom, JR (Doom, Jenalee R.); Lechuga-Pena, S (Lechuga-Pena, Stephanie); Watamura, SE (Watamura, Sarah Enos); Koppels, T (Koppels, Tiffany)

Source: CHILD ABUSE & NEGLECT Volume: 110 Special Issue: SI Article Number: 104699 DOI: 10.1016/j.chiabu.2020.104699 Part: 2 Published: DEC 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 566

Total Times Cited: 573

Abstract: Background: Stress and compromised parenting often place children at risk of abuse and neglect. Child maltreatment has generally been viewed as a highly individualistic problem by focusing on stressors and parenting behaviors that impact individual families. However, because of the global coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), families across the world are experiencing a new range of stressors that threaten their health, safety, and economic well-being.

Objective: This study examined the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic in relation to parental perceived stress and child abuse potential.

Participants and Setting: Participants included parents (N = 183) with a child under the age of 18 years in the western United States.

Method: Tests of group differences and hierarchical multiple regression analyses were employed to assess the relationships among demographic characteristics, COVID-19 risk factors, mental health risk factors, protective factors, parental perceived stress, and child abuse potential.

Results: Greater COVID-19 related stressors and high anxiety and depressive symptoms are associated with higher parental perceived stress. Receipt of financial assistance and high anxiety and depressive symptoms are associated with higher child abuse potential. Conversely, greater parental support and perceived control during the pandemic are associated with lower perceived stress and child abuse potential. Results also indicate racial and ethnic differences in COVID-19 related stressors, but not in mental health risk, protective factors, perceived stress, or child abuse potential.

Conclusion: Findings suggest that although families experience elevated stressors from COVID-19, providing parental support and increasing perceived control may be promising intervention targets.

Accession Number: WOS:000600720500009

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Brown, Samantha M.; Koppels, Tiffany] Colorado State Univ, Sch Social Work, 1586 Campus Delivery, Ft Collins, CO 80523 USA.

[Doom, Jenalee R.; Watamura, Sarah Enos] Univ Denver, Dept Psychol, 2155 S Race St, Denver, CO 80210 USA.

[Lechuga-Pena, Stephanie] Arizona State Univ, Sch Social Work, 4701 W Thunderbird Rd, Glendale, AZ 85306 USA.

Corresponding Address: Brown, SM (corresponding author), Colorado State Univ, Sch Social Work, 1586 Campus Delivery, Ft Collins, CO 80523 USA.

E-mail Addresses: Samantha.Brown@colostate.edu; Jena.Doom@du.edu; Stephanie.L.Pena@asu.edu; Sarah.Watamura@du.edu; Tiffany.Koppels@colostate.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 3 of 50

Title: Coronavirus disease (COVID-19): The need to maintain regular physical activity while taking precautions

Author(s): Chen, PJ (Chen, Peijie); Mao, LJ (Mao, Lijuan); Nassis, GP (Nassis, George P.);

Harmer, P (Harmer, Peter); Ainsworth, BE (Ainsworth, Barbara E.); Li, FZ (Li, Fuzhong)

Source: JOURNAL OF SPORT AND HEALTH SCIENCE Volume: 9 Issue: 2 Pages: 103-104 DOI: 10.1016/j.jshs.2020.02.001 Published: MAR 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 547

Total Times Cited: 562

Accession Number: WOS:000514839200001

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Chen, Peijie; Mao, Lijuan; Nassis, George P.; Ainsworth, Barbara E.] Shanghai Univ Sport, Shanghai 200438, Peoples R China.

[Mao, Lijuan] Shanghai Municipal Educ Commiss, Shanghai 200003, Peoples R China. [Nassis, George P.] Univ Southern Denmark, Dept Sports Sci & Clin Biomech, DK-5230 Odense, Denmark.

[Harmer, Peter] Willamette Univ, Dept Exercise & Hlth Sci, Salem, OR 97301 USA. [Ainsworth, Barbara E.] Arizona State Univ, Sch Nutr & Hlth Promot, Phoenix, AZ 85004 USA.

[Li, Fuzhong] Oregon Res Inst, Eugene, OR 97403 USA.

Corresponding Address: Chen, PJ (corresponding author), Shanghai Univ Sport, Shanghai 200438, Peoples R China.

E-mail Addresses: chenpeijie@sus.edu.cn

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 4 of 50

Title: Boceprevir, GC-376, and calpain inhibitors II, XII inhibit SARS-CoV-2 viral replication by targeting the viral main protease

Author(s): Ma, CL (Ma, Chunlong); Sacco, MD (Sacco, Michael Dominic); Hurst, B (Hurst, Brett); Townsend, JA (Townsend, Julia Alma); Hu, YM (Hu, Yanmei); Szeto, T (Szeto, Tommy); Zhang, XJ (Zhang, Xiujun); Tarbet, B (Tarbet, Bart); Marty, MT (Marty, Michael Thomas); Chen, Y (Chen, Yu); Wang, J (Wang, Jun)

Source: CELL RESEARCH Volume: 30 Issue: 8 Pages: 678-692 DOI: 10.1038/s41422-020-0356-z Early Access Date: JUN 2020 Published: AUG 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 413

Total Times Cited: 422

Abstract: A new coronavirus SARS-CoV-2, also called novel coronavirus 2019 (2019nCoV), started to circulate among humans around December 2019, and it is now widespread as a global pandemic. The disease caused by SARS-CoV-2 virus is called COVID-19, which is highly contagious and has an overall mortality rate of 6.35% as of May 26, 2020. There is no vaccine or antiviral available for SARS-CoV-2. In this study, we report our discovery of inhibitors targeting the SARS-CoV-2 main protease (M-pro). Using the FRET-based enzymatic assay, several inhibitors including boceprevir, GC-376, and calpain inhibitors II, and XII were identified to have potent activity with single-digit to submicromolar IC(50)values in the enzymatic assay. The mechanism of action of the hits was further characterized using enzyme kinetic studies, thermal shift binding assays, and native mass spectrometry. Significantly, four compounds (boceprevir, GC-376, calpain inhibitors II and XII) inhibit SARS-CoV-2 viral replication in cell culture with EC(50)values ranging from 0.49 to 3.37 mu M. Notably, boceprevir, calpain inhibitors II and XII represent novel chemotypes that are distinct from known substrate-based peptidomimetic M(pro)inhibitors. A complex crystal structure of SARS-CoV-2 M(pro)with GC-376, determined at 2.15 angstrom resolution with three protomers per asymmetric unit, revealed two unique binding configurations, shedding light on the molecular interactions and protein conformational flexibility underlying substrate and inhibitor binding by M-pro. Overall, the compounds identified herein provide promising starting points for the further development of SARS-CoV-2 therapeutics.

Accession Number: WOS:000540389900001

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Ma, Chunlong; Hu, Yanmei; Szeto, Tommy; Wang, Jun] Univ Arizona, Coll Pharm, Dept Pharmacol & Toxicol, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA.

[Sacco, Michael Dominic; Zhang, Xiujun; Chen, Yu] Univ S Florida, Dept Mol Med, Morsani Coll Med, Tampa, FL 33612 USA.

[Hurst, Brett; Tarbet, Bart] Utah State Univ, Inst Antiviral Res, Logan, UT 84322 USA. [Hurst, Brett; Tarbet, Bart] Utah State Univ, Dept Anim Dairy & Vet Sci, Logan, UT 84322 USA.

[Townsend, Julia Alma; Marty, Michael Thomas] Univ Arizona, Dept Chem & Biochem, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA.

Corresponding Address: Wang, J (corresponding author), Univ Arizona, Coll Pharm, Dept Pharmacol & Toxicol, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA.

Chen, Y (corresponding author), Univ S Florida, Dept Mol Med, Morsani Coll Med, Tampa, FL 33612 USA.

E-mail Addresses: ychen1@usf.edu; junwang@pharmacy.arizona.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 5 of 50

Title: Interim Estimates of Vaccine Effectiveness of BNT162b2 and mRNA-1273 COVID-19 Vaccines in Preventing SARS-CoV-2 Infection Among Health Care Personnel, First Responders, and Other Essential and Frontline Workers - Eight US Locations, December 2020-March 2021

Author(s): Thompson, MG (Thompson, Mark G.); Burgess, JL (Burgess, Jefferey L.); Naleway, AL (Naleway, Allison L.); Tyner, HL (Tyner, Harmony L.); Yoon, SK (Yoon, Sarang K.); Meece, J (Meece, Jennifer); Olsho, LEW (Olsho, Lauren E. W.); Caban-Martinez, AJ (Caban-Martinez, Alberto J.); Fowlkes, A (Fowlkes, Ashley); Lutrick, K (Lutrick, Karen); Kuntz, JL (Kuntz, Jennifer L.); Dunnigan, K (Dunnigan, Kayan); Odean, MJ (Odean, Marilyn J.); Hegmann, KT (Hegmann, Kurt T.); Stefanski, E (Stefanski, Elisha); Edwards, LJ (Edwards, Laura J.); Schaefer-Solle, N (Schaefer-Solle, Natasha); Grant, L (Grant, Lauren); Ellingson, K (Ellingson, Katherine); Groom, HC (Groom, Holly C.); Zunie, T (Zunie, Tnelda); Thiese, MS (Thiese, Matthew S.); Ivacic, L (Ivacic, Lynn); Wesley, MG (Wesley, Meredith G.); Lamberte, JM (Lamberte, Julie Mayo); Sun, XX (Sun, Xiaoxiao); Smith, ME (Smith, Michael E.); Phillips, AL (Phillips, Andrew L.); Groover, KD (Groover, Kimberly D.); Yoo, YM (Yoo, Young M.); Gerald, J (Gerald, Joe); Brown, RT (Brown, Rachel T.); Herring, MK (Herring, Meghan K.); Joseph, G (Joseph, Gregory); Beitel, S (Beitel, Shawn); Morrill, TC (Morrill, Tyler C.); Mak, J (Mak, Josephine); Rivers, P (Rivers, Patrick); Harris, KM (Harris, Katherine M.); Hunt, DR (Hunt, Danielle R.); Arvay, ML (Arvay, Melissa L.); Kutty, P (Kutty, Preeta); Fry, AM (Fry, Alicia M.); Gaglani, M (Gaglani, Manjusha)

Source: MMWR-MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY WEEKLY REPORT Volume: 70 Issue: 13 Pages: 495-500 DOI: 10.15585/mmwr.mm7013e3 P ublished: APR 2 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 406

Total Times Cited: 415

Accession Number: WOS:000636784900007

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Thompson, Mark G.; Fowlkes, Ashley; Grant, Lauren; Lamberte, Julie Mayo; Yoo, Young M.; Joseph, Gregory; Mak, Josephine; Arvay, Melissa L.; Kutty, Preeta; Fry, Alicia M.] CDC COVID 19 Response Team, Atlanta, GA 30329 USA.

[Burgess, Jefferey L.; Lutrick, Karen; Ellingson, Katherine; Sun, Xiaoxiao; Gerald, Joe; Beitel, Shawn; Rivers, Patrick] Univ Arizona, Mel & Enid Zuckerman Coll Publ Hlth, Portland, AZ USA.

[Naleway, Allison L.; Kuntz, Jennifer L.; Groom, Holly C.] Kaiser Permanence Northwest Ctr HIth Res, Portland, OR USA.

[Tyner, Harmony L.] St Lukes, Duluth, MN USA.

[Yoon, Sarang K.; Hegmann, Kurt T.; Thiese, Matthew S.; Phillips, Andrew L.; Brown, Rachel T.] Univ Utah, Salt Lake City, UT USA.

[Meece, Jennifer; Stefanski, Elisha; Ivacic, Lynn] Marshfield Clin Res Lab, Marshfield, WI USA.

[Olsho, Lauren E. W.; Edwards, Laura J.; Wesley, Meredith G.; Groover, Kimberly D.; Herring, Meghan K.; Morrill, Tyler C.; Harris, Katherine M.; Hunt, Danielle R.] ABT Associates Inc, Atlanta, GA USA.

[Caban-Martinez, Alberto J.; Schaefer-Solle, Natasha] Univ Miami, Leonard M Miller Sch Med, Coral Gables, FL USA.

[Dunnigan, Kayan; Zunie, Tnelda; Smith, Michael E.; Gaglani, Manjusha] Baylor Scott & White Hlth, Temple, TX USA.

[Odean, Marilyn J.] St Lukes, Whiteside Inst Clin Res, Duluth, MN USA.

[Gaglani, Manjusha] Texas A&M Univ, Coll Med, College Stn, TX 77843 USA.

Corresponding Address: Thompson, MG (corresponding author), CDC COVID 19 Response Team, Atlanta, GA 30329 USA.

E-mail Addresses: isq8@cdc.gov

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 6 of 50

Title: SARS-CoV-2 in wastewater: State of the knowledge and research needs

Author(s): Kitajima, M (Kitajima, Masaaki); Ahmed, W (Ahmed, Warish); Bibby, K (Bibby, Kyle); Carducci, A (Carducci, Annalaura); Gerba, CP (Gerba, Charles P.); Hamilton, KA (Hamilton, Kerry A.); Haramoto, E (Haramoto, Eiji); Rose, JB (Rose, Joan B.)

Source: SCIENCE OF THE TOTAL ENVIRONMENT Volume: 739 Article Number: 139076 DOI: 10.1016/j.scitotenv.2020.139076 Published: OCT 15 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 380

Total Times Cited: 388

Abstract: The ongoing global pandemic of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) caused by severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) has been a Public Health Emergency of International Concern, which was officially declared by the World Health Organization. SARS-CoV-2 is a member of the family Coronaviridae that consists of a group of enveloped viruses with single-stranded RNA genome, which cause diseases ranging from common colds to acute respiratory distress syndrome. Although the major transmission routes of SARS-CoV-2 arc inhalation of aerosol/droplet and person-to-person contact, currently available evidence indicates that the viral RNA is present in wastewater, suggesting the need to better understand wastewater as potential sources of epidemiological data and human health risks. Here, we review the current knowledge related to the potential of wastewater surveillance to understand the epidemiology of COVID-19, methodologies for the detection and guantification of SARS-CoV-2 in wastewater, and information relevant for human health risk assessment of SARS-CoV-2. There has been growing evidence of gastrointestinal symptoms caused by SARS-CoV-2 infections and the presence of viral RNA not only in feces of infected individuals but also in wastewater. One of the major challenges in SARS-CoV-2 detection/guantification in wastewater samples is the lack of an optimized and standardized protocol. Currently available data are also limited for conducting a quantitative microbial risk assessment (QMRA) for SARS-CoV-2 exposure pathways. However, modeling-based approaches have a potential role to play in reducing the impact of the ongoing COVID-19 outbreak. Furthermore, OMRA parameters obtained from previous studies on relevant respiratory viruses help to inform risk assessments of SARS-CoV-2. Our understanding on the potential role of wastewater in SARS-CoV-2 transmission is largely limited by knowledge gaps in its occurrence, persistence, and removal in wastewater. There is an urgent need for further research to establish methodologies for wastewater surveillance and understand the implications of the presence of SARS-CoV-2 in wastewater. (C) 2020 The Author(s). Published by Elsevier B.V.

Accession Number: WOS:000561797500019

Document Type: Review

Addresses: [Kitajima, Masaaki] Hokkaido Univ, Fac Engn, Div Environm Engn, Kita Ku, North 13 West 8, Sapporo, Hokkaido 0608628, Japan.

[Ahmed, Warish] CSIRO Land & Water, Ecosci Precinct, 41 Boggo Rd, Dutton Pk, Qld 4102, Australia.

[Bibby, Kyle] Univ Notre Dame, Civil & Environm Engn & Earth Sci, 156 Fitzpatrick Hall, Notre Dame, IN 46556 USA.

[Carducci, Annalaura] Univ Pisa, Dept Biol, Via S Zeno 35-39, I-56123 Pisa, Italy. <mark>[Gerba, Charles P.] Univ Arizona, Dept Environm Sci, 2959 W Calle Agua Nueva, Tucson,</mark> <mark>AZ 85745 USA.</mark>

[Gerba, Charles P.] Univ Arizona, Water & Energy Sustainable Technol WEST Ctr, 2959 W

Calle Agua Nueva, Tucson, AZ 85745 USA.

[Hamilton, Kerry A.] Arizona State Univ, Sch Sustainable Engn & Built Environm, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA.

[Hamilton, Kerry A.] Arizona State Univ, Ctr Environm Hlth Engn, Biodesign Inst, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA.

[Haramoto, Eiji] Univ Yamanashi, Interdisciplinary Ctr River Basin Environm, 4-3-11 Takeda, Kofu, Yamanashi 4008511, Japan.

[Rose, Joan B.] Michigan State Univ, Dept Fisheries & Wildlife, 480 Wilson Rd, E Lansing, MI 48824 USA.

Corresponding Address: Kitajima, M (corresponding author), Hokkaido Univ, Fac Engn, Div Environm Engn, Kita Ku, North 13 West 8, Sapporo, Hokkaido 0608628, Japan.

E-mail Addresses: mkitajima@eng.hokudai.ac.jp

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 7 of 50

Title: The Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices' Interim Recommendation for Use of Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 Vaccine - United States, December 2020

Author(s): Oliver, SE (Oliver, Sara E.); Gargano, JW (Gargano, Julia W.); Marin, M (Marin, Mona); Wallace, M (Wallace, Megan); Curran, KG (Curran, Kathryn G.); Chamberland, M (Chamberland, Mary); McClung, N (McClung, Nancy); Campos-Outcalt, D (Campos-Outcalt, Doug); Morgan, RL (Morgan, Rebecca L.); Mbaeyi, S (Mbaeyi, Sarah); Romero, JR (Romero, Jose R.); Talbot, HK (Talbot, H. Keipp); Lee, GM (Lee, Grace M.); Bell, BP (Bell, Beth P.); Dooling, K (Dooling, Kathleen)

Source: MMWR-MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY WEEKLY REPORT Volume: 69 Issue: 50 Pages: 1922-1924 Published: DEC 18 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 325

Total Times Cited: 329

Accession Number: WOS:000600946300008

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Oliver, Sara E.; Gargano, Julia W.; Marin, Mona; Wallace, Megan; Curran, Kathryn G.; Chamberland, Mary; McClung, Nancy; Mbaeyi, Sarah; Dooling, Kathleen] CDC, CDC COVID 19 Response Team, Falls Church, VA 22046 USA.
[Wallace, Megan] CDC, Epidem Intelligence Serv, Falls Church, VA USA.
[Chamberland, Mary] Gen Dynam Informat Technol, Falls Church, VA USA.
[Campos-Outcalt, Doug] Univ Arizona, Coll Med, Phoenix, AZ USA.
[Morgan, Rebecca L.] Dept HIth Res Methods Evidence & Impact, Hamilton, ON, Canada.
[Romero, Jose R.] Arkansas Dept HIth, Nashville, TN USA.
[Talbot, H. Keipp] Vanderbilt Univ, Sch Med, Nashville, TN 37212 USA.
[Lee, Grace M.] Stanford Univ, Sch Med, Stanford, CA 94305 USA.
[Bell, Beth P.] Univ Washington, Seattle, WA 98195 USA.

Corresponding Address: Oliver, SE (corresponding author), CDC, CDC COVID 19

Response Team, Falls Church, VA 22046 USA.

E-mail Addresses: yxo4@cdc.gov

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 8 of 50

Title: SARS-CoV-2 and COVID-19 in older adults: what we may expect regarding pathogenesis, immune responses, and outcomes

Author(s): Nikolich-Zugich, J (Nikolich-Zugich, Janko); Knox, KS (Knox, Kenneth S.); Rios, CT (Rios, Carlos Tafich); Natt, B (Natt, Bhupinder); Bhattacharya, D (Bhattacharya, Deepta); Fain, MJ (Fain, Mindy J.)

Source: GEROSCIENCE **Volume:** 42 **Issue:** 2 **Special Issue:** SI **Pages:** 505-514 **DOI:** 10.1007/s11357-020-00186-0 **Published:** APR 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 310

Total Times Cited: 328

Abstract: SARS-CoV-2 virus, the causative agent of the coronavirus infectious disease-19 (COVID-19), is taking the globe by storm, approaching 500,000 confirmed cases and over 21,000 deaths as of March 25, 2020. While under control in some affected Asian countries (Taiwan, Singapore, Vietnam), the virus demonstrated an exponential phase of infectivity in several large countries (China in late January and February and many European countries and the USA in March), with cases exploding by 30-50,000/day in the third and fourth weeks of March, 2020. SARS-CoV-2 has proven to be particularly deadly to older adults and those with certain underlying medical conditions, many of whom are of advanced age. Here, we briefly review the virus, its structure and evolution, epidemiology and pathogenesis, immunogenicity and immune, and clinical response in older adults, using available knowledge on SARS-CoV-2 and its highly pathogenic relatives MERS-CoV and SARS-CoV-1. We conclude by discussing clinical and basic science approaches to protect older adults against this disease.

Accession Number: WOS:000531041500009

Document Type: Review

Addresses: [Nikolich-Zugich, Janko; Bhattacharya, Deepta] Univ Arizona, Dept Immunobiol, Coll Med Tucson, Tucson, AZ 85724 USA.
[Nikolich-Zugich, Janko; Fain, Mindy J.] Univ Arizona, Ctr Aging, Coll Med Tucson, POB 249221,1501 N Campbell Ave, Tucson, AZ 85724 USA.
[Knox, Kenneth S.; Natt, Bhupinder] Univ Arizona, Div Pulm Allergy Crit Care & Sleep Med, Coll Med Tucson, Dept Med, Tucson, AZ 85724 USA.
[Knox, Kenneth S.] Univ Arizona Phoenix, Dept Med, Phoenix, AZ 85004 USA.
[Rios, Carlos Tafich; Fain, Mindy J.] Univ Arizona, Div Geriatr Gen & Palliat Med, Dept Med, Coll Med Tucson, Tucson, AZ 85724 USA.

Corresponding Address: Nikolich-Zugich, J (corresponding author), Univ Arizona, Ctr Aging, Coll Med Tucson, POB 249221,1501 N Campbell Ave, Tucson, AZ 85724 USA. E-mail Addresses: nikolich@arizona.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 9 of 50

Title: Airborne or Droplet Precautions for Health Workers Treating Coronavirus Disease 2019?

Author(s): Bahl, P (Bahl, Prateek); Doolan, C (Doolan, Con); de Silva, C (de Silva, Charitha); Chughtai, AA (Chughtai, Abrar Ahmad); Bourouiba, L (Bourouiba, Lydia); MacIntyre, CR (MacIntyre, C. Raina)

Source: JOURNAL OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES Volume: 225 Issue: 9 Pages: 1561-1568 DOI: 10.1093/infdis/jiaa189 Published: MAY 4 2022

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 293

Total Times Cited: 304

Abstract: Cases of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) have been reported in more than 200 countries. Thousands of health workers have been infected, and outbreaks have occurred in hospitals, aged care facilities, and prisons. The World Health Organization (WHO) has issued guidelines for contact and droplet precautions for healthcare workers caring for suspected COVID-19 patients, whereas the US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has initially recommended airborne precautions. The 1- to 2-meter (approximate to 3-6 feet) rule of spatial separation is central to droplet precautions and assumes that large droplets do not travel further than 2 meters (approximate to 6 feet). We aimed to review the evidence for horizontal distance traveled by droplets and the guidelines issued by the WHO, CDC, and European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control on respiratory protection for COVID-19. We found that the evidence base for current guidelines is sparse, and the available data do not support the 1- to 2-meter (approximate to 3-6 feet) rule of spatial separation. Of 10 studies on horizontal droplet distance, 8 showed droplets travel more than 2 meters (approximate to 6 feet), in some cases up to 8 meters (approximate to 26 feet). Several studies of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) support aerosol transmission, and 1 study documented virus at a distance of 4 meters (approximate to 13 feet) from the patient. Moreover, evidence suggests that infections cannot neatly be separated into the dichotomy of droplet versus airborne transmission routes. Available studies also show that SARS-CoV-2 can be detected in the air, and remain viable 3 hours after aerosolization. The weight of combined evidence supports airborne precautions for the occupational health and safety of health workers treating patients with COVID-19. At present, the limited available evidence does not support droplet precautions and 1- to 2-meter (approximate to 3-6 feet) rule of special separation being adequate for occupational health and safety of health workers treating patients with COVID-19.

Accession Number: WOS:000791518400009

Document Type: Review

Addresses: [Bahl, Prateek; de Silva, Charitha] UNSW Sydney, Sch Mech & Mfg Engn, Sydney, NSW, Australia.

[Doolan, Con; Chughtai, Abrar Ahmad] UNSW Sydney, Sch Publ Hlth & Community Med, Sydney, NSW, Australia.
[Bourouiba, Lydia] MIT, Fluid Dynam Dis Transmiss Lab, 77 Massachusetts Ave, Cambridge, MA 02139 USA.
[MacIntyre, C. Raina] UNSW Sydney, Kirby Inst, Sydney, NSW, Australia.
[MacIntyre, C. Raina] Arizona State Univ, Coll Publ Serv & Community Solut, Phoenix, AZ USA.
[MacIntyre, C. Raina] Arizona State Univ, Coll Hlth Solut, Phoenix, AZ USA.

Corresponding Address: MacIntyre, CR (corresponding author), UNSW Sydney, Kirby Inst, Biosecur Program, Sydney, NSW 2052, Australia.

E-mail Addresses: rainam@protonmail.com

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

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Record 10 of 50

Title: Aerosol transmission of SARS-CoV-2? Evidence, prevention and control

Author(s): Tang, S (Tang, Song); Mao, YX (Mao, Yixin); Jones, RM (Jones, Rachael M.); Tan, QY (Tan, Qiyue); Ji, JS (Ji, John S.); Li, N (Li, Na); Shen, J (Shen, Jin); Lv, YB (Lv, Yuebin); Pan, LJ (Pan, Lijun); Ding, P (Ding, Pei); Wang, XC (Wang, Xiaochen); Wang, YB (Wang, Youbin); MacIntyre, CR (MacIntyre, C. Raina); Shi, XM (Shi, Xiaoming)

Source: ENVIRONMENT INTERNATIONAL Volume: 144 Article Number: 106039 DOI: 10.1016/j.envint.2020.106039 Published: NOV 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 292

Total Times Cited: 297

Abstract: As public health teams respond to the pandemic of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), containment and understanding of the modes of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) transmission is of utmost importance for policy making. During this time, governmental agencies have been instructing the community on handwashing and physical distancing measures. However, there is no agreement on the role of aerosol transmission for SARS-CoV-2. To this end, we aimed to review the evidence of aerosol transmission of SARS-CoV-2. Several studies support that aerosol transmission of SARS-CoV-2 is plausible, and the plausibility score (weight of combined evidence) is 8 out of 9. Precautionary control strategies should consider aerosol transmission for SARS-CoV-2.

Accession Number: WOS:000580630100047

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Tang, Song; Mao, Yixin; Tan, Qiyue; Li, Na; Shen, Jin; Lv, Yuebin; Pan, Lijun; Ding, Pei; Wang, Xiaochen; Wang, Youbin; Shi, Xiaoming] Chinese Ctr Dis Control & Prevent, Natl Inst Environm Hlth, China CDC Key Lab Environm & Populat Hlth, Beijing 100021, Peoples R China.

[Tang, Song; Shi, Xiaoming] Nanjing Med Univ, Sch Publ Hlth, Ctr Global Hlth, Nanjing 211166, Jiangsu, Peoples R China.

[Jones, Rachael M.] Univ Utah, Sch Med, Dept Family & Prevent Med, Salt Lake City, UT 84108 USA.

[Ji, John S.] Duke Kunshan Univ, Environm Res Ctr, Kunshan 215316, Jiangsu, Peoples R China.

[Ji, John S.] Duke Univ, Nicholas Sch Environm, Durham, NC 27708 USA. [MacIntyre, C. Raina] Univ New South Wales, Kirby Inst, Fac Med, Sydney, NSW, Australia.

[MacIntyre, C. Raina] Arizona State Univ, Coll Publ Serv & Community Solut, Tempe, AZ USA.

[MacIntyre, C. Raina] Arizona State Univ, Coll Hlth Solut, Tempe, AZ USA.

Corresponding Address: Shi, XM (corresponding author), 7 Panjiayuan Nanli, Beijing 100021, Peoples R China.

E-mail Addresses: shixm@chinacdc.cn

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 11 of 50

Title: Psychological impacts from COVID-19 among university students: Risk factors across seven states in the United States

Author(s): Browning, MHEM (Browning, Matthew H. E. M.); Larson, LR (Larson, Lincoln R.); Sharaievska, I (Sharaievska, Iryna); Rigolon, A (Rigolon, Alessandro); McAnirlin, O (McAnirlin, Olivia); Mullenbach, L (Mullenbach, Lauren); Cloutier, S (Cloutier, Scott); Vu, TM (Vu, Tue M.); Thomsen, J (Thomsen, Jennifer); Reigner, N (Reigner, Nathan); Metcalf, EC (Metcalf, Elizabeth Covelli); D'Antonio, A (D'Antonio, Ashley); Helbich, M (Helbich, Marco); Bratman, GN (Bratman, Gregory N.); Alvarez, HO (Alvarez, Hector Olvera)

Source: PLOS ONE Volume: 16 Issue: 1 Article Number: e0245327 DOI: 10.1371/journal.pone.0245327 Published: JAN 7 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 287

Total Times Cited: 292

Abstract: Background

University students are increasingly recognized as a vulnerable population, suffering from higher levels of anxiety, depression, substance abuse, and disordered eating compared to the general population. Therefore, when the nature of their educational experience radically changes-such as sheltering in place during the COVID-19 pandemic-the burden on the mental health of this vulnerable population is amplified. The objectives of this study are to 1) identify the array of psychological impacts COVID-19 has on students, 2) develop profiles to characterize students' anticipated levels of psychological impact during the pandemic, and 3) evaluate potential sociodemographic, lifestyle-related, and awareness of people infected with COVID-19 risk factors that could make students more likely to experience these impacts.

Cross-sectional data were collected through web-based questionnaires from seven U.S. universities. Representative and convenience sampling was used to invite students to complete the questionnaires in mid-March to early-May 2020, when most coronavirus-

related sheltering in place orders were in effect. We received 2,534 completed responses, of which 61% were from women, 79% from non-Hispanic Whites, and 20% from graduate students.

Results

Exploratory factor analysis on close-ended responses resulted in two latent constructs, which we used to identify profiles of students with latent profile analysis, including high (45% of sample), moderate (40%), and low (14%) levels of psychological impact. Bivariate associations showed students who were women, were non-Hispanic Asian, in fair/poor health, of below-average relative family income, or who knew someone infected with COVID-19 experienced higher levels of psychological impact. Students who were non-Hispanic White, above-average social class, spent at least two hours outside, or less than eight hours on electronic screens were likely to experience lower levels of psychological impact. Multivariate modeling (mixed-effects logistic regression) showed that being a woman, having fair/poor general health status, being 18 to 24 years old, spending 8 or more hours on screens daily, and knowing someone infected predicted higher levels of psychological impact simultaneously. Conclusion

Inadequate efforts to recognize and address college students' mental health challenges, especially during a pandemic, could have long-term consequences on their health and education.

Accession Number: WOS:000608044300004

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Browning, Matthew H. E. M.; McAnirlin, Olivia] Clemson Univ, Dept Pk Recreat & Tourism Management, Virtual Real & Nat Lab, Clemson, SC 29631 USA. [Larson, Lincoln R.; Mullenbach, Lauren] North Carolina State Univ, Dept Pk Recreat & Tourism Management, Raleigh, NC USA.

[Sharaievska, Iryna] Clemson Univ, Dept Pk Recreat & Tourism Management, Clemson, SC USA.

[Rigolon, Alessandro] Univ Utah, Dept City & Metropolitan Planning, Salt Lake City, UT USA.

[Cloutier, Scott] Arizona State Univ, Sch Sustainabil, Sustainabil & Happiness Res Lab, Tempe, AZ USA.

[Vu, Tue M.] Clemson Univ, Clemson Comp & Informat Technol, Adv Comp & Data Sci, Clemson, SC USA.

[Thomsen, Jennifer; Metcalf, Elizabeth Covelli] Univ Montana, Dept Soc & Conservat, WA Franke Coll Forestry & Conservat, Missoula, MT 59812 USA.

[Reigner, Nathan] Penn State Univ, Coll Hlth & Human Dev, Recreat Pk & Tourism Management Dept, University Pk, PA 16802 USA.

[D'Antonio, Ashley] Oregon State Univ, Coll Forestry, Forest Ecosyst & Soc, Corvallis, OR 97331 USA.

[Helbich, Marco] Univ Utrecht, Fac Geosci, Dept Human Geog & Spatial Planning, Utrecht, Netherlands.

[Bratman, Gregory N.] Univ Washington, Sch Environm & Forest Sci, Environm & Well Being Lab, Seattle, WA 98195 USA.

[Alvarez, Hector Olvera] Oregon HIth & Sci Univ, Sch Nursing, Portland, OR 97201 USA.

Corresponding Address: Browning, MHEM (corresponding author), Clemson Univ, Dept Pk Recreat & Tourism Management, Virtual Real & Nat Lab, Clemson, SC 29631 USA.

E-mail Addresses: mhb2@clemson.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: Y

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 12 of 50

Title: COVID-19-related Genes in Sputum Cells in Asthma Relationship to Demographic Features and Corticosteroids

Author(s): Peters, MC (Peters, Michael C.); Sajuthi, S (Sajuthi, Satria); Deford, P (Deford, Peter); Christenson, S (Christenson, Stephanie); Rios, CL (Rios, Cydney L.); Montgomery, MT (Montgomery, Michael T.); Woodruff, PG (Woodruff, Prescott G.); Mauger, DT (Mauger, David T.); Erzurum, SC (Erzurum, Serpil C.); Johansson, MW (Johansson, Mats W.); Denlinger, LC (Denlinger, Loren C.); Jarjour, NN (Jarjour, Nizar N.); Castro, M (Castro, Mario); Hastie, AT (Hastie, Annette T.); Moore, W (Moore, Wendy); Ortega, VE (Ortega, Victor E.); Bleecker, ER (Bleecker, Eugene R.); Wenzel, SE (Wenzel, Sally E.); Israel, E (Israel, Elliot); Levy, BD (Levy, Bruce D.); Seibold, MA (Seibold, Max A.); Fahy, JV (Fahy, John, V)

Group Author(s): NHLBI Severe Asthma Res Program-3

Source: AMERICAN JOURNAL OF RESPIRATORY AND CRITICAL CARE MEDICINE Volume: 202 Issue: 1 Pages: 83-90 DOI: 10.1164/rccm.202003-08210C Published: JUL 1 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 285

Total Times Cited: 296

Abstract: Rationale: Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) is caused by severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2). ACE2 (angiotensin-converting enzyme 2), and TMPRSS2(transmembrane protease serine 2) mediate viral infection of host cells. We reasoned that differences in ACE2 or TMPRSS2 gene expression in sputum cells among patients with asthma may identify subgroups at risk for COVID-19 morbidity. Objectives: To determine the relationship between demographic features and sputum ACE2 and TMPRSS2 gene expression in asthma.

Methods: We analyzed gene expression for ACE2 and TMPRSS2, and for ICAM-1 (intercellular adhesion molecule 1) (rhinovirus receptor as a comparator) in sputum cells from 330 participants in SARP3 (Severe Asthma Research Program-3) and 79 healthy control subjects.

Measurements and Main Results: Gene expression of ACE2 was lower than TMPRSS2, and expression levels of both genes were similar in asthma and health. Among patients with asthma, male sex, African American race, and history of diabetes mellitus were associated with higher expression of ACE2 and TMPRSS2. Use of inhaled corticosteroids (ICS) was associated with lower expression of ACE2 and TMPRSS2, but treatment with triamcinolone acetonide did not decrease expression of either gene. These findings differed from those for ICAM-1, where gene expression was increased in asthma and less consistent differences were observed related to sex, race, and use of ICS. Conclusions: Higher expression of ACE2 and TMPRSS2 in males, African Americans, and patients with diabetes mellitus provides rationale for monitoring these asthma subgroups for poor COVID-19 outcomes. The lower expression of ACE2 and TMPRSS2 with ICS use warrants prospective study of ICS use as a predictor of decreased susceptibility to SARS-CoV-2 infection and decreased COVID-19 morbidity.

Accession Number: WOS:000546619900017

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Peters, Michael C.; Christenson, Stephanie; Woodruff, Prescott G.; Fahy, John, V] Univ Calif San Francisco, Dept Med, Div Pulm & Crit Care Med, San Francisco, CA 94143 USA.

[Peters, Michael C.; Christenson, Stephanie; Woodruff, Prescott G.; Fahy, John, V] Univ Calif San Francisco, Cardiovasc Res Inst, San Francisco, CA 94143 USA.

[Sajuthi, Satria; Deford, Peter; Rios, Cydney L.; Montgomery, Michael T.; Seibold, Max A.] Natl Jewish Hlth, Ctr Genes Environm & Hlth, Denver, CO USA.

[Seibold, Max A.] Natl Jewish Hlth, Dept Pediat, Denver, CO USA.

[Mauger, David T.] Penn State Univ, Dept Publ Hlth Sci, Div Stat & Bioinformat, Hershey, PA USA.

[Erzurum, Serpil C.] Cleveland Clin, Dept Pathobiol, Cleveland, OH 44106 USA.

[Johansson, Mats W.] Univ Wisconsin, Sch Med & Publ Hlth, Dept Biomol Chem, Madison, WI USA.

[Denlinger, Loren C.; Jarjour, Nizar N.] Univ Wisconsin, Sch Med & Publ Hlth, Div Allergy Pulm & Crit Care Med, Madison, WI USA.

[Castro, Mario] Univ Kansas, Div Allergy Immunol & Pulm Med, Kansas City, KS USA. [Hastie, Annette T.; Moore, Wendy; Ortega, Victor E.] Wake Forest Univ, Bowman Gray

Sch Med, Pulm Sect, Dept Internal Med, Winston Salem, NC USA.

[Bleecker, Eugene R.] Univ Arizona, Dept Med, Div Genet Genom & Precis Med, Tucson, AZ USA.

[Wenzel, Sally E.] Univ Pittsburgh, Sch Med, Dept Med, Pulm Allergy & Crit Care Med Div, Pittsburgh, PA 15213 USA.

[Israel, Elliot; Levy, Bruce D.] Brigham & Womens Hosp, Dept Med, Div Pulm & Crit Care Med, 75 Francis St, Boston, MA 02115 USA.

[Israel, Elliot; Levy, Bruce D.] Harvard Med Sch, Boston, MA 02115 USA.

[Seibold, Max A.] Univ Colorado, Div Pulm Sci & Crit Care Med, Anschutz Med Campus, Aurora, CO USA.

Corresponding Address: Peters, MC (corresponding author), UCSF, Room M1292,505 Parnassus Ave, San Francisco, CA 94143 USA.

E-mail Addresses: michael.peters@ucsf.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

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Record 13 of 50

Title: The impact of COVID-19 on student experiences and expectations: Evidence from a survey

Author(s): Aucejo, EM (Aucejo, Esteban M.); French, J (French, Jacob); Araya, MPU (Araya, Maria Paola Ugalde); Zafar, B (Zafar, Basit)

Source: JOURNAL OF PUBLIC ECONOMICS Volume: 191 Article Number: 104271 DOI: 10.1016/j.jpubeco.2020.104271 Published: NOV 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 281

Total Times Cited: 281

Abstract: In order to understand the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on higher education, we surveyed approximately 1500 students at one of the largest public institutions in the United States using an instrument designed to recover the causal impact of the pandemic on students' current and expected outcomes. Results show large negative effects acrossmany dimensions. Due to COVID-19: 13% of students have delayed graduation, 40% have lost a job, internship, or job offer, and 29% expect to earn less at age 35. Moreover, these effects have been highly heterogeneous. One quarter of students increased their study time by more than 4 hours perweek due to COVID-19, while another quarter decreased their study time by more than 5 hours per week. This heterogeneity often followed existing socioeconomic divides. Lower-income students are 55% more likely than their higher-income peers to have delayed graduation due to COVID-19. Finally, we showthat the economic and health related shocks induced by COVID-19 vary systematically by socioeconomic factors and constitute key mediators in explaining the large (and heterogeneous) effects of the pandemic. (c) 2020 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved.

Accession Number: WOS:000579860600013

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Aucejo, Esteban M.] Arizona State Univ, Dept Econ, CEP, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA.

[Aucejo, Esteban M.; Zafar, Basit] NBER, Cambridge, MA 02138 USA. [French, Jacob; Araya, Maria Paola Ugalde] Arizona State Univ, Dept Econ, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA. [Zafar, Basit] Univ Michigan, Dept Econ, Ann Arbor, MI 48109 USA

[Zafar, Basit] Univ Michigan, Dept Econ, Ann Arbor, MI 48109 USA.

Corresponding Address: Aucejo, EM (corresponding author), Arizona State Univ, Dept Econ, CEP, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA.

Aucejo, EM (corresponding author), NBER, Cambridge, MA 02138 USA.

E-mail Addresses: Esteban.Aucejo@asu.edu; jacob.Frenc@asu.edu; Mugaldea@asu.edu; Basitak@gmail.com

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 14 of 50

Title: Mathematical assessment of the impact of non-pharmaceutical interventions on curtailing the 2019 novel Coronavirus

Author(s): Ngonghala, CN (Ngonghala, Calistus N.); Iboi, E (Iboi, Enahoro); Eikenberry, S (Eikenberry, Steffen); Scotch, M (Scotch, Matthew); MacIntyre, CR (MacIntyre, Chandini Raina); Bonds, MH (Bonds, Matthew H.); Gumel, AB (Gumel, Abba B.)

Source: MATHEMATICAL BIOSCIENCES Volume: 325 Article Number: 108364 DOI: 10.1016/j.mbs.2020.108364 Published: JUL 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 261

Total Times Cited: 262

Abstract: A pandemic of a novel Coronavirus emerged in December of 2019 (COVID-

19), causing devastating public health impact across the world. In the absence of a safe and effective vaccine or antivirals, strategies for controlling and mitigating the burden of the pandemic are focused on non-pharmaceutical interventions, such as socialdistancing, contact-tracing, guarantine, isolation, and the use of face-masks in public. We develop a new mathematical model for assessing the population-level impact of the aforementioned control and mitigation strategies. Rigorous analysis of the model shows that the disease-free equilibrium is locally-asymptotically stable if a certain epidemiological threshold, known as the reproduction number (denoted by R-c), is less than unity. Simulations of the model, using data relevant to COVID-19 transmission dynamics in the US state of New York and the entire US, show that the pandemic burden will peak in mid and late April, respectively. The worst-case scenario projections for cumulative mortality (based on the baseline levels of anti-COVID non-pharmaceutical interventions considered in the study) decrease dramatically by 80% and 64%, respectively, if the strict social-distancing measures implemented are maintained until the end of May or June, 2020. The duration and timing of the relaxation or termination of the strict social-distancing measures are crucially-important in determining the future trajectory of the COVID-19 pandemic. This study shows that early termination of the strict social-distancing measures could trigger a devastating second wave with burden similar to those projected before the onset of the strict social-distancing measures were implemented. The use of efficacious face-masks (such as surgical masks, with estimated efficacy >= 70%) in public could lead to the elimination of the pandemic if at least 70% of the residents of New York state use such masks in public consistently (nationwide, a compliance of at least 80% will be required using such masks). The use of low efficacy masks, such as cloth masks (of estimated efficacy less than 30%), could also lead to significant reduction of COVID-19 burden (albeit, they are not able to lead to elimination). Combining low efficacy masks with improved levels of the other anti-COVID-19 intervention strategies can lead to the elimination of the pandemic. This study emphasizes the important role social-distancing plays in curtailing the burden of COVID19. Increases in the adherence level of social-distancing protocols result in dramatic reduction of the burden of the pandemic, and the timely implementation of social-distancing measures in numerous states of the US may have averted a catastrophic outcome with respect to the burden of COVID-19. Using face-masks in public (including the low efficacy cloth masks) is very useful in minimizing community transmission and burden of COVID-19, provided their coverage level is high. The masks coverage needed to eliminate COVID-19 decreases if the masks-based intervention is combined with the strict social-distancing strategy.

Accession Number: WOS:000541263900004

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Ngonghala, Calistus N.] Univ Florida, Dept Math, Gainesville, FL 32611 USA. [Iboi, Enahoro; Eikenberry, Steffen; Gumel, Abba B.] Arizona State Univ, Sch Math & Stat Sci, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA.

[Scotch, Matthew] Arizona State Univ, Biodesign Inst, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA.

[MacIntyre, Chandini Raina] Univ New South Wales, Fac Med, Kirby Inst, Sydney, NSW, Australia.

[Bonds, Matthew H.] Harvard Med Sch, Dept Global Hlth & Social Med, Boston, MA 02115 USA.

[MacIntyre, Chandini Raina] Arizona State Univ, Coll HIth Solut, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA. [MacIntyre, Chandini Raina] Arizona State Univ, Coll Publ Affairs & Community Solut, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA.

[Gumel, Abba B.] Univ Pretoria, Dept Math & Appl Math, ZA-0002 Pretoria, South Africa.

Corresponding Address: Gumel, AB (corresponding author), Arizona State Univ, Sch Math & Stat Sci, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA. Gumel, AB (corresponding author), Univ Pretoria, Dept Math & Appl Math, ZA-0002 Pretoria, South Africa.

E-mail Addresses: agumel@asu.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 15 of 50

Title: Self-quarantine and weight gain related risk factors during the COVID-19 pandemic

Author(s): Zachary, Z (Zachary, Zeigler); Forbes, B (Forbes, Brianna); Lopez, B (Lopez, Brianna); Pedersen, G (Pedersen, Garrett); Welty, J (Welty, Jade); Deyo, A (Deyo, Alyssa); Kerekes, M (Kerekes, Mikayla)

Source: OBESITY RESEARCH & CLINICAL PRACTICE Volume: 14 Issue: 3 Pages: 210-216 DOI: 10.1016/j.orcp.2020.05.004 Published: MAY-JUN 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 257

Total Times Cited: 261

Abstract: Objective: The purpose of this study was to quantify the impact that selfquarantine has on behaviors associated with weight gain. Methods: This was a quantitative descriptive/correlational research design. Research announcement was sent out via Facebook to 1200 possible participants. Six surveys were condensed into a single Survey Monkey guestionnaire for participants to complete. Surveys asked guestions relating to risk factors linked to weight gain. Results: Ninety-one percent of our sample stated they spend more time at home now than before COVID19. Twenty-two percent of the sample stated they gained 5-10 pounds. Within those who gained 5-10 pounds, there was a significantly higher percentage of the total sample who reported they increased eating in response to sight and smell (p = .048), eating in response to stress (p = .041), and snacking after dinner (p = .016) compared to those who stated they did not change those behaviors at all. There were significant relationships between predictor variables hours of sleep per night and physical activity time on reported weight gain (r = -.195, p =.021, r = -.155, p = .034, respectively). Conclusion: Risk factors for weight gain during self-quarantine are inadequate sleep, snacking after dinner, lack of dietary restraint, eating in response to stress, and reduced physical activity. (c) 2020 Asia Oceania Association for the Study of Obesity. Published by Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

Accession Number: WOS:000547437200004

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Zachary, Zeigler; Forbes, Brianna; Lopez, Brianna; Pedersen, Garrett; Welty, Jade; Deyo, Alyssa; Kerekes, Mikayla] Grand Canyon Univ, Coll Sci Engn & Technol, Phoenix, AZ USA.

Corresponding Address: Zachary, Z (corresponding author), Grand Canyon Univ, 3300 West Camelback Rd, Phoenix, AZ 85017 USA.

E-mail Addresses: zachary.zeigler@gcu.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 16 of 50

Title: Prevention and Attenuation of Covid-19 with the BNT162b2 and mRNA-1273 Vaccines

Author(s): Thompson, MG (Thompson, Mark G.); Burgess, JL (Burgess, Jefferey L.); Naleway, AL (Naleway, Allison L.); Tyner, H (Tyner, Harmony); Yoon, SK (Yoon, Sarang K.); Meece, I (Meece, Jennifer); Olsho, LEW (Olsho, Lauren E. W.); Caban-Martinez, AJ (Caban-Martinez, Alberto J.); Fowlkes, AL (Fowlkes, Ashley L.); Lutrick, K (Lutrick, Karen); Groom, HC (Groom, Holly C.); Dunnigan, K (Dunnigan, Kayan); Odean, MJ (Odean, Marilyn J.); Hegmann, K (Hegmann, Kurt); Stefanski, E (Stefanski, Elisha); Edwards, LJ (Edwards, Laura J.); Schaefer-Solle, N (Schaefer-Solle, Natasha); Grant, L (Grant, Lauren); Ellingson, K (Ellingson, Katherine); Kuntz, JL (Kuntz, Jennifer L.); Zunie, T (Zunie, Tnelda); Thiese, MS (Thiese, Matthew S.); Ivacic, L (Ivacic, Lynn); Wesley, MG (Wesley, Meredith G.); Lamberte, JM (Mayo Lamberte, Julie); Sun, XX (Sun, Xiaoxiao); Smith, ME (Smith, Michael E.); Phillips, AL (Phillips, Andrew L.); Groover, KD (Groover, Kimberly D.); Yoo, YM (Yoo, Young M.); Gerald, J (Gerald, Joseph); Brown, RT (Brown, Rachel T.); Herring, MK (Herring, Meghan K.); Joseph, G (Joseph, Gregory); Beitel, S (Beitel, Shawn); Morrill, TC (Morrill, Tyler C.); Mak, J (Mak, Josephine); Rivers, P (Rivers, Patrick); Poe, BP (Poe, Brandon P.); Lynch, B (Lynch, Brian); Zhou, YT (Zhou, Yingtao); Zhang, J (Zhang, Jing); Kelleher, A (Kelleher, Anna); Li, Y (Li, Yan); Dickerson, M (Dickerson, Monica); Hanson, E (Hanson, Erika); Guenther, K (Guenther, Kyley); Tong, SX (Tong, Suxiang); Bateman, A (Bateman, Allen); Reisdorf, E (Reisdorf, Erik); Barnes, J (Barnes, John); Azziz-Baumgartner, E (Azziz-Baumgartner, Eduardo); Hunt, DR (Hunt, Danielle R.); Arvay, ML (Arvay, Melissa L.); Kutty, P (Kutty, Preeta); Fry, AM (Fry, Alicia M.); Gaglani, M (Gaglani, Manjusha)

Source: NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL OF MEDICINE Volume: 385 Issue: 4 Pages: 320-329 DOI: 10.1056/NEJMoa2107058 Early Access Date: JUN 2021 Published: JUL 22 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 252

Total Times Cited: 253

Abstract: Background Information is limited regarding the effectiveness of the two-dose messenger RNA (mRNA) vaccines BNT162b2 (Pfizer-BioNTech) and mRNA-1273 (Moderna) in preventing infection with severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) and in attenuating coronavirus disease 2019 (Covid-19) when administered in real-world conditions. Methods We conducted a prospective cohort study involving 3975 health care personnel, first responders, and other essential and frontline workers. From December 14, 2020, to April 10, 2021, the participants completed weekly SARS-CoV-2 testing by providing mid-turbinate nasal swabs for qualitative and quantitative reverse-transcriptase-polymerase-chain-reaction (RT-PCR) analysis. The formula for calculating vaccine effectiveness was 100%x(1-hazard ratio for SARS-CoV-2 infection in vaccinated vs. unvaccinated participants), with adjustments for the propensity to be vaccinated, study site, occupation, and local viral circulation. Results SARS-CoV-2 was detected in 204 participants (5%), of whom 5 were fully vaccinated (>= 14 days after dose 1 and <14 days

after dose 2), and 156 unvaccinated; the 32 participants with indeterminate vaccination status (<14 days after dose 1) were excluded. Adjusted vaccine effectiveness was 91% (95% confidence interval [CI], 76 to 97) with full vaccination and 81% (95% CI, 64 to 90) with partial vaccination. Among participants with SARS-CoV-2 infection, the mean viral RNA load was 40% lower (95% CI, 16 to 57) in partially or fully vaccinated participants than in unvaccinated participants. In addition, the risk of febrile symptoms was 58% lower (relative risk, 0.42; 95% CI, 0.18 to 0.98) and the duration of illness was shorter, with 2.3 fewer days spent sick in bed (95% CI, 0.8 to 3.7). Conclusions Authorized mRNA vaccines were highly effective among working-age adults in preventing SARS-CoV-2 infection when administered in real-world conditions, and the vaccines attenuated the viral RNA load, risk of febrile symptoms, and duration of illness among those who had breakthrough infection despite vaccination. (Funded by the National Center for Immunization and Respiratory Diseases and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.)

Covid-19 Prevention and Attenuation with mRNA Vaccines In a study involving 3975 health care personnel, first responders, and other essential workers, the effectiveness of mRNA vaccines against SARS-CoV-2 infection was 91% with full vaccination. The vaccines attenuated the viral RNA load, febrile symptoms, and illness duration among those who became infected despite vaccination.

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Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Thompson, Mark G.; Fowlkes, Ashley L.; Grant, Lauren; Mayo Lamberte, Julie; Yoo, Young M.; Joseph, Gregory; Mak, Josephine; Lynch, Brian; Zhou, Yingtao; Zhang, Jing; Kelleher, Anna; Li, Yan; Dickerson, Monica; Tong, Suxiang; Barnes, John; Azziz-Baumgartner, Eduardo; Arvay, Melissa L.; Kutty, Preeta; Fry, Alicia M.] Ctr Dis Control & Prevent, COVID 19 Response Team, Atlanta, GA USA.

[Burgess, Jefferey L.; Lutrick, Karen; Ellingson, Katherine; Sun, Xiaoxiao; Gerald, Joseph; Beitel, Shawn; Rivers, Patrick] Univ Arizona, Mel & Enid Zuckerman Coll Publ Hlth, Tucson, AZ USA.

[Naleway, Allison L.; Groom, Holly C.; Kuntz, Jennifer L.] Kaiser Permanente Northwest Ctr Hlth Res, Portland, OR USA.

[Odean, Marilyn J.] Whiteside Inst Clin Res, Duluth, MN USA.

[Tyner, Harmony; Odean, Marilyn J.] St Lukes Reg Hlth Care Syst, Duluth, MN USA.

[Yoon, Sarang K.; Hegmann, Kurt; Thiese, Matthew S.; Phillips, Andrew L.; Brown, Rachel T.] Univ Utah, Salt Lake City, UT USA.

[Meece, Jennifer; Stefanski, Elisha; Ivacic, Lynn] Marshfield Clin Res Inst, Marshfield, WI USA.

[Hanson, Erika; Guenther, Kyley; Bateman, Allen; Reisdorf, Erik] Wisconsin State Lab Hyg, Madison, WI USA.

[Olsho, Lauren E. W.; Edwards, Laura J.; Wesley, Meredith G.; Groover, Kimberly D.; Herring, Meghan K.; Morrill, Tyler C.; Poe, Brandon P.; Hunt, Danielle R.] Abt Associates Inc, Rockville, MD USA.

[Caban-Martinez, Alberto J.; Schaefer-Solle, Natasha] Univ Miami, Leonard M Miller Sch Med, Miami, FL USA.

[Dunnigan, Kayan; Zunie, Tnelda; Smith, Michael E.; Gaglani, Manjusha] Baylor Scott & White Hlth, Dallas, TX USA.

[Gaglani, Manjusha] Texas A&M Univ, Coll Med, Bryan, TX USA.

Corresponding Address: Thompson, MG (corresponding author), Ctr Dis Control & Prevent, 1600 Clifton Rd NE, Mailstop H24-7, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA.

E-mail Addresses: isq8@cdc.gov

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Record 17 of 50

Title: More Than Smell - COVID-19 Is Associated With Severe Impairment of Smell,Taste, and Chemesthesis

Author(s): Parma, V (Parma, Valentina); Ohla, K (Ohla, Kathrin); Veldhuizen, MG (Veldhuizen, Maria G.); Niv, MY (Niv, Masha Y.); Kelly, CE (Kelly, Christine E.); Bakke, AJ (Bakke, Alyssa J.); Cooper, KW (Cooper, Keiland W.); Bouysset, C (Bouysset, Cedric); Pirastu, N (Pirastu, Nicola); Dibattista, M (Dibattista, Michele); Kaur, R (Kaur, Rishemjit); Liuzza, MT (Liuzza, Marco Tullio); Pepino, MY (Pepino, Marta Y.); Schopf, V (Schoepf, Veronika); Pereda-Loth, V (Pereda-Loth, Veronica); Olsson, SB (Olsson, Shannon B.); Gerkin, RC (Gerkin, Richard C.); Dominguez, PR (Dominguez, Paloma Rohlfs); Albayay, J (Albayay, Javier); Farruggia, MC (Farruggia, Michael C.); Bhutani, S (Bhutani, Surabhi); Fjaeldstad, AW (Fjaeldstad, Alexander W.); Kumar, R (Kumar, Ritesh); Menini, A (Menini, Anna); Bensafi, M (Bensafi, Moustafa); Sandell, M (Sandell, Mari); Konstantinidis, I (Konstantinidis, Iordanis); Di Pizio, A (Di Pizio, Antonella); Genovese, F (Genovese, Federica); Ozturk, L (Ozturk, Lina); Thomas-Danguin, T (Thomas-Danguin, Thierry); Frasnelli, J (Frasnelli, Johannes); Boesveldt, S (Boesveldt, Sanne); Saatci, O (Saatci, Ozlem); Saraiva, LR (Saraiva, Luis R.); Lin, C (Lin, Cailu); Golebiowski, J (Golebiowski, Jerome); Hwang, LD (Hwang, Liang-Dar); Ozdener, MH (Ozdener, Mehmet Hakan); Guardia, MD (Guardia, Maria Dolors); Laudamiel, C (Laudamiel, Christophe); Ritchie, M (Ritchie, Marina); Havlicek, J (Havlicek, Jan); Pierron, D (Pierron, Denis); Roura, E (Roura, Eugeni); Navarro, M (Navarro, Marta); Nolden, AA (Nolden, Alissa A.); Lim, J (Lim, Juyun); Whitcroft, KL (Whitcroft, Katherine L.); Colquitt, LR (Colquitt, Lauren R.); Ferdenzi, C (Ferdenzi, Camille); Brindha, EV (Brindha, Evelyn, V); Altundag, A (Altundag, Aytug); Macchi, A (Macchi, Alberto); Nunez-Parra, A (Nunez-Parra, Alexia); Patel, ZM (Patel, Zara M.); Fiorucci, S (Fiorucci, Sebastien); Philpott, CM (Philpott, Carl M.); Smith, BC (Smith, Barry C.); Lundstrom, IN (Lundstrom, Johan N.); Mucignat, C (Mucignat, Carla); Parker, IK (Parker, Jane K.); van den Brink, M (van den Brink, Mirjam); Schmuker, M (Schmuker, Michael); Fischmeister, FPS (Fischmeister, Florian Ph S.); Heinbockel, T (Heinbockel, Thomas); Shields, VDC (Shields, Vonnie D. C.); Faraji, F (Faraji, Farhoud); Santamaria, E (Santamaria, Enrique); Fredborg, WEA (Fredborg, William E. A.); Morini, G (Morini, Gabriella); Olofsson, JK (Olofsson, Jonas K.); Jalessi, M (Jalessi, Maryam); Karni, N (Karni, Noam); D'Errico, A (D'Errico, Anna); Alizadeh, R (Alizadeh, Rafieh); Pellegrino, R (Pellegrino, Robert); Meyer, P (Meyer, Pablo); Huart, C (Huart, Caroline); Chen, B (Chen, Ben); Soler, GM (Soler, Graciela M.); Alwashahi, MK (Alwashahi, Mohammed K.); Welge-Lussen, A (Welge-Lussen, Antje); Freiherr, J (Freiherr, Jessica); de Groot, JHB (de Groot, Jasper H. B.); Klein, H (Klein, Hadar); Okamoto, M (Okamoto, Masako); Singh, PB (Singh, Preet Bano); Hsieh, JW (Hsieh, Julien W.); Reed, DR (Reed, Danielle R.); Hummel, T (Hummel, Thomas); Munger, SD (Munger, Steven D.); Hayes, JE (Hayes, John E.)

Group Author(s): GCCR Grp Author

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Abstract: Recent anecdotal and scientific reports have provided evidence of a link between COVID-19 and chemosensory impairments, such as anosmia. However, these reports have downplayed or failed to distinguish potential effects on taste, ignored chemesthesis, and generally lacked quantitative measurements. Here, we report the development, implementation, and initial results of a multilingual, international questionnaire to assess self-reported quantity and quality of perception in 3 distinct chemosensory modalities (smell, taste, and chemesthesis) before and during COVID-19. In the first 11 days after questionnaire launch, 4039 participants (2913 women, 1118 men, and 8 others, aged 19-79) reported a COVID-19 diagnosis either via laboratory tests or clinical assessment. Importantly, smell, taste, and chemesthetic function were each significantly reduced compared to their status before the disease. Difference scores (maximum possible change +/- 100) revealed a mean reduction of smell (-79.7 +/- 28.7, mean +/- standard deviation), taste (-69.0 +/- 32.6), and chemesthetic (-37.3 +/- 36.2) function during COVID-19. Qualitative changes in olfactory ability (parosmia and phantosmia) were relatively rare and correlated with smell loss. Importantly, perceived nasal obstruction did not account for smell loss. Furthermore, chemosensory impairments were similar between participants in the laboratory test and clinical assessment groups. These results show that COVID-19-associated chemosensory impairment is not limited to smell but also affects taste and chemesthesis. The multimodal impact of COVID-19 and the lack of perceived nasal obstruction suggest that severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus strain 2 (SARS-CoV-2) infection may disrupt sensory-neural mechanisms.

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Addresses: [Parma, Valentina] Temple Univ, Dept Psychol, 1701 N 13th St, Philadelphia, PA 19122 USA.

[Ohla, Kathrin] Res Ctr Julich, Inst Neurosci & Med INM 3, Wilhelm Johnen Str, D-52428 Julich, Germany.

[Veldhuizen, Maria G.; Ozturk, Lina] Mersin Univ, Fac Med, Dept Anat, Ciftlikkoy Campus, TR-33343 Yenisehir, Mersin, Turkey.

[Niv, Masha Y.; Klein, Hadar] Hebrew Univ Jerusalem, Inst Biochem Food Sci & Nutr, POB 13, IL-7610001 Rehovot, Israel.

[Kelly, Christine E.] AbScent, 14 London St, Andover SP10 2PA, Hants, England. [Bakke, Alyssa J.; Hayes, John E.] Penn State Univ, Dept Food Sci, 2220 Erickson Food Sci Bldg, University Pk, PA 16802 USA.

[Cooper, Keiland W.] Univ Calif Irvine, Ctr Neurobiol Learning & Memory, 506 C Student Ctr, Irvine, CA 92697 USA.

[Cooper, Keiland W.] Qureshey Res Lab, 506 C Student Ctr, Irvine, CA 92697 USA. [Bouysset, Cedric; Golebiowski, Jerome; Fiorucci, Sebastien] Univ Cote Azur, Inst Chim Nice, UMR CNRS 7272, 28 Ave Valrose, F-06108 Nice, France.

[Pirastu, Nicola] Univ Edinburgh, Ctr Global Hlth Res, Old Med Sch, Usher Inst, Teviot Pl, Edinburgh EH8 9AG, Midlothian, Scotland.

[Dibattista, Michele] Univ Bari A Moro, Dept Basic Med Sci Neurosci & Sensory Organs, Pzza G Cesare 11, I-70124 Bari, Italy.

[Kaur, Rishemjit] CSIR Cent Sci Instruments Org, Sec 30-C, Chandigarh 160030, India. [Liuzza, Marco Tullio] Magna Graecia Univ Catanzaro, Dept Med & Surg Sci, Viale Europa Loc Germaneto, I-88100 Catanzaro, Italy.

[Pepino, Marta Y.] Univ Illinois, Dept Food Sci, 905 South Goodwin Ave, Urbana, IL 61801 USA.

[Pepino, Marta Y.] Univ Illinois, Div Nutr Sci, 905 South Goodwin Ave, Urbana, IL 61801 USA.

[Schoepf, Veronika] Med Univ Vienna, Dept Biomed Imaging & Image Guided Therapy, Wahringer Gurtel 18-20, A-1090 Vienna, Austria. [Pereda-Loth, Veronica] Univ Toulouse, Lab Anthropol Mol & Imagerie Synth, UMR 5288 CNRS, F-31073 Toulouse, France.

[Olsson, Shannon B.] Tata Inst Fundamental Res, Natl Ctr Biol Sci, GKVK Campus,Bellary Rd, Bengaluru 560065, India.

[Gerkin, Richard C.] Arizona State Univ, Sch Life Sci, POB 874501, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA. [Dominguez, Paloma Rohlfs] Univ Extremadura, Dept Psychol & Anthropol, C Ceres, Ave Univ S-N, Caceres 10003, Spain.

[Albayay, Javier] Univ Padua, Dept Gen Psychol, Via Venezia 8, I-35131 Padua, Italy. [Farruggia, Michael C.] Yale Univ, Dept Psychiat, Sch Med, 300 George St, New Haven, CT 06511 USA.

[Bhutani, Surabhi] San Diego State Univ, Sch Exercise & Nutr Sci, 5500 Campanile Dr, San Diego, CA 92182 USA.

[Fjaeldstad, Alexander W.] Reg Hosp West Jutland, Dept Otorhinolaryngol, Flavour Clin, Cent Denmark Reg, Laegaardvej 12, DK-7500 Holstebro, Denmark.

[Kumar, Ritesh; Schmuker, Michael] Univ Hertfordshire, Dept Comp Sci, Biocomputat Grp, Hatfield AL10 9AB, Herts, England.

[Menini, Anna] Scuola Int Super Studi Avanzati, SISSA, Neurosci Area, Via Bonomea 265, I-34136 Trieste, Italy.

[Bensafi, Moustafa; Ferdenzi, Camille] Univ Claude Bernard Lyon 1, INSERM U1028, CNRS UMR5292, Neuropop Team,Lyon Neurosci Res Ctr, 95 Bd Pinel, F-69500 Bron, France. [Sandell, Mari] Univ Helsinki, Dept Food & Nutr, POB 66, FI-00014 Helsinki, Finland.

[Sandell, Mari] Univ Turku, Funct Foods Forum, FI-20014 Turku, Finland.

[Konstantinidis, Iordanis] Aristotle Univ Thessaloniki, Acad Otorhinolaryngol Dept 2, Efkarpia Ring Rd,POB 56403, Thessaloniki, Greece.

[Di Pizio, Antonella] Tech Univ Munich, Leibniz Inst Food Syst Biol, Lise Meitner Str 34, D-85354 Freising Weihenstephan, Germany.

[Genovese, Federica; Saraiva, Luis R.; Lin, Cailu; Ozdener, Mehmet Hakan; Colquitt, Lauren R.; Lundstrom, Johan N.; Reed, Danielle R.] Monell Chem Senses Ctr, 3500 Market St, Philadelphia, PA 19104 USA.

[Thomas-Danguin, Thierry] Univ Bourgogne Franche Comte, AgroSup Dijon, CSGA Ctr Taste & Feeding Behav, INRAE, CNRS, 17 Rue Sully, F-21000 Dijon, France.

[Frasnelli, Johannes] Univ Quebec Trois Rivieres, Dept Anat, 3351 Boul Forges, Trois Rivieres, PQ G8Z 4M3, Canada.

[Boesveldt, Sanne] Wageningen Univ, Div Human Nutr & Hlth, Stippeneng 4, NL-6708 WE Wageningen, Netherlands.

[Saatci, Ozlem] Med Sci Univ, Dept Otorhinolaryngol, Namik Kemal St 7, TR-34785 Emek, Sancaktepe Ista, Turkey.

[Saraiva, Luis R.] Out Patient Clin, Sidra Med, C6-111, POB 26999, Doha, Qatar.

[Hwang, Liang-Dar] Univ Queensland, Univ Queensland Diamantina Inst, 37 Kent St, Woolloongabba, Qld 4102, Australia.

[Guardia, Maria Dolors] IRTA, IRTA Food Technol Programme, Finca Camps & Armet, E-17121 Monells, Girona, Spain.

[Laudamiel, Christophe] DreamAir LLC, Dept Scent Engn, 1181 Broadway, New York, NY 10001 USA.

[Ritchie, Marina] Univ Calif Irvine, Dept Neurobiol & Behav, 519 Ring Rd, Irvine, CA 92691 USA.

[Havlicek, Jan] Charles Univ Prague, Dept Zool, Vinicna 1594, Nove Mesto 12800, Czech Republic.

[Pierron, Denis] Univ Toulouse 3, Equipe Med Evolut, UMR5288 CNRS, Fac Chirurg Dent, 3 Chemin Maraichers, F-31400 Toulouse, France.

[Roura, Eugeni; Navarro, Marta] Univ Queensland, Ctr Nutr & Food Sci, Queensland Alliance Agr & Food Innovat, St Lucia, Qld 4072, Australia.

[Nolden, Alissa A.] Univ Massachusetts, Dept Food Sci, 102 Holdsworth Way, Amherst, MA 01003 USA.

[Lim, Juyun] Oregon State Univ, Dept Food Sci & Technol, Corvallis, OR 97331 USA.

[Whitcroft, Katherine L.] UCL, Ear Inst, 332 Grays Inn Rd, London WC1X 8EE, England. [Brindha, Evelyn, V] Karunya Inst Technol & Sci, Dept Elect & Elect Engn, Coimbatore, Tamil Nadu, India.

[Altundag, Aytug] Biruni Univ, Otorhinolaryngol Dept, 10 Yil St, Protokol Yolu 45, TR-34010 Istanbul, Turkey.

[Macchi, Alberto] Univ Insubriae, Italian Acad Rhinol Asst Settelaghi, Via Guicciardini 9, I-21100 Varese, Italy.

[Nunez-Parra, Alexia] Univ Chile, Dept Biol, Las Palmeras 3425, Santiago 7800003, Chile. [Patel, Zara M.] Stanford Univ, Dept Otolaryngol Head & Neck Surg, Sch Med, 900 Blake Wilbur Dr,3rd Floor, Palo Alto, CA 94304 USA.

[Philpott, Carl M.] Univ East Anglia, Norfolk Smell & Taste Clin, Norwich Res Pk, Norwich NR4 7TJ, Norfolk, England.

[Smith, Barry C.] Univ London, Ctr Study Senses, Sch Adv Study, Inst Philosophy, Malet St, London WC1E 7HU, England.

[Lundstrom, Johan N.] Karolinska Inst, Dept Clin Neurosci, Nobels Vag 9, S-17177 Stockholm, Sweden.

[Mucignat, Carla] Univ Padua, Dept Mol Med, Via Marzolo 3, I-35131 Padua, Italy. [Parker, Jane K.] Univ Reading, Dept Food & Nutr Sci, Reading RG6 6AP, Berks, England. [van den Brink, Mirjam] Maastricht Univ, Lab Behav Gastron, Campus Venlo, Nassaustr 36, NL-5911 BV Venlo, Netherlands.

[Fischmeister, Florian Ph S.] Karl Franzens Univ Graz, Inst Psychol, Univ Pl 2, A-8010 Graz, Austria.

[Heinbockel, Thomas] Howard Univ, Coll Med, Dept Anat, 520 W St NW, Washington, DC 20059 USA.

[Shields, Vonnie D. C.] Towson Univ, Fisher Coll Sci & Math, Biol Sci Dept, 8000 York Rd, Towson, MD 21252 USA.

[Faraji, Farhoud] Univ Calif San Diego Hlth, Div Otolaryngol Head & Neck Surg, 9300 Campus Point Dr,MC 7895, La Jolla, CA 92037 USA.

[Santamaria, Enrique] Univ Publ Navarra UPNA, Inst Invest Sanitaria Navarra IDISNA, Proteored ISCIII, Clin Neuroprote Unit,Navarrabiomed,Complejo Hosp, Irunlarrea St, Pamplona 31008, Spain.

[Fredborg, William E. A.; Olofsson, Jonas K.] Stockholm Univ, Dept Psychol, SE-11419 Stockholm, Sweden.

[Morini, Gabriella] Univ Gastron Sci, Piazza Vittorio Emanuele II 9, I-12042 Pollenzo, CN, Italy.

[Jalessi, Maryam] Iran Univ Med Sci, Rasoul Akram Hosp, Skull Base Res Ctr, Five Senses Inst, Niayesh Str, Sattarkhan Ave, Tehran, Iran.

[Karni, Noam] Hadassah Med Ctr, Internal Med Dept, IL-91120 Jerusalem, Israel.

[D'Errico, Anna] Goethe Univ Frankfurt, Dept Mol & Cellular Neurobiol, Max von Laue Str 13, D-60438 Frankfurt, Germany.

[Alizadeh, Rafieh] Iran Univ Med Sci, Five Senses Inst, Hazrat Rasoul Hosp, ENT & Head & Neck Res Ctr & Dept, Shahid Hemmat Highway, Tehran 1449614535, Iran.

[Pellegrino, Robert] Univ Tennessee, Food Sci Dept, 2510 River Dr, Knoxville, TN 37996 USA.

[Meyer, Pablo] IBM TJ Watson Res Ctr, Hlth Care & Life Sci, 1101 Kitchawan Rd, Yorktown Hts, NY 10598 USA.

[Huart, Caroline] Clin Univ St Luc, Dept Otorhinolaryngol, Ave Hippocrate 10, B-1200 Brussels, Belgium.

[Chen, Ben] Guangzhou Med Univ, Dept Psychiat, Affiliated Brain Hosp, 36 Mingxin Rd, Guangzhou 510370, Peoples R China.

[Soler, Graciela M.] Buenos Aires Univ, Dept Otorhinolaringol, Calle Paraguay 1896,Piso 3, Buenos Aires, DF, Argentina.

[Soler, Graciela M.] Buenos Aires Univ, GEOG Grp Estudio Olfato & Gusto, Calle Paraguay 1896,Piso 3, Buenos Aires, DF, Argentina.

[Alwashahi, Mohammed K.] Sultan Qaboos Univ Hosp, Surg Dept, ENT Div, Box 38,

Muscat 123, Oman.

[Welge-Lussen, Antje] Univ Hosp Basel, Dept Otorhinolaryngol, Petersgraben 4, CH-4031 Basel, Switzerland.

[Freiherr, Jessica] Friedrich Alexander Univ Erlangen Nurnberg, Dept Psychiat & Psychotherapy, Schwabachanlage 6, D-91054 Erlangen, Germany.

[de Groot, Jasper H. B.] Univ Utrecht, Dept Psychol, Heidelberglaan 1, NL-3584 CS Utrecht, Netherlands.

[Okamoto, Masako] Univ Tokyo, Dept Appl Biol Chem, Bunkyo Ku, 1-1-1 Yayoi, Tokyo 1138657, Japan.

[Singh, Preet Bano] Univ Oslo, Fac Dent, Dept Oral Surg & Oral Med, 1109 Blindern, N-0317 Oslo, Norway.

[Hsieh, Julien W.] Geneva Univ Hosp, ENT Dept, Rhinol Olfactol Unit, Rue Gabrielle Perret Gentil 4, CH-1205 Geneva, Switzerland.

[Hummel, Thomas] Tech Univ Dresden, Dept Otorhinolaryngol, Helmholtzstr 10, D-01069 Dresden, Germany.

[Munger, Steven D.] Univ Florida, Ctr Smell & Taste, 1149 Newell Dr,Rm LG-101D, Gainesville, FL 32610 USA.

[Munger, Steven D.] Univ Florida, Dept Pharmacol & Therapeut, 1200 Newell Dr,ARB R5-234, Gainesville, FL 32610 USA.

Corresponding Address: Hayes, JE (corresponding author), Penn State Univ, Dept Food Sci, 2220 Erickson Food Sci Bldg, University Pk, PA 16802 USA.

E-mail Addresses: jeh40@psu.edu

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Record 18 of 50

Title: Reduction of secondary transmission of SARS-CoV-2 in households by face mask use, disinfection and social distancing: a cohort study in Beijing, China

Author(s): Wang, Y (Wang, Yu); Tian, HY (Tian, Huaiyu); Zhang, L (Zhang, Li); Zhang, M (Zhang, Man); Guo, DD (Guo, Dandan); Wu, WT (Wu, Wenting); Zhang, XX (Zhang, Xingxing); Kan, GL (Kan, Ge Lin); Jia, L (Jia, Lei); Huo, D (Huo, Da); Liu, BW (Liu, Baiwei); Wang, XL (Wang, Xiaoli); Sun, Y (Sun, Ying); Wang, QY (Wang, Quanyi); Yang, P (Yang, Peng); MacIntyre, CR (MacIntyre, C. Raina)

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Abstract: Introduction Transmission of COVID-19 within families and close contacts accounts for the majority of epidemic growth. Community mask wearing, hand washing and social distancing are thought to be effective but there is little evidence to inform or support community members on COVID-19 risk reduction within families. Methods A retrospective cohort study of 335 people in 124 families and with at least one laboratory confirmed COVID-19 case was conducted from 28 February to 27 March 2020, in Beijing, China. The outcome of interest was secondary transmission of severe acute

respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) within the family. Characteristics and practices of primary cases, of well family contacts and household hygiene practices were analysed as predictors of secondary transmission.

Results The secondary attack rate in families was 23.0% (77/335). Face mask use by the primary case and family contacts before the primary case developed symptoms was 79% effective in reducing transmission (OR=0.21, 95% CI 0.06 to 0.79). Daily use of chlorine or ethanol based disinfectant in households was 77% effective (OR=0.23, 95% CI 0.07 to 0.84). Wearing a mask after illness onset of the primary case was not significantly protective. The risk of household transmission was 18 times higher with frequent daily close contact with the primary case (OR=18.26, 95% CI 3.93 to 84.79), and four times higher if the primary case had diarrhoea (OR=4.10, 95% CI 1.08 to 15.60). Household crowding was not significant.

Conclusion The study confirms the highest risk of transmission prior to symptom onset, and provides the first evidence of the effectiveness of mask use, disinfection and social distancing in preventing COVID-19. We also found evidence of faecal transmission. This can inform guidelines for community prevention in settings of intense COVID-19 epidemics.

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Addresses: [Wang, Yu; Zhang, Li; Wu, Wenting; Jia, Lei; Huo, Da; Liu, Baiwei; Wang, Xiaoli; Sun, Ying; Wang, Quanyi] Beijing Res Ctr Prevent Med, Beijing Ctr Dis Prevent & Control, Inst Infect Dis & Endem Dis Control, Beijing, Peoples R China.

[Tian, Huaiyu] Beijing Normal Univ, Coll Global Change & Earth Syst Sci, State Key Lab Remote Sensing Sci, Beijing, Peoples R China.

[Zhang, Man; Zhang, Xingxing; Yang, Peng] Beijing Res Ctr Prevent Med, Beijing Ctr Dis Prevent & Control, Off Beijing Ctr Global Hlth, Beijing, Peoples R China.

[Guo, Dandan] Beijing Res Ctr Prevent Med, Beijing Ctr Dis Prevent & Control, Inst Nutr & Food Hyg, Beijing, Peoples R China.

[Kan, Ge Lin] Univ Nevada, Sch Publ Hlth, Dept Environm & Occupat Hlth, Las Vegas, NV 89154 USA.

[MacIntyre, C. Raina] Arizona State Univ, Coll Hlth Solut, Phoenix, AZ USA.

[MacIntyre, C. Raina] Univ New South Wales, Fac Med, Kirby Inst, Sydney, NSW, Australia.

Corresponding Address: Wang, QY (corresponding author), Beijing Res Ctr Prevent Med, Beijing Ctr Dis Prevent & Control, Inst Infect Dis & Endem Dis Control, Beijing, Peoples R China.

Yang, P (corresponding author), Beijing Res Ctr Prevent Med, Beijing Ctr Dis Prevent & Control, Off Beijing Ctr Global Hlth, Beijing, Peoples R China.

E-mail Addresses: wangquanyi@protonmail.com; yangpengcdc@163.com

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ESI Hot Paper: N

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Record 19 of 50

Title: From high-touch to high-tech: COVID-19 drives robotics adoption

Author(s): Zeng, ZJ (Zeng, Zhanjing); Chen, PJ (Chen, Po-Ju); Lew, AA (Lew, Alan A.)

Source: TOURISM GEOGRAPHIES Volume: 22 Issue: 3 Special Issue: SI Pages: 724-734 DOI: 10.1080/14616688.2020.1762118 Early Access Date: MAY 2020 Published: MAY 26 2020

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Abstract: Global economic and social life has been severely challenged since the World Health Organization (WHO) declared the COVID-19 disease a pandemic. Travel, tourism and hospitality, in particular, has been massively impacted by the lockdowns used to maintain social distance to manage the disease. Robotics, artificial intelligence, and human-robot interactions have gained an increased presence to help manage the spread of COVID-19 in hospitals, airports, transportation systems, recreation and scenic areas, hotels, restaurants, and communities in general. Humanoid robots, autonomous vehicles, drones, and other intelligent robots are used in many different ways to reduce human contact and the potential spread of the SARS-CoV-2 virus, including delivering materials, disinfecting and sterilizing public spaces, detecting or measuring body temperature, providing safety or security, and comforting and entertaining patients. While controversial in the past due to concerns over job losses and data privacy, the adoption of robotics and artificial intelligence in travel and tourism will likely continue after the COVID-19 pandemic becomes less serious. Tourism scholars should seize this opportunity to develop robotic applications that enhance tourist experiences, the protection of natural and cultural resources, citizen participation in tourism development decision making, and the emergence of new 'high-touch' employment opportunities for travel, tourism and hospitality workers.

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Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Zeng, Zhanjing] Nanjing Univ, Sch Geog & Ocean Sci, Nanjing, Peoples R China.

[Chen, Po-Ju] No Arizona Univ, WA Franke Coll Business, Flagstaff, AZ 86011 USA. [Lew, Alan A.] No Arizona Univ, Dept Geog Planning & Recreat, Flagstaff, AZ 86011 USA. [Chen, Po-Ju] Duy Tan Univ, PhD Inst Socioecon Res ISER, 3 Quang Trung, Danang, Vietnam.

Corresponding Address: Chen, PJ (corresponding author), No Arizona Univ, WA Franke Coll Business, Flagstaff, AZ 86011 USA.

Chen, PJ (corresponding author), Duy Tan Univ, PhD Inst Socioecon Res ISER, 3 Quang Trung, Danang, Vietnam.

E-mail Addresses: chen.poju@yahoo.com; alan.lew@nau.edu

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Record 20 of 50

Title: Orthogonal SARS-CoV-2 Serological Assays Enable Surveillance of Low-Prevalence

Communities and Reveal Durable Humoral Immunity

Author(s): Ripperger, TJ (Ripperger, Tyler J.); Uhrlaub, JL (Uhrlaub, Jennifer L.); Watanabe, M (Watanabe, Makiko); Wong, R (Wong, Rachel); Castaneda, Y (Castaneda, Yvonne); Pizzato, HA (Pizzato, Hannah A.); Thompson, MR (Thompson, Mallory R.); Bradshaw, C (Bradshaw, Christine); Weinkauf, CC (Weinkauf, Craig C.); Bime, C (Bime, Christian); Erickson, HL (Erickson, Heidi L.); Knox, K (Knox, Kenneth); Bixby, B (Bixby, Billie); Parthasarathy, S (Parthasarathy, Sairam); Chaudhary, S (Chaudhary, Sachin); Natt, B (Natt, Bhupinder); Cristan, E (Cristan, Elaine); El Aini, T (El Aini, Tammer); Rischard, F (Rischard, Franz); Campion, J (Campion, Janet); Chopra, M (Chopra, Madhav); Insel, M (Insel, Michael); Sam, A (Sam, Afshin); Knepler, JL (Knepler, James L.); Capaldi, AP (Capaldi, Andrew P.); Spier, CM (Spier, Catherine M.); Dake, MD (Dake, Michael D.); Edwards, T (Edwards, Taylor); Kaplan, ME (Kaplan, Matthew E.); Scott, SJ (Scott, Serena Jain); Hypes, C (Hypes, Cameron); Mosier, J (Mosier, Jarrod); Harris, DT (Harris, David T.); LaFleur, BJ (LaFleur, Bonnie J.); Sprissler, R (Sprissler, Ryan); Nikolich-Zugich, J (Nikolich-Zugich, Janko); Bhattacharya, D (Bhattacharya, Deepta)

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Abstract: We conducted a serological study to define correlates of immunity against SARS-CoV-2. Compared to those with mild coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) cases, individuals with severe disease exhibited elevated virus-neutralizing titers and antibodies against the nucleocapsid (N) and the receptor binding domain (RBD) of the spike protein. Age and sex played lesser roles. All cases, including asymptomatic individuals, seroconverted by 2 weeks after PCR confirmation. Spike RBD and S2 and neutralizing antibodies remained detectable through 5-7 months after onset, whereas alpha-N titers diminished. Testing 5,882 members of the local community revealed only 1 sample with seroreactivity to both RBD and S2 that lacked neutralizing antibodies. This fidelity could not be achieved with either RBD or S2 alone. Thus, inclusion of multiple independent assays improved the accuracy of antibody tests in low-seroprevalence communities and revealed differences in antibody kinetics depending on the antigen, We conclude that neutralizing antibodies are stably produced for at least 5-7 months after SARS-CoV-2 infection.

Accession Number: WOS:000599348200007

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Ripperger, Tyler J.; Uhrlaub, Jennifer L.; Watanabe, Makiko; Wong, Rachel; Castaneda, Yvonne; Pizzato, Hannah A.; Bradshaw, Christine; Harris, David T.; Nikolich-Zugich, Janko; Bhattacharya, Deepta] Univ Arizona, Coll Med, Dept Immunobiol, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA.

[Uhrlaub, Jennifer L.; Watanabe, Makiko; Castaneda, Yvonne; Bradshaw, Christine; Nikolich-Zugich, Janko] Univ Arizona, Ctr Aging, Coll Med, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA. [Wong, Rachel; Pizzato, Hannah A.] Washington Univ, Div Biol & Biomed Sci, St Louis, MO 63110 USA.

[Thompson, Mallory R.; Weinkauf, Craig C.] Univ Arizona, Coll Med, Dept Surg, Tucson, AZ USA.

[Thompson, Mallory R.] Univ Arizona, Coll Med, Dept Cellular & Mol Med, Tucson, AZ USA. [Bime, Christian; Erickson, Heidi L.; Knox, Kenneth; Bixby, Billie; Parthasarathy, Sairam; Chaudhary, Sachin; Natt, Bhupinder; Cristan, Elaine; El Aini, Tammer; Rischard, Franz; Campion, Janet; Chopra, Madhav; Insel, Michael; Sam, Afshin; Knepler, James L.; Hypes, Cameron; Mosier, Jarrod] Univ Arizona, Coll Med, Dept Med, Div Pulm Allergy Crit Care & Sleep Med, Tucson, AZ USA.

[Knox, Kenneth] Univ Arizona, Dept Med, Phoenix, AZ USA.

[Capaldi, Andrew P.] Univ Arizona, Dept Mol & Cellular Biol, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA. [Capaldi, Andrew P.; Kaplan, Matthew E.] Univ Arizona, Funct Genom Core, Tucson, AZ USA.

[Spier, Catherine M.] Univ Arizona, Coll Med, Dept Pathol, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA. [Dake, Michael D.] Univ Arizona, Off Senior Vice President Hlth Sci, Tucson, AZ USA. [Edwards, Taylor; Sprissler, Ryan] Univ Arizona, Univ Arizona Genom Core, Tucson, AZ USA.

[Edwards, Taylor; Sprissler, Ryan] Univ Arizona, Arizona Res Labs, Univ Arizona Genet Core, Tucson, AZ USA.

[Scott, Serena Jain] Univ Arizona, Dept Med, Coll Med, Div Geriatr Gen Med & Palliat Care, Tucson, AZ USA.

[Hypes, Cameron; Mosier, Jarrod] Univ Arizona, Coll Med, Dept Emergency Med, Tucson, AZ USA.

[Harris, David T.] Univ Arizona, Univ Arizona Hlth Sci Biobank, Tucson, AZ USA. [LaFleur, Bonnie J.; Sprissler, Ryan; Nikolich-Zugich, Janko; Bhattacharya, Deepta] Univ Arizona, BIO5 Inst, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA.

Corresponding Address: Nikolich-Zugich, J; Bhattacharya, D (corresponding author), Univ Arizona, Coll Med, Dept Immunobiol, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA. Nikolich-Zugich, J (corresponding author), Univ Arizona, Ctr Aging, Coll Med, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA. Nikolich-Zugich, J; Bhattacharya, D (corresponding author), Univ Arizona, BIO5 Inst, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA.

E-mail Addresses: nikolich@arizona.edu; deeptab@arizona.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 21 of 50

Title: Computational analysis of SARS-CoV-2/COVID-19 surveillance by wastewaterbased epidemiology locally and globally: Feasibility, economy, opportunities and challenges

Author(s): Hart, OE (Hart, Olga E.); Halden, RU (Halden, Rolf U.)

Source: SCIENCE OF THE TOTAL ENVIRONMENT Volume: 730 Article Number: 138875 DOI: 10.1016/j.scitotenv.2020.138875 Published: AUG 15 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 199

Total Times Cited: 201

Abstract: With the economic and practical limits of medical screening for SARS-CoV-2/COVID-19 coming sharply into focus worldwide, scientists are turning now to wastewater-based epidemiology (WBE) as a potential tool for assessing and managing the pandemic. We employed computational analysis and modeling to examine the feasibility, economy, opportunities and challenges of enumerating active coronavirus infections locally and globally using WBE. Depending on local conditions, detection in community wastewater of one symptomatic/asymptomatic infected case per 100 to 2,000,000 non-infected people is theoretically feasible, with some practical successes now being reported from around the world. Computer simulations for past, present and emerging epidemic hotspots (e.g., Wuhan, Milan, Madrid, New York City, Teheran, Seattle, Detroit and New Orleans) identified temperature, average in-sewer travel time and per-capita water use as key variables. WBE surveillance of populations is shown to be orders of magnitude cheaper and faster than clinical screening, yet cannot fully replace it. Cost savings worldwide for one-time national surveillance campaigns are estimated to be in the million to billion US dollar range (US\$), depending on a nation's population size and number of testing rounds conducted. For resource poor regions and nations, WBE may represent the only viable means of effective surveillance. Important limitations of WBE rest with its inability to identify individuals and to pinpoint their specific locations. Not compensating for temperature effects renders WBE data vulnerable to severe under-/over-estimation of infected cases. Effective surveillance may be envisioned as a two-step process in which WBE serves to identify and enumerate infected cases, where after clinical testing then serves to identify infected individuals in WBE-revealed hotspots. Data provided here demonstrate this approach to save money, be broadly applicable worldwide, and potentially aid in precision management of the pandemic, thereby helping to accelerate the global economic recovery that billions of people rely upon for their livelihoods. (C) 2020 The Authors. Published by Elsevier B.V.

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Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Hart, Olga E.; Halden, Rolf U.] Arizona State Univ, Biodesign Ctr Environm HIth Engn, Biodesign Inst, 1001 S McAllister Ave, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA. [Halden, Rolf U.] Arizona State Univ Fdn, OneWaterOneHIth, 1001 S McAllister Ave, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA.

[Halden, Rolf U.] AquaVitas LLC, 9260 E Raintree Dr, Ste 140, Scottsdale, AZ 85260 USA.

Corresponding Address: Halden, RU (corresponding author), Arizona State Univ, Biodesign Ctr Environm Hlth Engn, Biodesign Inst, 1001 S McAllister Ave, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA.

E-mail Addresses: rolf.halden@asu.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 22 of 50

Title: How simulation modelling can help reduce the impact of COVID-19

Author(s): Currie, CSM (Currie, Christine S. M.); Fowler, JW (Fowler, John W.); Kotiadis, K (Kotiadis, Kathy); Monks, T (Monks, Thomas); Onggo, BS (Onggo, Bhakti Stephan); Robertson, DA (Robertson, Duncan A.); Tako, AA (Tako, Antuela A.)

Source: JOURNAL OF SIMULATION Volume: 14 Issue: 2 Special Issue: SI Pages: 83-97 DOI: 10.1080/17477778.2020.1751570 Published: APR 2 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 188

Total Times Cited: 189

Abstract: Modelling has been used extensively by all national governments and the World Health Organisation in deciding on the best strategies to pursue in mitigating the effects of COVID-19. Principally these have been epidemiological models aimed at understanding the spread of the disease and the impacts of different interventions. But a global pandemic generates a large number of problems and questions, not just those related to disease transmission, and each requires a different model to find the best solution. In this article we identify challenges resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic and discuss how simulation modelling could help to support decision-makers in making the most informed decisions. Modellers should see the article as a call to arms and decision-makers as a guide to what support is available from the simulation community.

Accession Number: WOS:000544408000001

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Currie, Christine S. M.; Onggo, Bhakti Stephan] Univ Southampton, CORMSIS, Southampton, Hants, England.
[Fowler, John W.] Arizona State Univ, WP Carey Sch Business, Tempe, AZ USA.
[Kotiadis, Kathy] Univ Kent, Kent Business Sch, Canterbury, Kent, England.
[Monks, Thomas] Univ Exeter, Med Sch, Exeter, Devon, England.
[Robertson, Duncan A.; Tako, Antuela A.] Loughborough Univ, Sch Business & Econ, Loughborough, Leics, England.
[Robertson, Duncan A.] Univ Oxford, St Catherines Coll, Oxford, England.

Corresponding Address: Currie, CSM (corresponding author), Univ Southampton, Math Sci, Southampton SO17 1BJ, Hants, England.

E-mail Addresses: christine.currie@soton.ac.uk

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 23 of 50

Title: The Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices' Interim Recommendation for Use of Moderna COVID-19 Vaccine - United States, December 2020

Author(s): Oliver, SE (Oliver, Sara E.); Gargano, JW (Gargano, Julia W.); Marin, M (Marin, Mona); Wallace, M (Wallace, Megan); Curran, KG (Curran, Kathryn G.); Chamberland, M (Chamberland, Mary); McClung, N (McClung, Nancy); Campos-Outcalt, D (Campos-Outcalt, Doug); Morgan, RL (Morgan, Rebecca L.); Mbaeyi, S (Mbaeyi, Sarah); Romero, JR (Romero, Jose R.); Talbot, HK (Talbot, H. Keipp); Lee, GM (Lee, Grace M.); Bell, BP (Bell, Beth P.); Dooling, K (Dooling, Kathleen)

Source: MMWR-MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY WEEKLY REPORT Volume: 69 Issue: 51-52 Pages: 1653-1656 DOI: 10.15585/mmwr.mm695152e1 Published: JAN 1 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 177

Total Times Cited: 181

Accession Number: WOS:000606436700005

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Oliver, Sara E.; Gargano, Julia W.; Marin, Mona; Wallace, Megan; Curran, Kathryn G.; Chamberland, Mary; McClung, Nancy; Mbaeyi, Sarah; Dooling, Kathleen] CDC, COVID 9 Response Team, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA.
[Wallace, Megan] CDC, Epidem Intelligence Serv, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA.
[Chamberland, Mary] Gen Dynam Informat Technol, Falls Church, VA USA.
[Campos-Outcalt, Doug] Univ Arizona, Coll Med, Phoenix, AZ USA.
[Morgan, Rebecca L.] Dept HIth Res Methods Evidence & Impact, Hamilton, ON, Canada.
[Romero, Jose R.] Arkansas Dept HIth, Little Rock, AR 72205 USA.
[Talbot, H. Keipp] Vanderbilt Univ, Sch Med, Nashville, TN 37212 USA.
[Bell, Beth P.] Univ Washington, Seattle, WA 98195 USA.

Corresponding Address: Oliver, SE (corresponding author), CDC, COVID 9 Response Team, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA.

E-mail Addresses: yxo4@cdc.gov

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 24 of 50

Title: The origins of SARS-CoV-2: A critical review

Author(s): Holmes, EC (Holmes, Edward C.); Goldstein, SA (Goldstein, Stephen A.); Rasmussen, AL (Rasmussen, Angela L.); Robertson, DL (Robertson, David L.); Crits-Christoph, A (Crits-Christoph, Alexander); Wertheim, JO (Wertheim, Joel O.); Anthony, SJ (Anthony, Simon J.); Barclay, WS (Barclay, Wendy S.); Boni, MF (Boni, Maciej F.); Doherty, PC (Doherty, Peter C.); Farrar, J (Farrar, Jeremy); Geoghegan, JL (Geoghegan, Jemma L.); Jiang, XW (Jiang, Xiaowei); Leibowitz, JL (Leibowitz, Julian L.); Neil, SJD (Neil, Stuart J. D.); Skern, T (Skern, Tim); Weiss, SR (Weiss, Susan R.); Worobey, M (Worobey, Michael); Andersen, KG (Andersen, Kristian G.); Garry, RF (Garry, Robert F.); Rambaut, A (Rambaut, Andrew)

Source: CELL **Volume:** 184 **Issue:** 19 **Pages:** 4848-4856 **DOI:** 10.1016/ j.cell.2021.08.017 **Early Access Date:** SEP 2021 **Published:** SEP 16 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 174

Total Times Cited: 175

Abstract: Since the first reports of a novel severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS)like coronavirus in December 2019 in Wuhan, China, there has been intense interest in understanding how severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) emerged in the human population. Recent debate has coalesced around two competing ideas: a "laboratory escape" scenario and zoonotic emergence. Here, we critically review the current scientific evidence that may help clarify the origin of SARS-CoV-2.

Accession Number: WOS:000704445100004

Document Type: Review

Addresses: [Holmes, Edward C.] Univ Sydney, Marie Bashir Inst Infect Dis & Biosecur, Sch Life & Environm Sci, Sydney, NSW 2006, Australia.

[Holmes, Edward C.] Univ Sydney, Sch Med Sci, Sydney, NSW 2006, Australia.

[Goldstein, Stephen A.] Univ Utah, Dept Human Genet, Salt Lake City, UT 84112 USA. [Rasmussen, Angela L.] Univ Saskatchewan, Vaccine & Infect Dis Org, Saskatoon, SK S7N 5E3, Canada.

[Robertson, David L.] Univ Glasgow, MRC, Ctr Virus Res, Glasgow G61 1QH, Lanark, Scotland.

[Crits-Christoph, Alexander] Univ Calif Berkeley, Dept Plant & Microbial Biol, Berkeley, CA 94704 USA.

[Wertheim, Joel O.] Univ Calif San Diego, Dept Med, La Jolla, CA 92093 USA.

[Anthony, Simon J.] Univ Calif Davis, Sch Vet Med, Dept Pathol Microbiol & Immunol, Davis, CA 95616 USA.

[Barclay, Wendy S.] Imperial Coll, Dept Infect Dis, London W2 1PG, England. [Boni, Maciej F.] Penn State Univ, Ctr Infect Dis Dynam, Dept Biol, University Pk, PA 16802 USA.

[Doherty, Peter C.] Univ Melbourne, Doherty Inst, Dept Microbiol & Immunol, 792 Elizabeth St, Melbourne, Vic 3000, Australia.

[Farrar, Jeremy] Wellcome Trust Res Labs, London NW1 2BE, England.

[Geoghegan, Jemma L.] Univ Otago, Dept Microbiol & Immunol, Dunedin 9010, New Zealand.

[Geoghegan, Jemma L.] Inst Environm Sci & Res, Wellington 5022, New Zealand. [Jiang, Xiaowei] Xian Jiaotong Liverpool Univ XJTLU, Dept Biol Sci, Suzhou, Peoples R China.

[Leibowitz, Julian L.] Texas A&M Univ, Dept Microbial Pathogenesis & Immunol, College Stn, TX 77807 USA.

[Neil, Stuart J. D.] Kings Coll London, Guys Hosp, Dept Infect Dis, London SE1 9RT, England.

[Skern, Tim] Med Univ Vienna, Vienna Bioctr, Max Perutz Labs, Dr Bohr Gasse 9-3, A-1030 Vienna, Austria.

[Weiss, Susan R.] Univ Penn, Perelman Sch Med, Dept Microbiol, Philadelphia, PA 19104 USA.

[Worobey, Michael] Univ Arizona, Dept Ecol & Evolutionary Biol, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA. [Andersen, Kristian G.] Scripps Res Inst, Dept Immunol & Microbiol, La Jolla, CA 92037 USA.

[Garry, Robert F.] Tulane Univ, Sch Med, Dept Microbiol & Immunol, New Orleans, LA 70112 USA.

[Garry, Robert F.] Zalgen Labs, Germantown, MD 20876 USA.

[Rambaut, Andrew] Univ Edinburgh, Inst Evolutionary Biol, Edinburgh EH9 3FL, Midlothian, Scotland.

Corresponding Address: Holmes, EC (corresponding author), Univ Sydney, Marie Bashir Inst Infect Dis & Biosecur, Sch Life & Environm Sci, Sydney, NSW 2006, Australia. Holmes, EC (corresponding author), Univ Sydney, Sch Med Sci, Sydney, NSW 2006, Australia.

Rambaut, A (corresponding author), Univ Edinburgh, Inst Evolutionary Biol, Edinburgh EH9 3FL, Midlothian, Scotland.

E-mail Addresses: edward.holmes@sydney.edu.au; a.rambaut@ed.ac.uk

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 25 of 50

Title: The COVID-19 Pandemic, Small-Scale Fisheries and Coastal Fishing Communities

Author(s): Bennett, NJ (Bennett, Nathan J.); Finkbeiner, EM (Finkbeiner, Elena M.); Ban, NC (Ban, Natalie C.); Belhabib, D (Belhabib, Dyhia); Jupiter, SD (Jupiter, Stacy D.); Kittinger, JN (Kittinger, John N.); Mangubhai, S (Mangubhai, Sangeeta); Scholtens, J (Scholtens, Joeri); Gill, D (Gill, David); Christie, P (Christie, Patrick)

Source: COASTAL MANAGEMENT Volume: 48 Issue: 4 Pages: 336-347 DOI: 10.1080/08920753.2020.1766937 Early Access Date: MAY 2020 Published: JUL 3 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 172

Total Times Cited: 177

Abstract: The COVID-19 pandemic has rapidly spread around the world with extensive social and economic effects. This editorial focuses specifically on the implications of the pandemic for small-scale fishers, including marketing and processing aspects of the sector, and coastal fishing communities, drawing from news and reports from around the world. Negative consequences to date have included complete shut-downs of some fisheries, knock-on economic effects from market disruptions, increased health risks for fishers, processors and communities, additional implications for marginalized groups, exacerbated vulnerabilities to other social and environmental stressors, and increased Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated fishing. Though much of the news is dire, there have been some positive outcomes such as food sharing, the revival of local food networks, increases in local sales through direct marketing and deliveries, collective actions to safeguard rights, collaborations between communities and governments, and reduced fishing pressure in some places. While the crisis is still unfolding, there is an urgent need to coordinate, plan and implement effective short- and long-term responses. Thus, we urge governments, development organizations, NGOs, donors, the private sector, and researchers to rapidly mobilize in support of small-scale fishers, coastal fishing communities, and associated civil society organizations, and suggest actions that can be taken by each to help these groups respond to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Accession Number: WOS:000538731100001

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Bennett, Nathan J.] Univ British Columbia, Inst Oceans & Fisheries, Vancouver, BC, Canada.

[Bennett, Nathan J.] Int Union Conservat Nat, Commiss Ecol Econ & Social Policy, People & Ocean Specialist Grp, Global, Gland, Switzerland.

[Finkbeiner, Elena M.; Kittinger, John N.] Conservat Int, Ctr Oceans, Honolulu, HI 96816 USA.

[Finkbeiner, Elena M.] Univ Calif Santa Cruz, Coastal Sci & Policy, Santa Cruz, CA 95064 USA.

[Ban, Natalie C.] Univ Victoria, Sch Environm Studies, Victoria, BC, Canada. [Belhabib, Dyhia] Ecotrust Canada, Vancouver, BC, Canada.

[Jupiter, Stacy D.] Wildlife Conservat Soc, Melanesia Reg Program, Suva, Fiji. [Kittinger, John N.] Arizona State Univ, Global Futures Lab, Tempe, AZ USA. [Kittinger, John N.] Arizona State Univ, Sch Sustainabil, Tempe, AZ USA.

[Mangubhai, Sangeeta] Wildlife Conservat Soc, Fiji Country Program, Suva, Fiji.

[Scholtens, Joeri] Univ Amsterdam, Amsterdam Inst Social Sci Res, Amsterdam, Netherlands.

[Gill, David] Duke Univ, Nicholas Sch Environm, Durham, NC 27708 USA.

[Christie, Patrick] Univ Washington, Sch Marine & Environm Affairs, Seattle, WA 98195 USA.

[Christie, Patrick] Univ Washington, Jackson Sch Int Studies, Seattle, WA 98195 USA.

Corresponding Address: Bennett, NJ (corresponding author), Univ British Columbia, Inst Oceans & Fisheries, Vancouver, BC, Canada.

Finkbeiner, EM (corresponding author), Conservat Int, Ctr Oceans, Honolulu, HI 96816 USA.

E-mail Addresses: nathan.bennett@ubc.ca; efinkbeiner@conservation.org

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 26 of 50

Title: Umbilical cord mesenchymal stem cells for COVID-19 acute respiratory distress syndrome: A double-blind, phase 1/2a, randomized controlled trial

Author(s): Lanzoni, G (Lanzoni, Giacomo); Linetsky, E (Linetsky, Elina); Correa, D (Correa, Diego); Cayetano, SM (Cayetano, Shari Messinger); Alvarez, RA (Alvarez, Roger A.); Kouroupis, D (Kouroupis, Dimitrios); Gil, AA (Gil, Ana Alvarez); Poggioli, R (Poggioli, Raffaella); Ruiz, P (Ruiz, Phillip); Marttos, AC (Marttos, Antonio C.); Hirani, K (Hirani, Khemraj); Bell, CA (Bell, Crystal A.); Kusack, H (Kusack, Halina); Rafkin, L (Rafkin, Lisa); Baidal, D (Baidal, David); Pastewski, A (Pastewski, Andrew); Gawri, K (Gawri, Kunal); Lenero, C (Lenero, Clarissa); Mantero, AMA (Mantero, Alejandro M. A.); Metalonis, SW (Metalonis, Sarah W.); Wang, XJ (Wang, Xiaojing); Roque, L (Roque, Luis); Masters, B (Masters, Burlett); Kenyon, NS (Kenyon, Norma S.); Ginzburg, E (Ginzburg, Enrique); Xu, XM (Xu, Xiumin); Tan, JM (Tan, Jianming); Caplan, AI (Caplan, Arnold, I); Glassberg, MK (Glassberg, Marilyn K.); Alejandro, R (Alejandro, Rodolfo); Ricordi, C (Ricordi, Camillo)

Source: STEM CELLS TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE Volume: 10 Issue: 5 Pages: 660-673 DOI: 10.1002/sctm.20-0472 Early Access Date: JAN 2021 Published: MAY 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 164

Total Times Cited: 170

Abstract: Acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS) in COVID-19 is associated with high mortality. Mesenchymal stem cells are known to exert immunomodulatory and antiinflammatory effects and could yield beneficial effects in COVID-19 ARDS. The objective of this study was to determine safety and explore efficacy of umbilical cord mesenchymal stem cell (UC-MSC) infusions in subjects with COVID-19 ARDS. A doubleblind, phase 1/2a, randomized, controlled trial was performed. Randomization and stratification by ARDS severity was used to foster balance among groups. All subjects were analyzed under intention to treat design. Twenty-four subjects were randomized 1:1 to either UC-MSC treatment (n = 12) or the control group (n = 12). Subjects in the UC-MSC treatment group received two intravenous infusions (at day 0 and 3) of 100 +/- 20 x 10(6) UC-MSCs; controls received two infusions of vehicle solution. Both groups received best standard of care. Primary endpoint was safety (adverse events [AEs]) within 6 hours; cardiac arrest or death within 24 hours postinfusion). Secondary endpoints included patient survival at 31 days after the first infusion and time to recovery. No difference was observed between groups in infusion-associated AEs. No serious adverse events (SAEs) were observed related to UC-MSC infusions. UC-MSC infusions in COVID-19 ARDS were found to be safe. Inflammatory cytokines were significantly decreased in UC-MSC-treated subjects at day 6. Treatment was associated with significantly improved patient survival (91% vs 42%, P = .015), SAE-free survival (P = .008), and time to recovery (P = .03). UC-MSC infusions are safe and could be beneficial in treating subjects with COVID-19 ARDS.

Accession Number: WOS:000604705500001

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Lanzoni, Giacomo; Linetsky, Elina; Correa, Diego; Kouroupis, Dimitrios; Gil, Ana Alvarez; Poggioli, Raffaella; Hirani, Khemraj; Rafkin, Lisa; Baidal, David; Lenero, Clarissa; Wang, Xiaojing; Roque, Luis; Masters, Burlett; Kenyon, Norma S.; Xu, Xiumin; Alejandro, Rodolfo; Ricordi, Camillo] Univ Miami, Cell Transplant Ctr, Diabet Res Inst, Miller Sch Med, 1450 NW 10th Ave, Miami, FL 33137 USA.

[Lanzoni, Giacomo] Univ Miami, Dept Biochem & Mol Biol, Miller Sch Med, Miami, FL 33137 USA.

[Linetsky, Elina; Ruiz, Phillip; Ginzburg, Enrique; Ricordi, Camillo] Univ Miami, Dept Surg, Miller Sch Med, Miami, FL 33137 USA.

[Correa, Diego] Univ Miami, UHIth Sports Med Inst, Dept Orthoped, Miller Sch Med, Miami, FL 33137 USA.

[Cayetano, Shari Messinger; Mantero, Alejandro M. A.; Metalonis, Sarah W.] Univ Miami, Dept Publ Hlth Sci, Div Biostat, Miller Sch Med, Miami, FL 33137 USA.

[Alvarez, Roger A.; Marttos, Antonio C.; Hirani, Khemraj; Bell, Crystal A.; Kusack, Halina; Baidal, David; Gawri, Kunal; Alejandro, Rodolfo] Univ Miami, Dept Med, Miller Sch Med, Miami, FL 33137 USA.

[Alvarez, Roger A.; Marttos, Antonio C.; Baidal, David; Gawri, Kunal; Ginzburg, Enrique; Alejandro, Rodolfo] Univ Miami Hlth Syst, Miami, FL USA.

[Marttos, Antonio C.; Pastewski, Andrew; Ginzburg, Enrique] Jackson Hlth Syst, Miami, FL USA.

[Tan, Jianming] Hainan Med Univ, Affiliated Hosp 2, Haikou, Hainan, Peoples R China. [Caplan, Arnold, I] Case Western Reserve Univ, Skeletal Res Ctr, Cleveland, OH USA. [Glassberg, Marilyn K.] Univ Arizona, Coll Med, Tucson, AZ USA.

Corresponding Address: Ricordi, C (corresponding author), Univ Miami, Cell Transplant Ctr, Diabet Res Inst, Miller Sch Med, 1450 NW 10th Ave, Miami, FL 33137 USA.

E-mail Addresses: glanzoni@med.miami.edu; cricordi@med.miami.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

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Record 27 of 50

Title: Pharmaco-Immunomodulatory Therapy in COVID-19

Author(s): Rizk, JG (Rizk, John G.); Kalantar-Zadeh, K (Kalantar-Zadeh, Kamyar); Mehra, MR (Mehra, Mandeep R.); Lavie, CJ (Lavie, Carl J.); Rizk, Y (Rizk, Youssef); Forthal, DN

(Forthal, Donald N.)

Source: DRUGS Volume: 80 Issue: 13 Pages: 1267-1292 DOI: 10.1007/s40265-020-01367-z Early Access Date: JUL 2020 Published: SEP 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 154

Total Times Cited: 164

Abstract: The severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 associated coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) illness is a syndrome of viral replication in concert with a host inflammatory response. The cytokine storm and viral evasion of cellular immune responses may play an equally important role in the pathogenesis, clinical manifestation, and outcomes of COVID-19. Systemic proinflammatory cytokines and biomarkers are elevated as the disease progresses towards its advanced stages, and correlate with worse chances of survival. Immune modulators have the potential to inhibit cytokines and treat the cytokine storm. A literature search using PubMed, Google Scholar, and ClinicalTrials.gov was conducted through 8 July 2020 using the search terms 'coronavirus', 'immunology', 'cytokine storm', 'immunomodulators', 'pharmacology', 'severe acute respiratory syndrome 2', 'SARS-CoV-2', and 'COVID-19'. Specific immune modulators include anti-cytokines such as interleukin (IL)-1 and IL-6 receptor antagonists (e.g. anakinra, tocilizumab, sarilumab, siltuximab), Janus kinase (JAK) inhibitors (e.g. baricitinib, ruxolitinib), anti-tumor necrosis factor-alpha (e.g. adalimumab, infliximab), granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factors (e.g. gimsilumab, lenzilumab, namilumab), and convalescent plasma, with promising to negative trials and other data. Non-specific immune modulators include human immunoglobulin, corticosteroids such as dexamethasone, interferons, statins, angiotensin pathway modulators, macrolides (e.g. azithromycin, clarithromycin), hydroxychloroquine and chloroquine, colchicine, and prostaglandin D2 modulators such as ramatroban. Dexamethasone 6 mg once daily (either by mouth or by intravenous injection) for 10 days may result in a reduction in mortality in COVID-19 patients by one-third for patients on ventilators, and by one-fifth for those receiving oxygen. Research efforts should focus not only on the most relevant immunomodulatory strategies but also on the optimal timing of such interventions to maximize therapeutic outcomes. In this review, we discuss the potential role and safety of these agents in the management of severe COVID-19, and their impact on survival and clinical symptoms.

Accession Number: WOS:000551013900001

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Rizk, John G.] Arizona State Univ, Edson Coll, Phoenix, AZ 85004 USA.

[Kalantar-Zadeh, Kamyar] Univ Calif Irvine, Sch Med, Div Nephrol Hypertens & Kidney Transplantat, Irvine, CA 92717 USA.

[Kalantar-Zadeh, Kamyar] Univ Calif Los Angeles, Fielding Sch Publ Hlth, Dept Epidemiol, Los Angeles, CA USA.

[Kalantar-Zadeh, Kamyar] Tibor Rubin VA Long Beach Healthcare Syst, Long Beach, CA USA.

[Mehra, Mandeep R.] Brigham & Womens Hosp, 75 Francis St, Boston, MA 02115 USA. [Mehra, Mandeep R.] Harvard Med Sch, Boston, MA 02115 USA.

[Lavie, Carl J.] Univ Queensland, Sch Med, Ochsner Clin Sch, John Ochsner Heart & Vasc Inst, New Orleans, LA USA.

[Rizk, Youssef] Amer Univ Beirut, Dept Family Med, Med Ctr, Beirut, Lebanon.

[Forthal, Donald N.] Univ Calif Irvine, Sch Med, Dept Med, Div Infect Dis, Irvine, CA 92717 USA.

[Forthal, Donald N.] Univ Calif Irvine, Sch Med, Dept Mol Biol & Biochem, Irvine, CA

92717 USA.

Corresponding Address: Rizk, JG (corresponding author), Arizona State Univ, Edson Coll, Phoenix, AZ 85004 USA.

E-mail Addresses: john.rizk@lau.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 28 of 50

Title: Emergence and rapid transmission of SARS-CoV-2 B.1.1.7 in the United States

Author(s): Washington, NL (Washington, Nicole L.); Gangavarapu, K (Gangavarapu, Karthik); Zeller, M (Zeller, Mark); Bolze, A (Bolze, Alexandre); Cirulli, ET (Cirulli, Elizabeth T.); Barrett, KMS (Barrett, Kelly M. Schiabor); Larsen, BB (Larsen, Brendan B.); Anderson, C (Anderson, Catelyn); White, S (White, Simon); Cassens, T (Cassens, Tyler); Jacobs, S (Jacobs, Sharoni); Levan, G (Levan, Geraint); Nguyen, J (Nguyen, Jason); Ramirez, JM (Ramirez, Jimmy M., III); Rivera-Garcia, C (Rivera-Garcia, Charlotte); Sandoval, E (Sandoval, Efren); Wang, XQ (Wang, Xueqing); Wong, D (Wong, David); Spencer, E (Spencer, Emily); Robles-Sikisaka, R (Robles-Sikisaka, Refugio); Kurzban, E (Kurzban, Ezra); Hughes, LD (Hughes, Laura D.); Deng, XD (Deng, Xianding); Wang, CDC (Wang, Candace); Servellita, V (Servellita, Venice); Valentine, H (Valentine, Holly); De Hoff, P (De Hoff, Peter); Seaver, P (Seaver, Phoebe); Sathe, S (Sathe, Shashank); Gietzen, K (Gietzen, Kimberly); Sickler, B (Sickler, Brad); Antico, J (Antico, Jay); Hoon, K (Hoon, Kelly); Liu, JT (Liu, Jingtao); Harding, A (Harding, Aaron); Bakhtar, O (Bakhtar, Omid); Basler, T (Basler, Tracy); Austin, B (Austin, Brett); MacCannell, D (MacCannell, Duncan); Isaksson, M (Isaksson, Magnus); Febbo, PG (Febbo, Phillip G.); Becker, D (Becker, David); Laurent, M (Laurent, Marc); McDonald, E (McDonald, Eric); Yeo, GW (Yeo, Gene W.); Knight, R (Knight, Rob); Laurent, LC (Laurent, Louise C.); de Feo, E (de Feo, Eileen); Worobey, M (Worobey, Michael); Chiu, CY (Chiu, Charles Y.); Suchard, MA (Suchard, Marc A.); Lu, JT (Lu, James T.); Lee, W (Lee, William); Andersen, KG (Andersen, Kristian G.)

Source: CELL Volume: 184 Issue: 10 Pages: 2587-+ Article Number: e7 DOI: 10.1016/j.cell.2021.03.052 Early Access Date: MAY 2021 Published: MAY 13 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 150

Total Times Cited: 152

Abstract: The highly transmissible B.1.1.7 variant of SARS-CoV-2, first identified in the United Kingdom, has gained a foothold across the world. Using S gene target failure (SGTF) and SARS-CoV-2 genomic sequencing, we investigated the prevalence and dynamics of this variant in the United States (US), tracking it back to its early emergence. We found that, while the fraction of B.1.1.7 varied by state, the variant increased at a logistic rate with a roughly weekly doubling rate and an increased transmission of 40%-50%. We revealed several independent introductions of B.1.1.7 into the US as early as late November 2020, with community transmission spreading it to most states within months. We show that the US is on a similar trajectory as other countries where B.1.1.7 became dominant, requiring immediate and decisive action to

minimize COVID-19 morbidity and mortality.

Accession Number: WOS:000652830800006

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Washington, Nicole L.; Bolze, Alexandre; Cirulli, Elizabeth T.; Barrett, Kelly M. Schiabor; White, Simon; Cassens, Tyler; Jacobs, Sharoni; Levan, Geraint; Nguyen, Jason; Ramirez, Jimmy M., III; Rivera-Garcia, Charlotte; Sandoval, Efren; Wang, Xueqing; Wong, David; Isaksson, Magnus; Becker, David; Laurent, Marc; Lu, James T.; Lee, William] Helix, San Mateo, CA 94401 USA.

[Gangavarapu, Karthik; Zeller, Mark; Anderson, Catelyn; Spencer, Emily; Robles-Sikisaka, Refugio; Kurzban, Ezra; Andersen, Kristian G.] Scripps Res Inst, Dept Immunol & Microbiol, La Jolla, CA 92037 USA.

[Larsen, Brendan B.; Worobey, Michael] Univ Arizona, Dept Ecol & Evolutionary Biol, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA.

[Hughes, Laura D.; Andersen, Kristian G.] Scripps Res Inst, Dept Integrat Struct & Computat Biol, La Jolla, CA 92122 USA.

[Deng, Xianding; Wang, Candace; Servellita, Venice; Chiu, Charles Y.] Univ Calif San Francisco, Dept Lab Med, San Francisco, CA 94158 USA.

[Valentine, Holly; De Hoff, Peter; Seaver, Phoebe; Sathe, Shashank; Yeo, Gene W.; Knight, Rob; Laurent, Louise C.] Univ Calif San Diego, San Diego, CA 92093 USA. [Gietzen, Kimberly; Sickler, Brad; Antico, Jay; Hoon, Kelly; Liu, Jingtao; Febbo, Phillip G.; de Feo, Eileen] Illumina, San Diego, CA 92122 USA.

[Harding, Aaron; Bakhtar, Omid] Sharp Healthcare, San Diego, CA 92111 USA. [Basler, Tracy; Austin, Brett; McDonald, Eric] San Diego Cty Hlth & Human Serv Agcy, San Diego, CA 92101 USA.

[MacCannell, Duncan] Ctr Dis Control & Prevent, Off Adv Mol Detect, Atlanta, GA 30329 USA.

[Chiu, Charles Y.] Innovat Genom Inst, Berkeley, CA 94720 USA.

[Suchard, Marc A.] Univ Calif Los Angeles, Fielding Sch Publ Hlth, Dept Biostat, Los Angeles, CA 90095 USA.

[Suchard, Marc A.] Univ Calif Los Angeles, David Geffen Sch Med, Dept Biomath, Los Angeles, CA 90095 USA.

[Suchard, Marc A.] Univ Calif Los Angeles, David Geffen Sch Med, Dept Human Genet, Los Angeles, CA 90095 USA.

[Andersen, Kristian G.] Scripps Res Translat Inst, La Jolla, CA 92037 USA.

Corresponding Address: Washington, NL (corresponding author), Helix, San Mateo, CA 94401 USA.

Gangavarapu, K; Andersen, KG (corresponding author), Scripps Res Inst, Dept Immunol & Microbiol, La Jolla, CA 92037 USA.

Andersen, KG (corresponding author), Scripps Res Inst, Dept Integrat Struct & Computat Biol, La Jolla, CA 92122 USA.

Andersen, KG (corresponding author), Scripps Res Translat Inst, La Jolla, CA 92037 USA.

E-mail Addresses: nicole.washington@helix.com; gkarthik@scripps.edu; andersen@scripps.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 29 of 50

Title: Triage of Scarce Critical Care Resources in COVID-19 An Implementation Guide for Regional Allocation An Expert Panel Report of the Task Force for Mass Critical Care and the American College of Chest Physicians

Author(s): Maves, RC (Maves, Ryan C.); Downar, J (Downar, James); Dichter, JR (Dichter, Jeffrey R.); Hick, JL (Hick, John L.); Devereaux, A (Devereaux, Asha); Geiling, JA (Geiling, James A.); Kissoon, N (Kissoon, Niranjan); Hupert, N (Hupert, Nathaniel); Niven, AS (Niven, Alexander S.); King, MA (King, Mary A.); Rubinson, LL (Rubinson, Lewis L.); Hanfling, D (Hanfling, Dan); Hodge, JG (Hodge, James G., Jr.); Marshall, MF (Marshall, Mary Faith); Fischkoff, K (Fischkoff, Katherine); Evans, LE (Evans, Laura E.); Tonelli, MR (Tonelli, Mark R.); Wax, RS (Wax, Randy S.); Seda, G (Seda, Gilbert); Parrish, JS (Parrish, John S.); Truog, RD (Truog, Robert D.); Sprung, CL (Sprung, Charles L.); Christian, MD (Christian, Michael D.)

Group Author(s): ACCP Task Force Mass Critical Care

Source: CHEST **Volume:** 158 **Issue:** 1 **Pages:** 212-225 **DOI:** 10.1016/ j.chest.2020.03.063 **Published:** JUL 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 144

Total Times Cited: 146

Abstract: Public health emergencies have the potential to place enormous strain on health systems. The current pandemic of the novel 2019 coronavirus disease has required hospitals in numerous countries to expand their surge capacity to meet the needs of patients with critical illness. When even surge capacity is exceeded, however, principles of critical care triage may be needed as a means to allocate scarce resources, such as mechanical ventilators or key medications. The goal of a triage system is to direct limited resources towards patients most likely to benefit from them. Implementing a triage system requires careful coordination between clinicians, health systems, local and regional governments, and the public, with a goal of transparency to maintain trust. We discuss the principles of tertiary triage and methods for implementing such a system, emphasizing that these systems should serve only as a last resort. Even under triage, we must uphold our obligation to care for all patients as best possible under difficult circumstances.

Accession Number: WOS:000545659700049

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Maves, Ryan C.; Seda, Gilbert; Parrish, John S.] Naval Med Ctr, San Diego, CA USA.

[Downar, James] Univ Ottawa, Ottawa, ON, Canada.
[Dichter, Jeffrey R.] Univ Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN USA.
[Hick, John L.] Hennepin Cty Med Ctr, Minneapolis, MN 55415 USA.
[Devereaux, Asha] Sharp Coronado Hosp, Coronado, CA USA.
[Geiling, James A.] Dartmouth Coll, Geisel Sch Med, Hanover, NH 03755 USA.
[Kissoon, Niranjan] Univ British Columbia, Vancouver, BC, Canada.
[Hupert, Nathaniel] Weill Cornell Med Coll, New York, NY USA.

[Niven, Alexander S.] Mayo Clin, Rochester, MN USA.

[King, Mary A.; Evans, Laura E.; Tonelli, Mark R.] Univ Washington, Seattle, WA 98195 USA.

[Rubinson, Lewis L.] Morristown Med Ctr, Morristown, NJ USA.

[Hanfling, Dan] Inova Fairfax Hosp, Falls Church, VA USA.

[Hodge, James G., Jr.] Arizona State Univ, Tempe, AZ USA.

[Marshall, Mary Faith] Univ Virginia, Charlottesville, VA USA. [Fischkoff, Katherine] Columbia Univ, New York, NY USA. [Wax, Randy S.] Queens Univ, Kingston, ON, Canada. [Truog, Robert D.] Harvard Med Sch, Boston, MA 02115 USA. [Sprung, Charles L.] Hebrew Univ Jerusalem, Hadassah Med Ctr, Fac Med, Jerusalem, Israel. [Christian, Michael D.] Barts NHS HIth Trust, Royal London Hosp, Londons Air Ambulance, London, England.

Corresponding Address: Dichter, JR (corresponding author), Univ Minnesota, Sch Med, Div Pulm & Crit Care Med, 500 Harvard St SE, Minneapolis, MN 55455 USA.

E-mail Addresses: jrdichter1@gmail.com

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 30 of 50

Title: Terror Management Theory and the COVID-19 Pandemic

Author(s): Pyszczynski, T (Pyszczynski, Tom); Lockett, M (Lockett, McKenzie); Greenberg, J (Greenberg, Jeff); Solomon, S (Solomon, Sheldon)

Source: JOURNAL OF HUMANISTIC PSYCHOLOGY Volume: 61 Issue: 2 Special Issue: SI Pages: 173-189 Article Number: 0022167820959488 DOI: 10.1177/0022167820959488 Early Access Date: SEP 2020 Published: MAR 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 141

Total Times Cited: 142

Abstract: Terror management theory is focused on the role that awareness of death plays in diverse aspects of life. Here, we discuss the theory's implications for understanding the widely varying ways in which people have responded to the COVID-19 pandemic. We argue that regardless of whether one consciously believes that the virus is a major threat to life or only a minor inconvenience, fear of death plays an important role in driving one's attitudes and behavior related to the virus. We focus on the terror management theory distinction between proximal defenses, which are activated when thoughts of death are in current focal attention and are logically related to the threat at hand, and distal defenses, which are activated when thoughts of death are on the fringes of one's consciousness and entail the pursuit of meaning, personal value, and close relationships. We use this framework to discuss the many ways in which COVID-19 undermines psychological equanimity, the diverse ways people have responded to this threat, and the role of ineffective terror management in psychological distress and disorder that may emerge in response to the virus.

Accession Number: WOS:000570663900001

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Pyszczynski, Tom] Univ Colorado, Psychol, Colorado Springs, CO 80907

USA.

[Lockett, McKenzie] Univ Colorado, Clin Psychol, Colorado Springs, CO 80907 USA. [Greenberg, Jeff] Univ Arizona, Psychol, Tucson, AZ USA. [Greenberg, Jeff] Univ Arizona, Tucson, AZ USA. [Solomon, Sheldon] Skidmore Coll, Psychol, Saratoga Springs, NY 12866 USA.

Corresponding Address: Pyszczynski, T (corresponding author), Univ Colorado, Colorado Springs, CO 80829 USA.

E-mail Addresses: tpyszczy@uccs.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 31 of 50

Title: Adolescents' Perceived Socio-Emotional Impact of COVID-19 and Implications for Mental Health: Results From a US-Based Mixed-Methods Study

Author(s): Rogers, AA (Rogers, Adam A.); Ha, T (Ha, Thao); Ockey, S (Ockey, Sydney)

Source: JOURNAL OF ADOLESCENT HEALTH Volume: 68 Issue: 1 Pages: 43-52 DOI: 10.1016/j.jadohealth.2020.09.039 Published: JAN 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 138

Total Times Cited: 139

Abstract: Purpose: COVID-19 has disrupted many aspects of adolescents' lives, yet little data are available that document their subjective experiences of the pandemic. In a mixed-methods study of U.S. adolescents, we examined (1) adolescents' perceptions of how their social and emotional lives had changed during COVID-19; and (2) associations between these perceived changes and indices of their mental health, above and beyond their prepandemic mental health status.

Methods: Four hundred seven U.S. adolescents (M-age = 15.24, standard deviation = 1.69; 50% female; 52%, 20% African American, 17% Hispanic/Latinx) completed surveys before (October 2019) and during (April 2020) the COVID-19 pandemic. They provided qualitative and quantitative responses on their experiences with COVID-19 and reports of their mental health.

Results: Adolescents perceived various changes in their relationships with family and friends (e.g., less perceived friend support) during COVID-19. They also perceived increases in negative affect and decreases in positive affect. These perceived social and emotional changes were associated with elevated depressive symptoms, anxiety symptoms, and loneliness in April 2020, controlling for mental health problems before the pandemic.

Conclusions: Our findings sensitize clinicians and scholars to the vulnerabilities (changes in friendship dynamics), as well as resiliencies (supportive family contexts), presented to U.S. adolescents during the early months of COVID-19. (C) 2020 Society for Adolescent Health and Medicine. All rights reserved.

Accession Number: WOS:000612549900010

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Rogers, Adam A.; Ockey, Sydney] Brigham Young Univ, Sch Family Life, JFSB 2086, Provo, UT 84602 USA. [Ha, Thao] Arizona State Univ, Dept Psychol, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA.

Corresponding Address: Rogers, AA (corresponding author), Brigham Young Univ, Sch Family Life, JFSB 2086, Provo, UT 84602 USA.

E-mail Addresses: adam_rogers@byu.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 32 of 50

Title: COVID-19 impact on fruit and vegetable markets

Author(s): Richards, TJ (Richards, Timothy J.); Rickard, B (Rickard, Bradley)

Source: CANADIAN JOURNAL OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS-REVUE CANADIENNE D AGROECONOMIE Volume: 68 Issue: 2 Pages: 189-194 DOI: 10.1111/cjag.12231 Ea rly Access Date: MAY 2020 Published: JUN 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 137

Total Times Cited: 139

Abstract: Canadian fruit and vegetable markets were significantly impacted by the spread of the novel coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 (and COVID-19 disease), beginning in March 2020. Due to the closure of restaurants, bars, and schools, produce growers and distributors were forced to shift supplies almost entirely from the foodservice to the retail channel. Shippers reported labor and logistical constraints in making the change, but the fresh produce supply chain remained robust. In the long term, we expect lasting changes in consumers' online food-purchasing habits, heightened constraints on immigrant labor markets, and tighter concentration in fresh produce distribution and perhaps retailing.

Accession Number: WOS:000533460100001

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Richards, Timothy J.] Arizona State Univ, WP Carey Sch Business, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA.

[Rickard, Bradley] Cornell Univ, Dyson Sch Appl Econ & Management, SC Johnson Sch Business, Ithaca, NY 14853 USA.

[Rickard, Bradley] KEDGE Business Sch, Talence, France.

Corresponding Address: Richards, TJ (corresponding author), Arizona State Univ, WP Carey Sch Business, Tempe, AZ 85287 USA.

E-mail Addresses: trichards@asu.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 33 of 50

Title: Evaluation of Abbott BinaxNOW Rapid Antigen Test for SARS-CoV-2 Infection at Two Community-Based Testing Sites - Pima County, Arizona, November 3-17, 2020

Author(s): Prince-Guerra, JL (Prince-Guerra, Jessica L.); Almendares, O (Almendares, Olivia); Nolen, LD (Nolen, Leisha D.); Gunn, JKL (Gunn, Jayleen K. L.); Dale, AP (Dale, Ariella P.); Buono, SA (Buono, Sean A.); Deutsch-Feldman, M (Deutsch-Feldman, Molly); Suppiah, S (Suppiah, Suganthi); Hao, LJ (Hao, LiJuan); Zeng, Y (Zeng, Yan); Stevensl, VA (Stevensl, Valerie A.); Knipe, K (Knipe, Kristen); Pompey, J (Pompey, Justine); Atherstone, C (Atherstone, Christine); Bui, DP (Bui, David P.); Powell, T (Powell, Tracy); Tamin, A (Tamin, Azaibi); Harcourt, JL (Harcourt, Jennifer L.); Shewmaker, PL (Shewmaker, Patricia L.); Medrzycki, M (Medrzycki, Magdalena); Wong, L (Wong, Phili); Jain, S (Jain, Shilpi); Tejada-Strop, A (Tejada-Strop, Alexandra); Rogers, S (Rogers, Shannon); Emery, B (Emery, Brian); Wang, HP (Wang, Houping); Petway, M (Petway, Marla); Bohannon, C (Bohannon, Caitlin); Folster, JM (Folster, Jennifer M.); MacNeil, A (MacNeil, Adam); Salerno, R (Salerno, Reynolds); Kuhnert-Tallman, W (Kuhnert-Tallman, Wendi); Tate, JE (Tate, Jacqueline E.); Thornburg, NJ (Thornburg, Natalie J.); Kirking, HL (Kirking, Hannah L.); Sheiban, K (Sheiban, Khalilullah); Kudrna, J (Kudrna, Julie); Cullen, T (Cullen, Theresa); Komatsu, KK (Komatsu, Kenneth K.); Villanueva, JM (Villanueva, Julie M.); Rose, DA (Rose, Dale A.); Neatherlin, JC (Neatherlin, John C.); Anderson, M (Anderson, Mark): Rota, PA (Rota, Paul A.); Honein, MA (Honein, Margaret A.); Bower, WA (Bower, William A.)

Source: MMWR-MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY WEEKLY REPORT Volume: 70 Issue: 3 Pages: 100-105 DOI: 10.15585/mmwr.mm7003e3 Pu blished: JAN 22 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 134

Total Times Cited: 135

Abstract: What is already known about this topic?

The BinaxNOW rapid antigen test received Emergency Use Authorization by the Food and Drug Administration for testing specimens from symptomatic persons; performance among asymptomatic persons is not well characterized.

What is added by this report?

Sensitivity of the BinaxNOW antigen test, compared with polymerase chain reaction testing, was lower when used to test specimens from asymptomatic (35.8%) than from symptomatic (64.2%) persons, but specificity was high. Sensitivity was higher for culture-positive specimens (92.6% and 78.6% for those from symptomatic and asymptomatic persons, respectively); however, some antigen test-negative specimens had culturable virus.

What are the implications for public health practice?

The high specificity and rapid BinaxNOW antigen test turnaround time facilitate earlier isolation of infectious persons. Antigen tests can be an important tool in an overall community testing strategy to reduce transmission.

Accession Number: WOS:000625445900006

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Prince-Guerra, Jessica L.; Almendares, Olivia; Nolen, Leisha D.; Gunn, Jayleen K. L.; Dale, Ariella P.; Buono, Sean A.; Deutsch-Feldman, Molly; Suppiah,

Suganthi; Hao, LiJuan; Zeng, Yan; Stevensl, Valerie A.; Knipe, Kristen; Pompey, Justine; Atherstone, Christine; Bui, David P.; Powell, Tracy; Tamin, Azaibi; Harcourt, Jennifer L.; Shewmaker, Patricia L.; Medrzycki, Magdalena; Wong, Phili; Jain, Shilpi; Tejada-Strop, Alexandra; Rogers, Shannon; Emery, Brian; Wang, Houping; Petway, Marla; Bohannon, Caitlin; Folster, Jennifer M.; MacNeil, Adam; Salerno, Reynolds; Kuhnert-Tallman, Wendi; Tate, Jacqueline E.; Thornburg, Natalie J.; Kirking, Hannah L.; Sheiban, Khalilullah; Villanueva, Julie M.; Rose, Dale A.; Neatherlin, John C.; Anderson, Mark; Rota, Paul A.; Honein, Margaret A.; Bower, William A.] CDC, COVID 19 Response Team, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA.

[Dale, Ariella P.; Komatsu, Kenneth K.] Arizona Dept Hlth Serv, Phoenix, AZ 85007 USA. [Dale, Ariella P.; Deutsch-Feldman, Molly; Atherstone, Christine; Bui, David P.] CDC, Epidem Intelligence Serv, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA. [Kudrna, Julie; Cullen, Theresa] Pima Cty Hlth Dept, Tucson, AZ USA.

Corresponding Address: Prince-Guerra, JL (corresponding author), CDC, COVID 19 Response Team, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA.

E-mail Addresses: yov0@cdc.gov

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 34 of 50

Title: Occupational burnout syndrome and post-traumatic stress among healthcare professionals during the novel coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic

Author(s): Raudenska, J (Raudenska, Jaroslava); Steinerova, V (Steinerova, Veronika); Javurkova, A (Javurkova, Alena); Urits, I (Urits, Ivan); Kaye, AD (Kaye, Alan D.); Viswanath, O (Viswanath, Omar); Varrassi, G (Varrassi, Giustino)

Source: BEST PRACTICE & RESEARCH-CLINICAL ANAESTHESIOLOGY Volume: 34 Issue: 3 Pages: 553-560 DOI: 10.1016/ j.bpa.2020.07.008 Published: SEP 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 132

Total Times Cited: 137

Abstract: This comprehensive review aims to explain the potential impact of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) on mental wellbeing of healthcare professionals (HCPs). Based on up-to-date research and psychological diagnostic manuals of Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, 5th edition and International Classification of Diseases, 11th revision, we describe associated psychological disorders and experiences that may arise related to COVID-19. Appropriate psychological measures are introduced, along with potential methodological limitations. Lastly, resilience building and preventative measures with interventions that may mitigate the impact on mental health of HCPs are described. (C) 2020 Elsevier Ltd. All rights reserved.

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Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Raudenska, Jaroslava; Javurkova, Alena] Charles Univ Prague, Dept

Psychol, Fac Arts, Dept Nursing, Med Sch 2, Prague, Czech Republic.

[Raudenska, Jaroslava; Javurkova, Alena] Charles Univ Prague, Univ Hosp Motol, Prague, Czech Republic.

[Steinerova, Veronika] Univ Melbourne, Fac Med Dent & Hlth Sci, Melbourne Sch Psychol Sci, Melbourne, Vic, Australia.

[Urits, Ivan] Harvard Med Sch, Beth Israel Deaconess Med Ctr, Dept Anesthesia Crit Care & Pain Med, Boston, MA 02115 USA.

[Kaye, Alan D.; Viswanath, Omar] Louisiana State Univ Hlth Shreveport, Dept Anesthesiol, Shreveport, LA USA.

[Viswanath, Omar] Valley Pain Consultants Envision Phys Serv, Phoenix, AZ USA. [Viswanath, Omar] Univ Arizona, Dept Anesthesiol, Coll Med Phoenix, Phoenix, AZ USA. [Viswanath, Omar] Creighton Univ, Dept Anesthesiol, Sch Med, Omaha, NE USA. [Varrassi, Giustino] Paolo Procacci Fdn, Via Tacito 7, I-00193 Rome, Italy. [Varrassi, Giustino] World Inst Pain, Winston Salem, NC USA.

Corresponding Address: Varrassi, G (corresponding author), Paolo Procacci Fdn, Via Tacito 7, I-00193 Rome, Italy.

E-mail Addresses: giuvarr@gmail.com

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 35 of 50

Title: Visions of travel and tourism after the global COVID-19 transformation of 2020

Author(s): Lew, AA (Lew, Alan A.); Cheer, JM (Cheer, Joseph M.); Haywood, M (Haywood, Michael); Brouder, P (Brouder, Patrick); Salazar, NB (Salazar, Noel B.)

Source: TOURISM GEOGRAPHIES Volume: 22 Issue: 3 Special Issue: SI Pages: 455-466 DOI: 10.1080/14616688.2020.1770326 Early Access Date: JUN 2020 Published: MAY 26 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 132

Total Times Cited: 132

Accession Number: WOS:000543458800001

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Lew, Alan A.] No Arizona Univ, Geog Planning & Recreat, Flagstaff, AZ 86011 USA.

[Cheer, Joseph M.] Wakayama Univ, Ctr Tourism Res, Wakayama, Japan. [Haywood, Michael] Univ Guelph, Coll Management & Econ, Guelph, ON, Canada. [Brouder, Patrick] Vancouver Isl Univ, Nanaimo, BC, Canada. [Salazar, Noel B.] Katholieke Univ Leuven, Leuven, Belgium.

Corresponding Address: Lew, AA (corresponding author), No Arizona Univ, Geog Planning & Recreat, Flagstaff, AZ 86011 USA.

E-mail Addresses: alan.lew@nau.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 36 of 50

Title: The Use of Bronchoscopy During the Coronavirus Disease 2019 Pandemic CHEST/AABIP Guideline and Expert Panel Report

Author(s): Wahidi, MM (Wahidi, Momen M.); Shojaee, S (Shojaee, Samira); Lamb, CR (Lamb, Carla R.); Ost, D (Ost, David); Maldonado, F (Maldonado, Fabien); Eapen, G (Eapen, George); Caroff, DA (Caroff, Daniel A.); Stevens, MP (Stevens, Michael P.); Ouellette, DR (Ouellette, Daniel R.); Lilly, C (Lilly, Craig); Gardner, DD (Gardner, Donna D.); Glisinski, K (Glisinski, Kristen); Pennington, K (Pennington, Kelly); Alalawi, R (Alalawi, Raed)

Source: CHEST Volume: 158 Issue: 3 Pages: 1268-1281 DOI: 10.1016/ j.chest.2020.04.036 Published: SEP 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 130

Total Times Cited: 132

Abstract: BACKGROUND: The coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) has swept the globe and is causing significant morbidity and mortality. Given that the virus is transmitted via droplets, open airway procedures such as bronchoscopy pose a significant risk to healthcare workers (HCWs). The goal of this guideline was to examine the current evidence on the role of bronchoscopy during the COVID-19 pandemic and the optimal protection of patients and HCWs.

STUDY DESIGN AND METHODS: A group of approved panelists developed key clinical questions by using the Population, Intervention, Comparator, and Outcome (PICO) format that addressed specific topics on bronchoscopy related to COVID-19 infection and transmission. MEDLINE (via PubMed) was systematically searched for relevant literature and references were screened for inclusion. Validated evaluation tools were used to assess the quality of studies and to grade the level of evidence to support each recommendation. When evidence did not exist, suggestions were developed based on consensus using the modified Delphi process.

RESULTS: The systematic review and critical analysis of the literature based on six PICO questions resulted in six statements: one evidence-based graded recommendation and 5 ungraded consensus-based statements.

INTERPRETATION: The evidence on the role of bronchoscopy during the COVID-19 pandemic is sparse. To maximize protection of patients and HCWs, bronchoscopy should be used sparingly in the evaluation and management of patients with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 infections. In an area where community transmission of COVID-19 infection is present, bronchoscopy should be deferred for nonurgent indications, and if necessary to perform, HCWs should wear personal protective equipment while performing the procedure even on asymptomatic patients.

Accession Number: WOS:000570802000039

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Wahidi, Momen M.; Glisinski, Kristen] Duke Univ, Dept Med, Div Pulm Allergy & Crit Care, Sch Med, Durham, NC USA.

[Shojaee, Samira; Stevens, Michael P.] Virginia Commonwealth Univ, Dept Med, Div Pulm & Crit Care & Infect Dis, Richmond, VA USA.

[Lamb, Carla R.; Caroff, Daniel A.] Lahey Hosp & Med Ctr, Dept Med, Div Pulm & Crit Care & Infect Dis, Burlington, MA USA.

[Ost, David; Eapen, George] Univ Texas MD Anderson Canc Ctr, Dept Med, Div Pulm & Crit Care, Houston, TX USA.

[Maldonado, Fabien] Vanderbilt Univ, Dept Med, Div Allergy Pulm & Crit Care, Nashville, TN USA.

[Ouellette, Daniel R.] Henry Ford Hlth Syst, Div Pulm & Crit Care, Dept Med, Detroit, MI USA.

[Lilly, Craig] Univ Massachusetts, Dept Med, Div Pulm & Crit Care, Worcester, MA USA. [Gardner, Donna D.] Texas State Univ, Dept Resp Care, Round Rock, TX USA. [Pennington, Kelly] Mayo Clin, Div Pulm & Crit Care, Dept Med, Rochester, MN USA. [Alalawi, Raed] Univ Arizona, Dept Med, Div Pulm & Crit Care, Phoenix, AZ USA.

Corresponding Address: Wahidi, MM (corresponding author), Duke Univ, Sch Med, Div Pulm & Crit Care Med, Box 102356, Durham, NC 27710 USA.

E-mail Addresses: momen.wahidi@duke.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 37 of 50

Title: Continuation versus discontinuation of renin-angiotensin system inhibitors in patients admitted to hospital with COVID-19: a prospective, randomised, open-label trial

Author(s): Cohen, JB (Cohen, Jordana B.); Hanff, TC (Hanff, Thomas C.); William. P (William, Preethi); Sweitzer, N (Sweitzer, Nancy); Rosado-Santander, NR (Rosado-Santander, Nelson R.); Medina, C (Medina, Carola); Rodriguez-Mori, JE (Rodriguez-Mori, Juan E.); Renna, N (Renna, Nicolas); Chang, TI (Chang, Tara, I); Corrales-Medina, V (Corrales-Medina, Vicente); Andrade-Villanueva, JF (Andrade-Villanueva, Jaime F.); Barbagelata, A (Barbagelata, Alejandro); Cristodulo-Cortez, R (Cristodulo-Cortez, Roberto); Diaz-Cucho, OA (Diaz-Cucho, Omar A.); Spaak, J (Spaak, Jonas); Alfonso, CE (Alfonso, Carlos E.); Valdivia-Vega, R (Valdivia-Vega, Renzo); Villavicencio-Carranza, M (Villavicencio-Carranza, Mirko); Ayala-Garcia, RJ (Ayala-Garcia, Ricardo J.); Castro-Callirgos, CA (Castro-Callirgos, Carlos A.); Gonzalez-Hernandez, LA (Gonzalez-Hernandez, Luz A.); Bernales-Salas, EF (Bernales-Salas, Eduardo F.); Coacalla-Guerra, JC (Coacalla-Guerra, Johanna C.); Salinas-Herrera, CD (Salinas-Herrera, Cynthia D.); Nicolosi, L (Nicolosi, Liliana); Basconcel, M (Basconcel, Mauro); Byrd, JB (Byrd, James B.); Sharkoski, T (Sharkoski, Tiffany); Bendezu-Huasasquiche, LE (Bendezu-Huasasquiche, Luis E.); Chittams, J (Chittams, Jesse); Edmonston, DL (Edmonston, Daniel L.); Vasquez, CR (Vasquez, Charles R.); Chirinos, JA (Chirinos, Julio A.)

Source: LANCET RESPIRATORY MEDICINE Volume: 9 Issue: 3 Pages: 275-284 DOI: 10.1016/S2213-2600(20)30558-0 Early Access Date: MAR 2021 Published: MAR 2021

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Total Times Cited: 131

Abstract: Background Biological considerations suggest that renin-angiotensin system inhibitors might influence the severity of COVID-19. We aimed to evaluate whether continuing versus discontinuing renin-angiotensin system inhibitors (angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitors or angiotensin receptor blockers) affects outcomes in patients admitted to hospital with COVID-19.

Methods The REPLACE COVID trial was a prospective, randomised, open-label trial done at 20 large referral hospitals in seven countries worldwide. Eligible participants were aged 18 years and older who were admitted to hospital with COVID-19 and were receiving a renin-angiotensin system inhibitor before admission. Individuals with contraindications to continuation or discontinuation of renin-angiotensin system inhibitor therapy were excluded. Participants were randomly assigned (1:1) to continuation or discontinuation of their renin-angiotensin system inhibitor using permuted block randomisation, with allocation concealed using a secure web-based randomisation system. The primary outcome was a global rank score in which participants were ranked across four hierarchical tiers incorporating time to death, duration of mechanical ventilation, time on renal replacement or vasopressor therapy, and multiorgan dysfunction during the hospitalisation. Primary analyses were done in the intention-totreat population. The REPLACE COVID trial is registered with ClinicalTrials.gov, NCT04338009.

Findings Between March 31 and Aug 20, 2020, 152 participants were enrolled and randomly assigned to either continue or discontinue renin-angiotensin system inhibitor therapy (continuation group n=75; discontinuation group n=77). Mean age of participants was 62 years (SD 12), 68 (45%) were female, mean bodymass index was 33 kg/m(2) (SD 8), and 79 (52%) had diabetes. Compared with discontinuation of renin-angiotensin system inhibitors, continuation had no effect on the global rank score (median rank 73 [IQR 40-110] for continuation vs 81 [38-117] for discontinuation; beta-coefficient 8 [95% CI -13 to 29]). There were 16 (21%) of 75 participants in the continuation group versus ten (13%) of 77 in the discontinuation group died. 29 (39%) participants in the continuation group and 28 (36%) participants in the discontinuation group had at least one adverse event (chi(2) test of adverse events between treatment groups p=0.77). There was no difference in blood pressure, serum potassium, or creatinine during follow-up across the two groups.

Interpretation Consistent with international society recommendations, renin-angiotensin system inhibitors can be safely continued in patients admitted to hospital with COVID-19.

Accession Number: WOS:000631393700029

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Cohen, Jordana B.] Univ Penn, Renal Electrolyte & Hypertens Div, Perelman Sch Med, Philadelphia, PA USA.

[Cohen, Jordana B.; Hanff, Thomas C.; Chittams, Jesse; Vasquez, Charles R.] Univ Penn, Dept Biostat Epidemiol & Informat, Perelman Sch Med, Philadelphia, PA USA.

[Hanff, Thomas C.; Sharkoski, Tiffany; Chirinos, Julio A.] Hosp Univ Penn, Div Cardiovasc Med, Philadelphia, PA USA.

[Vasquez, Charles R.] Hosp Univ Penn, Dept Surg, Philadelphia, PA 19104 USA. [Vasquez, Charles R.] Univ Penn, Perelman Sch Med, Philadelphia, PA USA.

[William, Preethi; Sweitzer, Nancy] Univ Arizona, Div Cardiol, Tucson, AZ USA.

[Rosado-Santander, Nelson R.; Bernales-Salas, Eduardo F.; Coacalla-Guerra, Johanna C.; Salinas-Herrera, Cynthia D.] Hosp Nacl Carlos Alberto Seguin Escobedo, Dept Med, Arequipa, Peru.

[Medina, Carola; Valdivia-Vega, Renzo; Villavicencio-Carranza, Mirko] Hosp Nacl Edgardo Rebagliati Martins, Dept Nephrol, Lima, Peru.

[Ayala-Garcia, Ricardo J.] Hosp Nacl Edgardo Rebagliati Martins, Dept Emergencia, Lima,

Peru.

[Rodriguez-Mori, Juan E.; Castro-Callirgos, Carlos A.] Hosp Nacl Alberto Sabogal Sologuren, Dept Nephrol, Lima, Peru.

[Renna, Nicolas] Natl Univ Cuyo, Hosp Espanol Mendoza, Dept Pathol, Hypertens Unit,IMBECU,CONICET, Mendoza, Argentina.

[Chang, Tara, I] Stanford Univ, Div Nephrol, Sch Med, Stanford, CA USA.

[Corrales-Medina, Vicente] Univ Ottawa, Div Infect Dis, Ottawa, ON, Canada.

[Corrales-Medina, Vicente] Ottawa Hosp Res Inst, Ottawa, ON, Canada.

[Andrade-Villanueva, Jaime F.; Gonzalez-Hernandez, Luz A.] Hosp Civil Guadalajara & Univ Guadalajara, Unidad VIH, Guadalajara, Jalisco, Mexico.

[Barbagelata, Alejandro] Univ Catolica Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires, DF, Argentina. [Barbagelata, Alejandro] Duke Univ, Div Cardiol, Dept Med, Sch Med, Durham, NC USA. [Edmonston, Daniel L.] Duke Univ, Div Nephrol, Dept Med, Sch Med, Durham, NC USA. [Cristodulo-Cortez, Roberto] Hosp Obrero 3 Caja Nacl Salud, Dept Med Interna, Santa Cruz, Bolivia.

[Diaz-Cucho, Omar A.; Bendezu-Huasasquiche, Luis E.] Hosp Alberto Barton Thompson, Dept Med, Callao, Peru.

[Spaak, Jonas] Danderyd Hosp, Karolinska Inst, Dept Clin Sci, Stockholm, Sweden. [Alfonso, Carlos E.] Univ Miami, Div Cardiol, Miller Sch Med, Miami, FL USA.

[Nicolosi, Liliana; Basconcel, Mauro] Hosp Espanol, Dept Med, MD Div Cardiol, Buenos

Aires, DF, Argentina.

[Byrd, James B.] Univ Michigan, Div Cardiovasc Med, Med Sch, Ann Arbor, MI USA.

Corresponding Address: Chirinos, JA (corresponding author), Perelman Ctr Adv Medidne, Philadelphia, PA 19104 USA.

E-mail Addresses: julio.chirinos@uphs.upenn.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

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Record 38 of 50

Title: COVID-19 containment on a college campus via wastewater-based epidemiology, targeted clinical testing and an intervention

Author(s): Betancourt, WQ (Betancourt, Walter Q.); Schmitz, BW (Schmitz, Bradley W.); Innes, GK (Innes, Gabriel K.); Prasek, SM (Prasek, Sarah M.); Brown, KMP (Brown, Kristen M. Pogreba); Stark, ER (Stark, Erika R.); Foster, AR (Foster, Aidan R.); Sprissler, RS (Sprissler, Ryan S.); Harris, DT (Harris, David T.); Sherchan, SP (Sherchan, Samendra P.); Gerba, CP (Gerba, Charles P.); Pepper, IL (Pepper, Ian L.)

Source: SCIENCE OF THE TOTAL ENVIRONMENT Volume: 779 Article Number: 146408 DOI: 10.1016/j.scitotenv.2021.146408 Early Access Date: MAR 2021 Published: JUL 20 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 128

Total Times Cited: 129

Abstract: Wastewater-based epidemiology has potential as an early-warning tool for determining the presence of COVID19 in a community. The University of Arizona (UArizona) utilized WBE paired with clinical testing as a surveillance tool to monitor the

UArizona community for SARS-CoV-2 in near real-time, as students re-entered campus in the fall. Positive detection of virus RNA in wastewater lead to selected clinical testing, identification, and isolation of three infected individuals (one symptomatic and two asymptomatic) that averted potential disease transmission. This case study demonstrated the value of WBE as a tool to efficiently utilize resources for COVID-19 prevention and response. Thus, WBE coupled with targeted clinical testing was further conducted on 13 dorms during the course of the Fall semester (Table 3). In total, 91 wastewater samples resulted in positive detection of SARS-CoV-2 RNA that successfully provided an early-warning for at least a single new reported case of infection (positive clinical test) among the residents living in the dorm. Overall, WBE proved to be an accurate diagnostic for new cases of COVID-19 with an 82.0% positive predictive value and an 88.9% negative predictive value. Increases in positive wastewater samples and clinical tests were noted following holiday-related activities. However, shelter-in-place policies proved to be effective in reducing the number of daily reported positive wastewater and clinical tests. This case study provides evidence for WBE paired with clinical testing and public health interventions to effectively contain potential outbreaks of COVID-19 in defined communities.

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Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Betancourt, Walter Q.; Prasek, Sarah M.; Stark, Erika R.; Foster, Aidan R.; Gerba, Charles P.; Pepper, Ian L.] Univ Arizona, Water & Energy Sustainable Technol WEST Ctr, 2959 W Calle Agua Nueva, Tucson, AZ 85745 USA.

[Schmitz, Bradley W.] Univ Arizona, Yuma Ctr Excellence Desert Agr YCEDA, 6425 W 8th St, Yuma, AZ 85364 USA.

[Innes, Gabriel K.] Rutgers State Univ, Sch Publ Hlth, Dept Epidemiol, 683 Hoes LaneWest, Piscataway, NJ 08854 USA.

[Brown, Kristen M. Pogreba] Univ Arizona, Mel & Enid Zukerman Coll Publ Hlth, 1295 N Martin Ave, Tucson, AZ 85724 USA.

[Sprissler, Ryan S.] Univ Arizona, Ctr Appl Genet & Genom Med, 1295 N Martin Ave, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA.

[Harris, David T.] Univ Arizona, Coll Med, Dept Immunobiol, 1656 E Mabel St, Tucson, AZ 85724 USA.

[Sherchan, Samendra P.] Tulane Univ, Sch Publ Hlth & Trop Med, Dept Environm Hlth Sci, 1440 Canal St, New Orleans, LA 70112 USA.

Corresponding Address: Pepper, IL (corresponding author), 2959 W Calle Agua Nueva, Tucson, AZ 85745 USA.

E-mail Addresses: ipepper@ag.arizona.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 39 of 50

Title: Structure and inhibition of the SARS-CoV-2 main protease reveal strategy for developing dual inhibitors against M-pro and cathepsin L

Author(s): Sacco, MD (Sacco, Michael Dominic); Ma, CL (Ma, Chunlong); Lagarias, P

(Lagarias, Panagiotis); Gao, A (Gao, Ang); Townsend, JA (Townsend, Julia Alma); Meng, XZ (Meng, Xiangzhi); Dube, P (Dube, Peter); Zhang, XJ (Zhang, Xiujun); Hu, YM (Hu, Yanmei); Kitamura, N (Kitamura, Naoya); Hurst, B (Hurst, Brett); Tarbet, B (Tarbet, Bart); Marty, MT (Marty, Michael Thomas); Kolocouris, A (Kolocouris, Antonios); Xiang, Y (Xiang, Yan); Chen, Y (Chen, Yu); Wang, J (Wang, Jun)

Source: SCIENCE ADVANCES Volume: 6 Issue: 50 Article Number: eabe0751 DOI: 10.1126/sciadv.abe0751 Published: DEC 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 124

Total Times Cited: 127

Abstract: The main protease (M-pro) of SARS-CoV-2 is a key antiviral drug target. While most M-pro inhibitors have a gamma-lactam glutamine surrogate at the P1 position, we recently found that several M-pro inhibitors have hydrophobic moieties at the P1 site, including calpain inhibitors II and XII, which are also active against human cathepsin L, a host protease that is important for viral entry. In this study, we solved x-ray crystal structures of M-pro in complex with calpain inhibitors II and XII and three analogs of GC-376. The structure of M-pro with calpain inhibitor II confirmed that the S1 pocket can accommodate a hydrophobic methionine side chain, challenging the idea that a hydrophilic residue is necessary at this position. The structure of calpain inhibitor XII revealed an unexpected, inverted binding pose. Together, the biochemical, computational, structural, and cellular data presented herein provide new directions for the development of dual inhibitors as SARS-CoV-2 antivirals.

Accession Number: WOS:000597410300021

Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Sacco, Michael Dominic; Zhang, Xiujun; Chen, Yu] Univ S Florida, Dept Mol Med, Morsani Coll Med, Tampa, FL 33612 USA.

[Ma, Chunlong; Gao, Ang; Hu, Yanmei; Kitamura, Naoya; Wang, Jun] Univ Arizona, Dept Pharmacol & Toxicol, Coll Pharm, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA.

[Lagarias, Panagiotis; Kolocouris, Antonios] Natl & Kapodistrian Univ Athens, Fac Pharm, Dept Pharmaceut Chem, Athens 15771, Greece.

[Townsend, Julia Alma; Marty, Michael Thomas] Univ Arizona, Dept Chem & Biochem, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA.

[Meng, Xiangzhi; Dube, Peter; Xiang, Yan] Univ Texas Hlth Sci Ctr San Antonio, Dept Microbiol Immunol & Mol Genet, San Antonio, TX 78229 USA.

[Hurst, Brett; Tarbet, Bart] Utah State Univ, Inst Antiviral Res, Logan, UT 84322 USA. [Hurst, Brett; Tarbet, Bart] Utah State Univ, Dept Anim Dairy & Vet Sci, Logan, UT 84322 USA.

Corresponding Address: Chen, Y (corresponding author), Univ S Florida, Dept Mol Med, Morsani Coll Med, Tampa, FL 33612 USA.

Wang, J (corresponding author), Univ Arizona, Dept Pharmacol & Toxicol, Coll Pharm, Tucson, AZ 85721 USA.

E-mail Addresses: ychen1@usf.edu; junwang@pharmacy.arizona.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

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Record 40 of 50

Title: Creating COVID-19 Stigma by Referencing the Novel Coronavirus as the "Chinese virus" on Twitter: Quantitative Analysis of Social Media Data

Author(s): Budhwani, H (Budhwani, Henna); Sun, RY (Sun, Ruoyan)

Source: JOURNAL OF MEDICAL INTERNET RESEARCH Volume: 22 Issue: 5 Article Number: e19301 DOI: 10.2196/19301 Published: MAY 6 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 123

Total Times Cited: 123

Abstract: Background: Stigma is the deleterious, structural force that devalues members of groups that hold undesirable characteristics. Since stigma is created and reinforced by society-through in-person and online social interactions-referencing the novel coronavirus as the "Chinese virus" or "China virus" has the potential to create and perpetuate stigma.

Objective: The aim of this study was to assess if there was an increase in the prevalence and frequency of the phrases "Chinese virus" and "China virus" on Twitter after the March 16, 2020, US presidential reference of this term.

Methods: Using the Sysomos software (Sysomos, Inc), we extracted tweets from the United States using a list of keywords that were derivatives of "Chinese virus." We compared tweets at the national and state levels posted between March 9 and March 15 (preperiod) with those posted between March 19 and March 25 (postperiod). We used Stata 16 (StataCorp) for quantitative analysis, and Python (Python Software Foundation) to plot a state-level heat map.

Results: A total of 16,535 "Chinese virus" or "China virus" tweets were identified in the preperiod, and 177,327 tweets were identified in the postperiod, illustrating a nearly tenfold increase at the national level. All 50 states witnessed an increase in the number of tweets exclusively mentioning "Chinese virus" or "China virus" instead of coronavirus disease (COVID-19) or coronavirus. On average, 0.38 tweets referencing "Chinese virus" or "China virus" were posted per 10,000 people at the state level in the preperiod, and 4.08 of these stigmatizing tweets were posted in the postperiod, also indicating a tenfold increase. The 5 states with the highest number of postperiod "Chinese virus" tweets were Pennsylvania (n=5249), New York (n=11,754), Florida (n=13,070), Texas (n=14,861), and California (n=19,442). Adjusting for population size, the 5 states with the highest prevalence of postperiod "Chinese virus" tweets were Arizona (5.85), New York (6.04), Florida (6.09), Nevada (7.72), and Wyoming (8.76). The 5 states with the largest increase in pre- to postperiod "Chinese virus" tweets were Kansas (n=697/58, 1202%), South Dakota (n=185/15, 1233%), Mississippi (n=749/54, 1387%), New Hampshire (n=582/41, 1420%), and Idaho (n=670/46, 1457%).

Conclusions: The rise in tweets referencing "Chinese virus" or "China virus," along with the content of these tweets, indicate that knowledge translation may be occurring online and COVID-19 stigma is likely being perpetuated on Twitter.

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Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Budhwani, Henna; Sun, Ruoyan] Univ Alabama Birmingham, Sch Publ Hlth, Dept Hlth Care Org & Policy, 1720 Univ Blvd,RPHB 330C, Birmingham, AL 35294 USA.

Corresponding Address: Budhwani, H (corresponding author), Univ Alabama Birmingham, Sch Publ Hlth, Dept Hlth Care Org & Policy, 1720 Univ Blvd, RPHB 330C, Birmingham, AL 35294 USA. E-mail Addresses: budhwani@uab.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

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Record 41 of 50

Title: Food consumption behavior during the COVID-19 pandemic

Author(s): Chenarides, L (Chenarides, Lauren); Grebitus, C (Grebitus, Carola); Lusk, JL (Lusk, Jayson L.); Printezis, I (Printezis, Iryna)

Source: AGRIBUSINESS Volume: 37 Issue: 1 Pages: 44-81 DOI: 10.1002/agr.21679 Early Access Date: DEC 2020 Published: JAN 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 121

Total Times Cited: 122

Abstract: We conducted an online consumer survey in May 2020 in two major metropolitan areas in the United States to investigate food shopping behaviors and consumption during the pandemic lockdown caused by COVID-19. The results of this study parallel many of the headlines in the popular press at the time. We found that about three-quarters of respondents were simply buying the food they could get due to out of stock situations and about half the participants bought more food than usual. As a result of foodservice closures, consumers indicated purchasing more groceries than normal. Consumers attempted to avoid shopping in stores, relying heavily on grocery delivery and pick-up services during the beginning of the pandemic when no clear rules were in place. Results show a 255% increase in the number of households that use grocery pickup as a shopping method and a 158% increase in households that utilize grocery delivery services. The spike in pickup and delivery program participation can be explained by consumers fearing COVID-19 and feeling unsafe. Food consumption patterns for major food groups seemed to stay the same for the majority of participants, but a large share indicated that they had been snacking more since the beginning of the pandemic which was offset by a sharp decline in fast food consumption.

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Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Chenarides, Lauren; Grebitus, Carola; Printezis, Iryna] Arizona State Univ, WP Carey Sch Business, Mesa, AZ 85251 USA. [Lusk, Jayson L.] Purdue Univ, Dept Agr Econ, W Lafayette, IN 47907 USA.

[LUSK, Jayson L.] Purdue Univ, Dept Agr Econ, W Larayette, IN 47907 USA.

Corresponding Address: Chenarides, L (corresponding author), Arizona State Univ, WP Carey Sch Business, Mesa, AZ 85251 USA.

E-mail Addresses: Lauren.Chenarides@asu.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

Output Date: 2023-05-04

Record 42 of 50

Title: Characteristics and Outcomes of Individuals With Pre-existing Kidney Disease and COVID-19 Admitted to Intensive Care Units in the United States

Author(s): Flythe, JE (Flythe, Jennifer E.); Assimon, MM (Assimon, Magdalene M.); Tugman, MJ (Tugman, Matthew J.); Chang, EH (Chang, Emily H.); Gupta, S (Gupta, Shruti); Shah, J (Shah, Jatan); Sosa, MA (Sosa, Marie Anne); Renaghan, AD (Renaghan, Amanda DeMauro); Melamed, ML (Melamed, Michal L.); Wilson, FP (Wilson, F. Perry); Neyra, JA (Neyra, Javier A.); Rashidi, A (Rashidi, Arash); Boyle, SM (Boyle, Suzanne M.); Anand, S (Anand, Shuchi); Christov, M (Christov, Marta); Thomas, LF (Thomas, Leslie F.); Edmonston, D (Edmonston, Daniel); Leaf, DE (Leaf, David E.)

Group Author(s): STOP-COVID Investigators

Source: AMERICAN JOURNAL OF KIDNEY DISEASES Volume: 77 Issue: 2 Pages: 190-+ DOI: 10.1053/j.ajkd.2020.09.003 Early Access Date: JAN 2021 Published: FEB 2021

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 118

Total Times Cited: 120

Abstract: Rationale & Objective: Underlying kidney disease is an emerging risk factor for more severe coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) illness. We examined the clinical courses of critically ill COVID-19 patients with and without preexisting chronic kidney disease (CKD) and investigated the association between the degree of underlying kidney disease and inhospital outcomes.

Study Design: Retrospective cohort study.

Settings & Participants: 4,264 critically ill patients with COVID-19 (143 patients with preexisting kidney failure receiving maintenance dialysis; 521 patients with pre-existing nondialysis-dependent CKD; and 3,600 patients without pre-existing CKD) admitted to intensive care units (ICUs) at 68 hospitals across the United States.

Predictor(s): Presence (vs absence) of preexisting kidney disease.

Outcome(s): In-hospital mortality (primary); respiratory failure, shock, ventricular arrhythmia/cardiac arrest, thromboembolic events, major bleeds, and acute liver injury (secondary).

Analytical Approach: We used standardized differences to compare patient characteristics (values > 0.10 indicate a meaningful difference between groups) and multivariable-adjusted Fine and Gray survival models to examine outcome associations. Results: Dialysis patients had a shorter time from symptom onset to ICU admission compared to other groups (median of 4 [IQR, 2-9] days for maintenance dialysis patients; 7 [IQR, 3-10] days for non-dialysis-dependent CKD patients; and 7 [IQR, 4-10] days for patients without pre-existing CKD). More dialysis patients (25%) reported altered mental status than those with non-dialysis-dependent CKD (20%; standardized difference = 0.12) and those without pre-existing CKD (12%; standardized difference = 0.36). Half of dialysis and non-dialysis-dependent CKD patients died within 28 days of ICU admission versus 35% of patients without pre-existing CKD. Compared to patients without preexisting CKD, dialysis patients had higher risk for 28-day inhospital death (adjusted HR, 1.41 [95% CI, 1.09-1.81]), while patients with non-dialysisdependent CKD had an intermediate risk (adjusted HR, 1.25 [95% CI, 1.08-1.44]).

Limitations: Potential residual confounding.

Conclusions: Findings highlight the high mortality of individuals with underlying kidney disease and severe COVID-19, underscoring the importance of identifying safe and

effective COVID-19 therapies in this vulnerable population.

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Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Flythe, Jennifer E.; Assimon, Magdalene M.; Tugman, Matthew J.; Chang, Emily H.] Univ N Carolina, Dept Med, Div Nephrol & Hypertens, Kidney Ctr,UNC Sch Med, Chapel Hill, NC 27599 USA.

[Flythe, Jennifer E.] Univ N Carolina, Cecil G Sheps Ctr Hlth Serv Res, Chapel Hill, NC 27599 USA.

[Gupta, Shruti; Leaf, David E.] Brigham & Womens Hosp, Dept Med, Div Renal Med, 75 Francis St, Boston, MA 02115 USA.

[Shah, Jatan] Med Coll Wisconsin, Dept Med, Div Pulm Crit Care & Sleep Med, Milwaukee, WI 53226 USA.

[Sosa, Marie Anne] Univ Miami, Miller Sch Med, Div Nephrol, Dept Med, Miami, FL 33136 USA.

[Sosa, Marie Anne] Jackson Mem Hosp, Miami, FL 33136 USA.

[Renaghan, Amanda DeMauro] Univ Virginia Hlth Syst, Charlottesville, VA USA.

[Melamed, Michal L.] Montefiore Med Ctr, Albert Einstein Coll Med, Dept Med Nephrol, Bronx, NY 10467 USA.

[Wilson, F. Perry] Yale Univ, Sch Med, Dept Med, Sect Nephrol, New Haven, CT 06510 USA.

[Wilson, F. Perry] Yale Univ, Sch Med, Clin & Translat Res Accelerator, New Haven, CT USA.

[Neyra, Javier A.] Univ Kentucky, Dept Internal Med, Div Nephrol Bone & Mineral Metab, Lexington, KY USA.

[Rashidi, Arash] Univ Hosp Cleveland, Dept Med, Med Ctr, Div Nephrol & Hypertens, Cleveland, OH USA.

[Boyle, Suzanne M.] Temple Univ, Dept Med, Sect Nephrol Hypertens & Kidney Transplantat, Lewis Katz Sch Med, Philadelphia, PA USA.

[Anand, Shuchi] Stanford Univ, Sch Med, Dept Med, Div Nephrol, Palo Alto, CA 94304 USA.

[Christov, Marta] Westchester Med Ctr, Dept Med, Div Nephrol, Valhalla, NY USA. [Thomas, Leslie F.] Mayo Clin Arizona, Div Nephrol & Hypertens, Dept Internal Med, Scottsdale, AZ USA.

[Edmonston, Daniel] Duke Univ, Sch Med, Dept Med, Div Nephrol, Durham, NC 27706 USA.

[Edmonston, Daniel] Duke Univ, Sch Med, Duke Clin Res Inst, Durham, NC 27706 USA. [Edmonston, Daniel] Durham VA Med Ctr, Renal Sect, Durham, NC USA.

Corresponding Address: Flythe, JE (corresponding author), Univ N Carolina, Kidney Ctr, 7024 Burnett Womack CB 7155, Chapel Hill, NC 27599 USA.

E-mail Addresses: jflythe@med.unc.edu

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Record 43 of 50

Title: SARS-CoV-2-Associated Deaths Among Persons Aged < 21 Years - United States,

February 12-July 31, 2020

Author(s): Bixler, D (Bixler, Danae); Miller, AD (Miller, Allison D.); Mattison, CP (Mattison, Claire P.); Taylor, B (Taylor, Burnestine); Komatsu, K (Komatsu, Kenneth); Pompa, XP (Pompa, Xandy Peterson); Moon, S (Moon, Steve); Karmarkar, E (Karmarkar, Ellora); Liu, CY (Liu, Caterina Y.); Openshaw, JJ (Openshaw, John J.); Plotzker, RE (Plotzker, Rosalyn E.); Rosen, HE (Rosen, Hilary E.); Alden, N (Alden, Nisha); Kawasaki, B (Kawasaki, Breanna); Siniscalchi, A (Siniscalchi, Alan); Leapley, A (Leapley, Andrea); Drenzek, C (Drenzek, Cherie); Tobin-D'Angelo, M (Tobin-D'Angelo, Melissa); Kauerauf, J (Kauerauf, Judy); Reid, H (Reid, Heather); Hawkins, E (Hawkins, Eric); White, K (White, Kelly); Ahmed, F (Ahmed, Farah); Hand, J (Hand, Julie); Richardson, G (Richardson, Gillian); Sokol, T (Sokol, Theresa); Eckel, S (Eckel, Seth); Collins, J (Collins, Jim); Holzbauer, S (Holzbauer, Stacy); Kollmann, L (Kollmann, Leslie); Larson, L (Larson, Linnea); Schiffman, E (Schiffman, Elizabeth); Kittle, TS (Kittle, Theresa S.); Herrin, K (Herrin, Kimberly); Kraushaar, V (Kraushaar, Vit); Raman, D (Raman, Devin); LeGarde, V (LeGarde, Victoria); Kinsinger, L (Kinsinger, Lindsey); Peek-Bullock, M (Peek-Bullock, Melissa); Lifshitz, J (Lifshitz, Jenna); Ojo, M (Ojo, Mojisola); Arciuolo, RJ (Arciuolo, Robert J.); Davidson, A (Davidson, Alexander); Huynh, M (Huynh, Mary); Lash, MK (Lash, Maura K.); Latash, J (Latash, Julia); Lee, EH (Lee, Ellen H.); Li, L (Li, Lan); McGibbon, E (McGibbon, Emily); McIntosh-Beckles, N (McIntosh-Beckles, Natasha); Pouchet, R (Pouchet, Renee); Ramachandran, JS (Ramachandran, Jyotsna S.); Reilly, KH (Reilly, Kathleen H.); Dufort, E (Dufort, Elizabeth); Pulver, W (Pulver, Wendy); Zamcheck, A (Zamcheck, Ariela); Wilson, E (Wilson, Erica); de Fijter, S (de Fijter, Sietske); Naqvi, O (Naqvi, Ozair); Nalluswami, K (Nalluswami, Kumar); Waller, K (Waller, Kirsten); Bell, LJ (Bell, Linda J.); Burch, AK (Burch, Anna-Kathryn); Radcliffe, R (Radcliffe, Rachel); Fiscus, MD (Fiscus, Michelle D.); Lewis, A (Lewis, Adele); Kolsin, J (Kolsin, Jonathan); Pont, S (Pont, Stephen); Salinas, A (Salinas, Andrea); Sanders, K (Sanders, Kelsey); Barbeau, B (Barbeau, Bree); Althomsons, S (Althomsons, Sandy); Atti, S (Atti, Sukhshant); Brown, JS (Brown, Jessica S.); Chang, A (Chang, Arthur); Clarke, KR (Clarke, Kevin R.); Datta, SD (Datta, S. Deblina); Iskander, J (Iskander, John); Leitgeb, B (Leitgeb, Brooke); Pindyck, T (Pindyck, Talia); Priyamvada, L (Priyamvada, Lalita); Reagan-Steiner, S (Reagan-Steiner, Sarah); Scott, NA (Scott, Nigel A.); Viens, LJ (Viens, Laura J.); Zhong, J (Zhong, Jonathan); Koumans, EH (Koumans, Emilia H.)

Group Author(s): Pediat Mortality Invest Team

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Addresses: [Bixler, Danae; Miller, Allison D.; Mattison, Claire P.; Althomsons, Sandy; Brown, Jessica S.; Chang, Arthur; Clarke, Kevin R.; Datta, S. Deblina; Iskander, John; Leitgeb, Brooke; Pindyck, Talia; Priyamvada, Lalita; Reagan-Steiner, Sarah; Scott, Nigel A.; Viens, Laura J.; Zhong, Jonathan; Koumans, Emilia H.] CDC, COVID 19 Response Team, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA.

[Taylor, Burnestine] Alabama Dept Publ Hlth, Montgomery, AL 36102 USA. [Komatsu, Kenneth; Pompa, Xandy Peterson] Arizona Dept Hlth Serv, Phoenix, AZ 85007 USA.

[Moon, Steve] Los Angeles Cty Dept Publ Hlth, Los Angeles, CA USA.

[Karmarkar, Ellora; Liu, Caterina Y.; Openshaw, John J.; Plotzker, Rosalyn E.] Calif Dept Publ Hlth, Sacramento, CA USA.

[Rosen, Hilary E.; Alden, Nisha] Colorado Dept Publ Hlth & Environm, Glendale, CO USA. [Kawasaki, Breanna] Connecticut Dept Publ Hlth, Hartford, CT USA.

[Siniscalchi, Alan] Florida Dept Hlth, Tallahassee, FL USA.

[Leapley, Andrea; Drenzek, Cherie; Tobin-D'Angelo, Melissa] Georgia Dept Publ Hlth, Atlanta, GA USA.

[Kauerauf, Judy; Reid, Heather] Illinois Dept Publ Hlth, Springfield, IL 62761 USA.

[Hawkins, Eric; White, Kelly] Indiana State Dept Hlth, Indianapolis, IN 46202 USA.

[Ahmed, Farah] Kansas Dept Hlth & Environm, Topeka, KS USA.

[Hand, Julie; Richardson, Gillian; Sokol, Theresa] Louisiana Dept Hlth, Baton Rouge, LA USA.

[Eckel, Seth; Collins, Jim] Michigan Dept Hlth Human Serv, Lansing, MI USA.

[Holzbauer, Stacy; Kollmann, Leslie; Larson, Linnea; Schiffman, Elizabeth] Minnesota Dept Hlth, Minneapolis, MN 55414 USA.

[Kittle, Theresa S.] Mississippi Dept Hlth, Jackson, MS USA.

[Herrin, Kimberly; Kraushaar, Vit; Raman, Devin] Southern Nevada Hlth Dist, Las Vegas, NV USA.

[LeGarde, Victoria; Kinsinger, Lindsey; Peek-Bullock, Melissa] Nevada Dept Hlth & Human Serv, Carson, CA USA.

[Lifshitz, Jenna; Ojo, Mojisola] New Jersey Dept Hlth, Treton, NJ USA.

[Arciuolo, Robert J.; Davidson, Alexander; Huynh, Mary; Lash, Maura K.; Latash, Julia; Lee,

Ellen H.; Li, Lan; McGibbon, Emily; McIntosh-Beckles, Natasha; Pouchet, Renee;

Ramachandran, Jyotsna S.; Reilly, Kathleen H.] New York City Dept Hlth & Mental Hyg, New York, NY USA.

[Dufort, Elizabeth; Pulver, Wendy; Zamcheck, Ariela] New York State Dept Hlth, Albany, NY 12237 USA.

[Wilson, Erica] North Carolina Dept Hlth & Human Serv, Raleigh, NC USA.

[de Fijter, Sietske] Ohio Dept Hlth, Columbus, OH 43266 USA.

[Naqvi, Ozair] Oklahoma Dept Hlth, Oklahoma City, OK 73117 USA.

[Nalluswami, Kumar; Waller, Kirsten] Penn Dept Hlth, Harrisburg, PA 17108 USA.

[Bell, Linda J.; Burch, Anna-Kathryn; Radcliffe, Rachel] South Carolina Dept Hlth & Environm Control, Columbia, SC USA.

[Fiscus, Michelle D.; Lewis, Adele] Tennessee Dept Hlth, Nashville, TN USA.

[Kolsin, Jonathan; Pont, Stephen; Salinas, Andrea; Sanders, Kelsey] Texas Dept State Hlth Serv, Austin, TX USA.

[Barbeau, Bree] Utah Dept Hlth, Salt Lake City, UT 84116 USA.

[Atti, Sukhshant] Univ Alabama Birmingham, Sch Med, Birmingham, AL USA.

Corresponding Address: Bixler, D (corresponding author), CDC, COVID 19 Response Team, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA.

E-mail Addresses: nqd0@cdc.gov

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Record 44 of 50

Title: Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation in the Treatment of Severe Pulmonary and Cardiac Compromise in Coronavirus Disease 2019: Experience with 32 Patients

Author(s): Jacobs, JP (Jacobs, Jeffrey P.); Stammers, AH (Stammers, Alfred H.); St Louis, J (St Louis, James); Hayanga, JWA (Hayanga, J. W. Awori); Firstenberg, MS (Firstenberg, Michael S.); Mongero, LB (Mongero, Linda B.); Tesdahl, EA (Tesdahl, Eric A.); Rajagopal, K (Rajagopal, Keshava); Cheema, FH (Cheema, Faisal H.); Coley, T (Coley, Tom); Badhwar, V (Badhwar, Vinay); Sestokas, AK (Sestokas, Anthony K.); Slepian, MJ (Slepian, Marvin J.)

Source: ASAIO JOURNAL Volume: 66 Issue: 7 Pages: 722-730 DOI: 10.1097/MAT.00000000001185 Published: JUL 2020

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Total Times Cited: 119

Abstract: As coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) cases surge worldwide, an urgent need exists to enhance our understanding of the role of extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO) in the management of severely ill patients with COVID-19 who develop acute respiratory and cardiac compromise refractory to conventional therapy. The purpose of this manuscript is to review our initial clinical experience in 32 patients with confirmed COVID-19 treated with ECMO. A multi-institutional registry and database was created and utilized to assess all patients who were supported with ECMO provided by SpecialtyCare. Data captured included patient characteristics, pre-COVID-19 risk factors and comorbidities, confirmation of COVID-19 diagnosis, features of ECMO support, specific medications utilized to treat COVID-19, and short-term outcomes through hospital discharge. This analysis includes all of our patients with COVID-19 supported with ECMO, with an analytic window starting March 17, 2020, when our first COVID-19 patient was placed on ECMO, and ending April 9, 2020. During the 24 days of this study, 32 consecutive patients with COVID-19 were placed on ECMO at nine different hospitals. As of the time of analysis, 17 remain on ECMO, 10 died before or shortly after decannulation, and five are alive and extubated after removal from ECMO, with one of these five discharged from the hospital. Adjunctive medication in the surviving patients while on ECMO was as follows: four of five survivors received intravenous steroids, three of five survivors received antiviral medications (Remdesivir), two of five survivors were treated with anti-interleukin-6-receptor monoclonal antibodies (Tocilizumab or Sarilumab), and one of five survivors received hydroxychloroguine. Analysis of these 32 COVID-19 patients with severe pulmonary compromise supported with ECMO suggests that ECMO may play a useful role in salvaging select critically ill patients with COVID-19. Additional patient experience and associated clinical and laboratory data must be obtained to further define the optimal role of ECMO in patients with COVID-19 and acute respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS). These initial data may provide useful information to help define the best strategies to care for these challenging patients and may also provide a framework for much-needed future research about the use of ECMO to treat patients with COVID-19.

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Addresses: [Jacobs, Jeffrey P.; Stammers, Alfred H.; Mongero, Linda B.; Tesdahl, Eric A.; Coley, Tom; Sestokas, Anthony K.] SpecialtyCare Inc, Med Dept, Nashville, TN USA. [Jacobs, Jeffrey P.; Hayanga, J. W. Awori; Badhwar, Vinay] West Virginia Univ, Dept Cardiovasc & Thorac Surg, Morgantown, WV 26506 USA.

[St Louis, James] Univ Missouri, Sch Med, Dept Surg, Kansas City, MO 64108 USA. [Firstenberg, Michael S.] Med Ctr Aurora, Dept Cardiothorac & Vasc Surg, Aurora, CO USA.

[Rajagopal, Keshava; Cheema, Faisal H.] Univ Houston, Coll Med, Dept Clin Sci, HCA Houston Healthcare, Houston, TX USA.

[Cheema, Faisal H.] HCA Res Inst, Nashville, TN USA.

[Slepian, Marvin J.] Univ Arizona, Sarver Heart Ctr, Dept Med, 1501 North Campbell Ave, Tucson, AZ 85724 USA. [Slepian, Marvin J.] Univ Arizona, Sarver Heart Ctr, Dept Biomed Engn, 1501 North Campbell Ave, Tucson, AZ 85724 USA.

Corresponding Address: Slepian, MJ (corresponding author), Univ Arizona, Sarver Heart Ctr, Dept Med, 1501 North Campbell Ave, Tucson, AZ 85724 USA. Slepian, MJ (corresponding author), Univ Arizona, Sarver Heart Ctr, Dept Biomed Engn, 1501 North Campbell Ave, Tucson, AZ 85724 USA. Jacobs, JP (corresponding author), 2021 Brightwaters Blvd, St Petersburg, FL 33704 USA.

E-mail Addresses: JeffJacobs@msn.com; chairman.syns@gmail.com

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ESI Hot Paper: N

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Record 45 of 50

Title: Predictors of Outcomes of COVID-19 in Patients With Chronic Liver Disease: US Multi-center Study

Author(s): Kim, D (Kim, Donghee); Adeniji, N (Adeniji, Nia); Latt, N (Latt, Nyann); Kumar, S (Kumar, Sonal); Bloom, PP (Bloom, P. Patricia); Aby, SE (Aby, S. Elizabeth); Perumalswami, P (Perumalswami, Ponni); Roytman, M (Roytman, Marina); Li, MC (Li, Michael); Vogel, SA (Vogel, S. Alexander); Catana, MA (Catana, M. Andreea); Wegermann, K (Wegermann, Kara); Carr, MR (Carr, M. Rotonya); Aloman, C (Aloman, Costica); Chen, LV (Chen, L. Vincent); Rabiee, A (Rabiee, Atoosa); Sadowski, B (Sadowski, Brett); Nguyen, V (Nguyen, Veronica); Dunn, W (Dunn, Winston); Chavin, DK (Chavin, D. Kenneth); Zhou, KL (Zhou, Kali); Lizaola-Mayo, B (Lizaola-Mayo, Blanca); Moghe, A (Moghe, Akshata); Debes, J (Debes, Jose); Lee, TH (Lee, Tzu-Hao); Branch, DA (Branch, D. Andrea); Viveiros, K (Viveiros, Kathleen); Chan, WL (Chan, Walter); Chascsa, MD (Chascsa, M. David); Kwo, P (Kwo, Paul); Dhanasekaran, R (Dhanasekaran, Renumathy)

Source: CLINICAL GASTROENTEROLOGY AND HEPATOLOGY Volume: 19 Issue: 7 Pages: 1469-+ DOI: 10.1016/j.cgh.2020.09.027 Early Access Date: JUN 2021 Published: JUL 2021

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Abstract: BACKGROUND & AIMS: Chronic liver disease (CLD) represents a major global health burden. We undertook this study to identify the factors associated with adverse outcomes in patients with CLD who acquire the novel coronavirus-2019 (COVID-19). METHODS: We conducted a multi-center, observational cohort study across 21 institutions in the United States (US) of adult patients with CLD and laboratory-confirmed diagnosis of COVID-19 between March 1, 2020 and May 30, 2020. We performed survival analysis to identify independent predictors of all-cause mortality and COVID-19 related mortality, and multivariate logistic regression to determine the risk of severe COVID-19 in patients with CLD.

RESULTS: Of the 978 patients in our cohort, 867 patients (mean age 56.9 +/- 14.5 years, 55% male) met inclusion criteria. The overall all-cause mortality was 14.0% (n = 121), and 61.7% (n = 535) had severe COVID-19. Patients presenting with diarrhea or nausea/

vomiting were more likely to have severe COVID-19. The liver-specific factors associated with independent risk of higher overall mortality were alcohol-related liver disease (ALD) (hazard ratio [HR] 2.42, 95% confidence interval [CI] 1.29-4.55), decompensated cirrhosis (HR 2.91 [1.70-5.00]) and hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) (HR 3.31 [1.53-7.16]). Other factors were increasing age, diabetes, hypertension, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease and current smoker. Hispanic ethnicity (odds ratio [OR] 2.33 [1.47-3.70]) and decompensated cirrhosis (OR 2.50 [1.20-5.21]) were independently associated with risk for severe COVID-19.

CONCLUSIONS: The risk factors which predict higher overall mortality among patients with CLD and COVID-19 are ALD, decompensated cirrhosis and HCC. Hispanic ethnicity and decompensated cirrhosis are associated with severe COVID-19. Our results will enable risk stratification and personalization of the management of patients with CLD and COVID-19.

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Addresses: [Kim, Donghee; Adeniji, Nia; Kwo, Paul; Dhanasekaran, Renumathy] Stanford Univ, Stanford, CA 94305 USA. [Latt, Nyann] Ochsner Med Ctr, New Orleans, LA USA. [Kumar, Sonal] Weill Cornell Med, New York, NY USA. [Bloom, P. Patricia] Massachusetts Gen Hosp, Boston, MA 02114 USA. [Aby, S. Elizabeth; Debes, Jose] Hennepin Cty Med Ctr, Minneapolis, MN 55415 USA. [Aby, S. Elizabeth; Debes, Jose] Icahn Sch Med Mt Sinai, New York, NY 10029 USA. [Perumalswami, Ponni; Branch, D. Andrea] Univ Calif San Francisco, Fresno, CA USA. [Roytman, Marina] Brigham & Womens Hosp, 75 Francis St, Boston, MA 02115 USA. [Li, Michael; Vogel, S. Alexander; Viveiros, Kathleen; Chan, Walter] Beth Israel Deaconess Med Ctr, Boston, MA 02215 USA. [Catana, M. Andreea] Duke Univ, Durham, NC USA. [Wegermann, Kara: Lee, Tzu-Hao] Univ Penn, Philadelphia, PA 19104 USA. [Carr, M. Rotonya] Rush Univ, Med Ctr, Chicago, IL 60612 USA. [Aloman, Costica] Univ Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI 48109 USA. [Chen, L. Vincent] VA Med Ctr, Washington, DC USA. [Rabiee, Atoosa] Univ Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN USA. [Sadowski, Brett] Georgetown Univ, Washington, DC USA. [Nguyen, Veronica] Univ Arizona, BannerHlth, Tucson, AZ USA. [Dunn, Winston] Univ Kansas, Med Ctr, Kansas City, KS 66103 USA. [Chavin, D. Kenneth] Univ Hosp Cleveland, Med Ctr, Cleveland, OH 44106 USA. [Zhou, Kali] Univ Southern Calif, Los Angeles, CA 90007 USA. [Lizaola-Mayo, Blanca; Chascsa, M. David] Mayo Clin, Scottsdale, AZ USA. [Moghe, Akshata] Univ Pittsburgh, Med Ctr, Pittsburgh, PA USA.

Corresponding Address: Kim, D (corresponding author), 300 Pasteur Dr, Alway M211, Stanford, CA 94034 USA.

E-mail Addresses: dhanaser@stanford.edu

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Record 46 of 50

Title: Update: COVID-19 Among Workers in Meat and Poultry Processing Facilities - United States, April-May 2020

Author(s): Waltenburg, MA (Waltenburg, Michelle A.); Victoroff, T (Victoroff, Tristan); Rose, CE (Rose, Charles E.); Butterfield, M (Butterfield, Marilee); Jervis, RH (Jervis, Rachel H.); Fedak, KM (Fedak, Kristen M.); Gabel, JA (Gabel, Julie A.); Feldpausch, A (Feldpausch, Amanda); Dunne, EM (Dunne, Eileen M.); Austin, C (Austin, Connie); Ahmed, FS (Ahmed, Farah S.); Tubach, S (Tubach, Sheri); Rhea, C (Rhea, Charles); Krueger, A (Krueger, Anna); Crum, DA (Crum, David A.); Vostok, J (Vostok, Johanna); Moore, MJ (Moore, Michael J.); Turabelidze, G (Turabelidze, George); Stover, D (Stover, Derry); Donahue, M (Donahue, Matthew); Edge, K (Edge, Karen); Gutierrez, B (Gutierrez, Bernadette); Kline, KE (Kline, Kelly E.); Martz, N (Martz, Nichole); Rajotte, JC (Rajotte, James C.); Julian, E (Julian, Ernest); Diedhiou, A (Diedhiou, Abdoulaye); Radcliffe, R (Radcliffe, Rachel); Clayton, JL (Clayton, Joshua L.); Ortbahn, D (Ortbahn, Dustin); Cummins, J (Cummins, Jason); Barbeau, B (Barbeau, Bree); Murphy, J (Murphy, Julia); Darby, B (Darby, Brandy); Graff, NR (Graff, Nicholas R.); Dostal, TKH (Dostal, Tia K. H.); Pray, IW (Pray, Ian W.); Tillman, C (Tillman, Courtney); Dittrich, MM (Dittrich, Michelle M.); Burns-Grant, G (Burns-Grant, Gail); Lee, S (Lee, Sooji); Spieckerman, A (Spieckerman, Alisa); Igbal, I (Igbal, ICashif); Griffing, SM (Griffing, Sean M.); Lawson, A (Lawson, Alicia); Mainzer, HM (Mainzer, Hugh M.); Bealle, AE (Bealle, Andreea E.); Edding, E (Edding, Erika); Arnold, KE (Arnold, Kathryn E.); Rodriguez, T (Rodriguez, Tomas); Merkle, S (Merkle, Sarah); Pettrone, K (Pettrone, Kristen); Schlanger, K (Schlanger, Karen); LaBar, K (LaBar, Kristin); Hendricks, K (Hendricks, Kate); Lasry, A (Lasry, Arielle); Krishnasamy, V (Krishnasamy, Vikram); Walke, HT (Walke, Henry T.); Rose, DA (Rose, Dale A.); Honein, MA (Honein, Margaret A.)

Group Author(s): COVID-19 Response Team

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Addresses: [Waltenburg, Michelle A.; Victoroff, Tristan; Rose, Charles E.; Dunne, Eileen M.; Donahue, Matthew; Pray, Ian W.; Dittrich, Michelle M.; Burns-Grant, Gail; Lee, Sooji; Spieckerman, Alisa; Iqbal, ICashif; Griffing, Sean M.; Lawson, Alicia; Mainzer, Hugh M.; Bealle, Andreea E.; Edding, Erika; Arnold, Kathryn E.; Rodriguez, Tomas; Merkle, Sarah; Pettrone, Kristen; Schlanger, Karen; LaBar, Kristin; Hendricks, Kate; Lasry, Arielle; Krishnasamy, Vikram; Walke, Henry T.; Rose, Dale A.; Honein, Margaret A.] CDC, COVID 19 Emergency Response, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA.

[Waltenburg, Michelle A.; Dunne, Eileen M.; Donahue, Matthew; Pray, Ian W.; Pettrone, Kristen] CDC, Epidem Intelligence Serv, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA.

[Butterfield, Marilee] Arizona Dept Hlth Serv, Phoenix, AZ 85007 USA.

[Jervis, Rachel H.; Fedak, Kristen M.] Colorado Dept Publ Hlth & Environm, Denver, CO USA.

[Gabel, Julie A.; Feldpausch, Amanda] Georgia Dept Publ Hlth, Atlanta, GA USA.

[Dunne, Eileen M.] Idaho Dept Hlth & Welf, Boise, ID USA.

[Austin, Connie] Illinois Dept Publ Hlth, Springfield, IL 62761 USA.

[Ahmed, Farah S.; Tubach, Sheri] Kansas Dept Hlth & Environm, Topeka, KS USA.

[Rhea, Charles] Kentucky Dept Publ Hlth, Frankfort, KY USA.

[Krueger, Anna] Maine Ctr Dis Control & Prevent, Augusta, ME USA. [Crum, David A.] Maryland Dept Hlth, Baltimore, MD USA. [Vostok, Johanna; Moore, Michael J.] Massachusetts Dept Publ Hlth, Boston, MA USA. [Turabelidze, George] Missouri Dept Hlth & Senior Serv, Jefferson City, MO USA. [Stover, Derry; Donahue, Matthew] Nebraska Dept Hlth & Human Serv, Lincoln, NE USA. [Edge, Karen; Gutierrez, Bernadette] New Mexico Dept Hlth, Hobbs, NM USA. [Kline, Kelly E.] Penn Dept Hlth, Harrisburg, PA 17108 USA. [Martz, Nichole] Penn Dept Agr, Harrisburg, PA USA. [Rajotte, James C.; Julian, Ernest] Rhode Isl Dept Hlth, Providence, RI 02908 USA. [Diedhiou, Abdoulaye; Radcliffe, Rachel] South Carolina Dept Hlth & Environm Control, Columbia, SC USA. [Clayton, Joshua L.; Ortbahn, Dustin] South Dakota Dept Hlth, Pierre, SD USA. [Cummins, Jason] Tennessee Dept Hlth, Nashville, TN USA. [Barbeau, Bree] Utah Dept Hlth, Salt Lake City, UT 84116 USA. [Murphy, Julia; Darby, Brandy] Virginia Dept Hlth, Richmond, VA USA. [Graff, Nicholas R.; Dostal, Tia K. H.] Washington State Dept Hlth, Tumwater, WA USA. [Pray, Ian W.] Wisconsin Dept Hlth Serv, Madison, WI USA. [Tillman, Courtney] Wyoming Dept Hlth, Evanston, IL USA.

Corresponding Address: Waltenburg, MA (corresponding author), CDC, COVID 19 Emergency Response, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA. Waltenburg, MA (corresponding author), CDC, Epidem Intelligence Serv, Atlanta, GA

Waltenburg, MA (corresponding author), CDC, Epidem Intelligence Serv, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA.

E-mail Addresses: mwaltenburg@cdc.gov

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ESI Hot Paper: N

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Record 47 of 50

Title: Understanding Antibody Testing for COVID-19

Author(s): Jacofsky, D (Jacofsky, David); Jacofsky, EM (Jacofsky, Emilia M.); Jacofsky, M (Jacofsky, Marc)

Source: JOURNAL OF ARTHROPLASTY Volume: 35 Issue: 7 Pages: S74-S81 DOI: 10.1016/j.arth.2020.04.055 Supplement: S Published: JUL 2020

Times Cited in Web of Science Core Collection: 116

Total Times Cited: 122

Abstract: The orthopedic community has seen the COVID-19 pandemic decimate elective surgical volumes in most geographies. Patients and essential workers, such as health care providers, remain rightfully concerned about how to appropriately begin to return to work and community activity in a safe and responsible manner. Many believe that testing for the presence of antibodies on a widespread scale could help drive evidence-based decision-making, both on an individual and societal scale. Much information, and an equal amount of misinformation, has been produced on antibody testing. Education about the role and science of such testing is critically important for programs to be effectively understood and managed. (C) 2020 Elsevier Inc. All rights

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Document Type: Article

Addresses: [Jacofsky, David] CORE Inst, Phoenix, AZ 85023 USA. [Jacofsky, Emilia M.] Astute Sci & Regulatory Strategies LLC, Glendale, AZ USA. [Jacofsky, Marc] Arizona State Univ, CORE Inst, Tempe, AZ USA. [Jacofsky, Marc] Arizona State Univ, Res & Educ MORE Fdn, Tempe, AZ USA. [Jacofsky, Marc] Arizona State Univ, Fac Bioengn, Tempe, AZ USA.

Corresponding Address: Jacofsky, D (corresponding author), CORE Inst, Phoenix, AZ 85023 USA.

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Record 48 of 50

Title: COVID-19 is expanding global consciousness and the sustainability of travel and tourism

Author(s): Galvani, A (Galvani, Adriana); Lew, AA (Lew, Alan A.); Perez, MS (Perez, Maria Sotelo)

Source: TOURISM GEOGRAPHIES Volume: 22 Issue: 3 Special Issue: SI Pages: 567-576 DOI: 10.1080/14616688.2020.1760924 Early Access Date: MAY 2020 Published: MAY 26 2020

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Total Times Cited: 114

Abstract: The sustainable development model has largely failed to address the social and environmental challenges of the 21(st) century. True sustainability will only occur when it is valued as a part of the taken-for-granted daily life of individuals and cultures across the globe. This has not yet happened because humanity has not evolved a global consciousness quickly enough to match the global advances in telecommunications and transportation technologies that have created a socially and economically ever-shrinking planet. Travel and tourism contributes to the expansion of global consciousness, although only in a haphazard and unintentional manner. The COVID-19 pandemic is a result of planetary time-space compression and is forcing an expansion in human consciousness that will make humankind better able to address global problems. There will still be considerable diversity on the planet, as now, but the pandemic will stimulate growing numbers of people, businesses and governments to adopt new ways of thinking, behaving and operating that are more closely aligned with the goals of sustainable development. This could be further enhanced if travel and tourism were to adopt the expansion and awakening of global conscious as a fundamental and transformational value in the products and experiences that it offers.

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Addresses: [Galvani, Adriana] Free Univ Mediterranea, Nola Naples, Italy. [Lew, Alan A.] No Arizona Univ, Flagstaff, AZ 86011 USA. [Perez, Maria Sotelo] Univ Rey Juan Carlos, Madrid, Spain.

Corresponding Address: Lew, AA (corresponding author), No Arizona Univ, Flagstaff, AZ 86011 USA.

E-mail Addresses: alan.lew@nau.edu

ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y

ESI Hot Paper: N

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Record 49 of 50

Title: Effectiveness of mRNA Covid-19 Vaccine among US Health Care Personnel

Author(s): Pilishvili, T (Pilishvili, T.); Gierke, R (Gierke, R.); Fleming-Dutra, KE (Fleming-Dutra, K. E.); Farrar, JL (Farrar, J. L.); Mohr, NM (Mohr, N. M.); Talan, DA (Talan, D. A.); Krishnadasan, A (Krishnadasan, A.); Harland, KK (Harland, K. K.); Smithline, HA (Smithline, H. A.); Hou, PC (Hou, P. C.); Lee, LC (Lee, L. C.); Lim, SC (Lim, S. C.); Moran, GJ (Moran, G. J.); Krebs, E (Krebs, E.); Steele, MT (Steele, M. T.); Beiser, DG (Beiser, D. G.); Faine, B (Faine, B.); Haran, JP (Haran, J. P.); Nandi, U (Nandi, U.); Schrading, WA (Schrading, W. A.); Chinnock, B (Chinnock, B.); Henning, DJ (Henning, D. J.); Lovecchio, F (Lovecchio, F.); Lee, J (Lee, J.); Barter, D (Barter, D.); Brackney, M (Brackney, M.); Fridkin, SK (Fridkin, S. K.); Marceaux-Galli, K (Marceaux-Galli, K.); Lim, S (Lim, S.); Phipps, EC (Phipps, E. C.); Dumyati, G (Dumyati, G.); Pierce, R (Pierce, R.); Markus, TM (Markus, T. M.); Anderson, DJ (Anderson, D. J.); Debes, AK (Debes, A. K.); Lin, MY (Lin, M. Y.); Mayer, J (Mayer, J.); Kwon, JH (Kwon, J. H.); Safdar, N (Safdar, N.); Fischer, M (Fischer, M.); Singleton, R (Singleton, R.); Chea, N (Chea, N.); Magill, SS (Magill, S. S.); Verani, JR (Verani, J. R.); Schrag, SJ (Schrag, S. J.)

Group Author(s): Vaccine Effectiveness Healthcare P

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Abstract: BACKGROUND

The prioritization of U.S. health care personnel for early receipt of messenger RNA (mRNA) vaccines against severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2), the virus that causes coronavirus disease 2019 (Covid-19), allowed for the evaluation of the effectiveness of these new vaccines in a real-world setting. METHODS

We conducted a test-negative case-control study involving health care personnel across 25 U.S. states. Cases were defined on the basis of a positive polymerase-chain-reaction (PCR) or antigen-based test for SARS-CoV-2 and at least one Covid-19-like symptom. Controls were defined on the basis of a negative PCR test for SARS-CoV-2, regardless of symptoms, and were matched to cases according to the week of the test date and site.

Using conditional logistic regression with adjustment for age, race and ethnic group, underlying conditions, and exposures to persons with Covid-19, we estimated vaccine effectiveness for partial vaccination (assessed 14 days after receipt of the first dose through 6 days after receipt of the second dose) and complete vaccination (assessed >= 7 days after receipt of the second dose).

RESULTS

The study included 1482 case participants and 3449 control participants. Vaccine effectiveness for partial vaccination was 77.6% (95% confidence interval [CI], 70.9 to 82.7) with the BNT162b2 vaccine (Pfizer-BioNTech) and 88.9% (95% CI, 78.7 to 94.2) with the mRNA-1273 vaccine (Moderna); for complete vaccination, vaccine effectiveness was 88.8% (95% CI, 84.6 to 91.8) and 96.3% (95% CI, 91.3 to 98.4), respectively. Vaccine effectiveness was similar in subgroups defined according to age (<50 years or >= 50 years), race and ethnic group, presence of underlying conditions, and level of patient contact. Estimates of vaccine effectiveness were lower during weeks 9 through 14 than during weeks 3 through 8 after receipt of the second dose, but confidence intervals overlapped widely.

CONCLUSIONS

The BNT162b2 and mRNA-1273 vaccines were highly effective under real-world conditions in preventing symptomatic Covid-19 in health care personnel, including those at risk for severe Covid-19 and those in racial and ethnic groups that have been disproportionately affected by the pandemic.

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Addresses: [Pilishvili, T.; Gierke, R.; Fleming-Dutra, K. E.; Farrar, J. L.; Fischer, M.; Chea, N.; Magill, S. S.; Verani, J. R.; Schrag, S. J.] Ctr Dis Control & Prevent, Covid 19 Response Team, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA. [Fridkin, S. K.] Georgia Emerging Infect Program, Atlanta, GA USA. [Fridkin, S. K.] Emory Univ, Sch Med, Atlanta, GA USA. [Mohr, N. M.; Talan, D. A.; Harland, K. K.; Faine, B.] Univ Iowa, Iowa City, IA USA. [Talan, D. A.; Krishnadasan, A.; Moran, G. J.] Olive View, Los Angeles, CA USA. [Talan, D. A.; Krishnadasan, A.; Moran, G. J.] Univ Calif Los Angeles, Ronald Reagan Med Ctr, Los Angeles, CA USA. [Chinnock, B.] Univ Calif San Francisco, Fresno, CA USA. [Lee, J.] Calif Emerging Infect Program, Oakland, CA USA. [Smithline, H. A.] Baystate Med Ctr, Springfield, MA USA. [Hou, P. C.] Brigham & Womens Hosp, 75 Francis St, Boston, MA 02115 USA. [Haran, J. P.] Univ Massachusetts, Med Ctr, Worcester, MA USA. [Lee, L. C.] Jackson Mem Hosp, Miami, FL 33136 USA. [Lim, S. C.] Louisiana State Univ, Univ Med Ctr, New Orleans, LA USA. [Krebs, E.] Thomas Jefferson Univ Hosp, Philadelphia, PA 19107 USA. [Steele, M. T.] Univ Missouri, Truman Med Ctr, Sch Med, Kansas City, MO USA. [Beiser, D. G.] Univ Chicago, Chicago, IL 60637 USA. [Lin, M. Y.] Rush Univ, Med Ctr, Dept Med, Chicago, IL 60612 USA. [Nandi, U.] Univ Mississippi, Med Ctr, Jackson, MS 39216 USA. [Schrading, W. A.] Univ Alabama Birmingham, Birmingham, AL USA. [Henning, D. J.] Univ Washington, Seattle, WA 98195 USA. [Lovecchio, F.] Arizona State Univ, Valleywise HIth Med Ctr, Phoenix, AZ USA. [Barter, D.] Colorado Dept Publ Hlth & Environm, Denver, CO USA. [Brackney, M.] Connecticut Emerging Infect Program, New Haven, CT USA. [Brackney, M.] Yale Sch Publ Hlth, New Haven, CT USA. [Marceaux-Galli, K.] Maryland Dept Hlth, Baltimore, MD USA. [Debes, A. K.] Johns Hopkins Univ, Sch Med, Baltimore, MD USA. [Lim, S.] Minnesota Dept Hlth, Minnesota Emerging Infect Program, St Paul, MN USA.

[Phipps, E. C.] Univ New Mexico, Albuquerque, NM 87131 USA.

[Phipps, E. C.] New Mexico Emerging Infect Program, Santa Fe, NM USA.

[Dumyati, G.] Univ Rochester, Med Ctr, Rochester, MN USA.

[Dumyati, G.] New York State Rochester Emerging Infect Program, Rochester, MN USA.

[Pierce, R.] Oregon Hlth Author, Publ Hlth Div, Portland, OR USA.

[Markus, T. M.] Vanderbilt Univ, Med Ctr, Nashville, TN USA.

[Anderson, D. J.] Duke Univ, Duke Ctr Antimicrobial Stewardship & Infect Preve, Sch Med, Durham, NC USA.

[Mayer, J.] Univ Utah Vet Affairs Salt Lake City Hlth Care Sy, Salt Lake City, UT USA.

[Kwon, J. H.] Washington Univ, Div Infect Dis, Sch Med, St Louis, MO 63130 USA.

[Safdar, N.] Univ Wisconsin, Madison, WI 53706 USA.

[Safdar, N.] William S Middleton Mem Vet Adm Med Ctr, Madison, WI USA.

[Singleton, R.] Alaska Nat Tribal Hlth Consortium, Anchorage, AK USA.

Corresponding Address: Pilishvili, T (corresponding author), Ctr Dis Control & Prevent, Covid 19 Response Team, Atlanta, GA 30333 USA.

E-mail Addresses: tdp4@cdc.gov

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Author(s): Thakur, N (Thakur, Neeta); Lovinsky-Desir, S (Lovinsky-Desir, Stephanie); Bime, C (Bime, Christian); Wisnivesky, JP (Wisnivesky, Juan P.); Celedon, JC (Celedon, Juan C.)

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Addresses: [Thakur, Neeta] Univ Calif San Francisco, Dept Med, 500 Parnassus Ave,Box 0841, San Francisco, CA 94143 USA.

[Lovinsky-Desir, Stephanie] Columbia Univ, Dept Pediat, New York, NY 10027 USA. [Bime, Christian] Univ Arizona, Dept Med, Tucson, AZ USA.

[Wisnivesky, Juan P.] Icahn Sch Med Mt Sinai, Dept Med, New York, NY 10029 USA. [Celedon, Juan C.] Univ Pittsburgh, Dept Pediat, Pittsburgh, PA 15260 USA. [Celedon, Juan C.] Univ Pittsburgh, Dept Med, Pittsburgh, PA USA.

Corresponding Address: Thakur, N (corresponding author), Univ Calif San Francisco,

Dept Med, 500 Parnassus Ave,Box 0841, San Francisco, CA 94143 USA. E-mail Addresses: neeta.thakur@ucsf.edu ESI Highly Cited Paper: Y ESI Hot Paper: N

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